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NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1870.

PRICE FOUR CENTS.

TELEGRAMS.

Investigation of the Massacre by Greek Robbers.

The Last of the Murderous Band Captured.

Reduction of the Public Debt by Over Fourteen Millions.

Platform of the Ohio Democratic State Convention.

Fenians and the Troops in Collision.

EUROPE.

The Greek Massacre—Capture of the Last of the Murderous Brigands—The French Minister at Washington.

LONDON, June 1.—Dispatches from Athens state that the investigation into the late massacre is progressing. The Court of Inquiry is in session every day. Ex-Prime Minister SONTZOS has been summoned before the Court and subjected to a rigid examination as to his own course, and the action of the Government before and after the tragedy. The testimony has not been made public. The last surviving member of the band of brigands, who perpetrated the slaughter has been captured.

PARIS, June 1.—It is reported that M. BERTHEMY has been transferred from Washington to Brussels, and that M. PREVOST-PARADOL has been appointed his successor as Ambassador of France to the United States.

The French Conspirators—Only Twelve to be Tried—Betrothal of the Prince Imperial.

PARIS, June 1.—NAPOLEON, on his return from Chalons in July, it is said, will go to Munich....The *Gazette des Tribunaux* says officially that only twelve among the prisoners arrested for complicity in the regicide plot will be brought before the High Court. The others will be discharged. The American and English residents of Tours have forwarded their congratulations to the Emperor on his escape from the plot of assassins. The Emperor has returned his thanks for their consideration ....It is reported that the Prince Imperial will soon be affianced.

Heavy Purchases of United States Bonds in Paris.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

PARIS, June 1.—Within the last few days heavy purchases in United States bonds have been made for cash by the first banking-houses of Paris. The purchases were effected at the rate of from 101 to 101¼ for the six per cents. It is evident that these houses are acting on private information received from Washington.

Mr. Disraeli's Health—Death of the Bishop of Southwark—Southern Cotton.

LONDON, June 1.—Mr. DISRAELI has recovered from his illness, and dined last evening with Mr. MOTLEY, the American Minister. Hon. JOHN JAY, Minister of the United States to Austria, is still in this city. He visited the Foreign Office today. Right Rev. THOMAS GRANT, Roman Catholic Bishop of Southwark, is dead. The London *Shipping & Mercantile Gazette* thinks the Southern States are planting too much cotton and too little grain, and apprehends bad results. Mr. MAHEW has been elected to Parliament from East Suffolk, defeating Sir SHAFTO ADAIR, the Liberal candidate.

Brazilian Sugar and Cotton—A Sculling Match—Death of an Author—Italian Refugees Entering Lombardy—Bismarck.

LONDON, June 1.—The mail steamer, which has just arrived at Lisbon from Rio Janeiro, brings advices that the sugar and cotton crops of Brazil promise to be excellent....The sculling match between KELLY and SADLER has been fixed for July 14, at Newcastle. The stakes (£200 each) have already been deposited. The start will be made an hour before high water ....CYRUS REDDING, the author, died today, aged eighty-five years....The weather is somewhat unsettled today.

BERLIN, June 1.—Count VON BISMARCK is at Ems, in Nassau, in company with King WILLIAM....The elections for Deputies in the North German Parliament will be held about the middle of September, and those for members of the Prussian Diet as soon afterward as may be.

GENEVA, June 1.—A large number of Italian refugees have collected on the border. The Swiss Government has taken active measures to prevent their departure. Notwithstanding this a few succeeded in eluding the authorities near Como and entered Lombardy. Troops were immediately dispatched in pursuit.

The agents of MAZZINI are very active in the neighborhood of Genoa. There is reason to believe that a seditious movement of considerable extent is on foot, and the Government is taking all needful precautions.

Religious Bigotry in Turkey—Massacre of Jews by Christians.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 1.—A horrible massacre of Jews by Christians in the Turkish Province of Roumania, in Southern Europe, is reported. The Christians, on Sunday last, by concerted action, fell upon the Jews in all the principal towns, it is said, and thousands of the latter, of all ages, and of both sexes, were butchered without mercy.

The Steuben Monument—Laying the Corner-Stone—Imposing Ceremonies at Steuben.

UTICA, N. Y., June 1.—The people of the towns of Steuben, Remsen and vicinity, with a large delegation from Utica, accompanied by the Citizens' Corps and the Leiderkranz from New-York, united today in doing homage to the memory of Baron STEUBEN, whose remains rest in the town bearing his name. The occasion was the laying of the corner-stone of a monument to be erected over his grave by the Steuben Schuetzen, of New-York City, who have made additions to the State funds for that purpose. The procession was about two miles long. The number who witnessed the ceremonies was about 5,000. The assemblage was called to order by Gov. SEYMOUR. On motion of Hon. WILLIAM LEWIS, of Steuben, seconded by Hon. JAMES ROBERTS, of Remsen, Hon. HORATIO SEYMOUR was called to the chair. A prayer was made in Welsh by Dr. ROBERT EVERETT, the aged pastor of the Welsh Congregational Church in Steuben. A speech was then made by SIXTUS CARL KAPFF, of New-York, giving a history of the movement to erect a monument to the memory of STEUBEN. Mr. D. M. CROWELL, of Rome, followed in a speech of welcome on behalf of the citizens of the town of Steuben.

Hon. HORATIO SEYMOUR then delivered the memorial address. He sketched the original burial of STEUBEN in accordance with his will, without ceremony, in an unfrequented spot. The cutting of a highway through that locality necessitated the removal of his remains to their present resting-place, where they are guarded by the Welsh Baptist Church, which receives therefor the use of the surrounding tracts. A love of nature, not hatred of man, made the Baron desire to mingle in solitude with the domain given him by the State of New-York. Our State has contributed to the proposed monument, but the work is properly left to the hands of his countrymen. After a brief historical glance at the services of the Baron, Gov. SEYMOUR proceeded to lay the corner-stone of the monument.

Gen. SIGEL made a stirring speech in German, and Dr. AVERY, of Hamilton College, in behalf of that institution, acknowledged benefactions from Baron STEUBEN.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

Enormous Reduction in May—Statement of June 1.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 1.—The debt statement just issued shows a reduction during May of $14,301,962.

The amount of coin in the Treasury is	$106,789,731 00
Currency in the Treasury	14,243,816 00

The following is a recapitulation of the statement:

Debt Bearing Coin Interest.	
Five per cent. bonds	$221,589,300 00
Six per cent. bonds	1,886,353,900 00
Total	$2,107,943,200 00
Interest	42,001,451 14
Debt Bearing Currency Interest.	
Three per cent. certificates	$45,540,000 00
Navy pension fund, three per cent	14,000,000 00
Total	$59,540,000 00
Interest	426,193 71
Debt on which interest has ceased since maturity	3,721,317 35
Interest	481,030 68
Debt Bearing No Interest.	
Demand and legal-tender notes	$356,107,221 00
Fractional currency	39,508,057 39
Certificates of gold deposited	35,395,800 00
Total	$431,011,078 39
Total amount outstanding	2,602,215,595 74
Interest	42,908,675 53
Total debt, principal and interest to date, including the interest due and unpaid	$2,645,124,271 27
Amount in the Treasury.	
Coin	$106,789,731 85
Currency	14,243,816 87
Sinking fund in United States coin, interest bonds and accrued interest thereon	35,463,228 50
Other United States coin, interest bonds purchased, and accrued interest thereon	82,065,122 27
Total	$238,561,899 49
Debt less amount in the Treasury	2,406,562,371 78
Debt less amount in the Treasury on the 1st u timo	2,420,864,334 35
Decrease of debt during the past month	14,301,962 57
Decrease of debt since March 1, 1870	31,766,105 39

OHIO DEMOCRATS IN COUNCIL.

State Convention at Columbus—The Ticket Nominated—A Formidable Platform.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 1.—The Democratic State Convention met in the Opera-house, at 11 o'clock this forenoon. Hon. L. D. CAMPBELL was elected permanent Chairman. The following nominations were made:

For Secretary of State, WM. HEISLEY, of Cleveland; Supreme Judge, R. A. HARRISON, London; Controller of the Treasury, JOHN H. HEATON, Belmont; Member of the Board of Public Works, WM. SPENCER, of Licking.

Gen. GEO. W. ANDREWS, of Auglaize County, Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, submitted the following platform of principles:

The Democrats of Ohio coming together in a spirit of devotion to the doctrine and faith of a free representative Government, and relying for success upon the discretion and intelligence of the people, deem the present Convention a fit occasion to re-assert the following time-honored principles of the Democratic Party: That the Federal Government is one of limited power, derived solely from the Constitution; that the grants of power made therein ought to be strictly construed by all dependents and agents of the Government, and that it is inexpedient and dangerous to exercise a doubtful power; that the Constitution is founded on the fundamental principles of entire and absolute equality of all the States of the Union; that it is not competent for Congress to impose upon them any conditions or restrictions in respect to the internal concern which the Federal Constitution has not imposed; that the liberal principles embodied by JEFFERSON in the Declaration of Independence and sanctioned in the Constitution, which make ours the land of liberty and the asylum for the oppressed of every nation, have ever been the cardinal principles of Democratic faith, and every attempt to abridge the privileges of becoming citizens and owners of the soil among us ought to be restricted with the same spirit which swept alien and seditious laws from our statute books; and, in order that we may more distinctly declare our views of the measures and policy of the president Administration,

Resolved, That we denounce the present tariff, as well as the substitute lately introduced in the House of Representatives from the Committee on Ways and Means, as a gigantic robbery of the labor and industry of the country; that they are solely designed to advance the interest of a few thousand monopolies, and that this should no longer be submitted to; that no candidate for Congress, nor for any other office, is worthy of support who is not in favor of a low tariff which closely approximates to a free trade; that in the arrangement of any revenue tariff, all the necessaries of life should be absolutely free of duty.

Resolved, That the internal revenue system of the United States is unbearable in its oppressive exaction; that it should be immediately remodeled; that its anncyances of stamps, licenses, tax upon sales and incomes should be abolished; that taxes should be collected by State and county officers, and that the multiplication of officers is unnecessary, except to eat out the resources of tax-payers, and that we pledge ourselves to effect thorough reform in this particular.

Resolved, That we denounce the profligacy in the present administration of the Federal Government, the corruption which has entered all its official stations, the favoritism which, overlooking fitness for office, has appointed to positions of public trust friends or tools of those who control the public patronage, and the imbecility which directs the destinies of the Republic without apparent purpose and manages its affairs with such embarrassment and disaster to the national interest. And we also denounce its disregard of the rights of its citizens abroad.

Resolved, That land monopolies is one of the greatest evils of our country, and against the spirit of our institutions; that the whole of the public lands ought to be held as a sacred trust to secure homes for actual settlers. We, therefore, denounce the recent action of Congress making grants to mammoth railroad corporations which are already too powerful, and may become dangerous to a free people.

Resolved, That we regard the act recently passed by Congress to enforce the Fifteenth Amendment as unconstitutional, unjust and oppressive, an invasion of the rights of the States, subversive of the best interests of the people, and, therefore, denounce it as unconstitutional, and should be repealed.

Resolved, That the power of the Federal Government to assess and collect taxes on the bonds of the United States is clear and unquestioned, and we demand of Congress that a rate of taxation equal to the fair average amount levied in each State, on money loaned, shall be assessed and collected from all investments in bonds.

Resolved, That we are opposed to the system of national banks, and demand a repeal of the law creating them, and that in the place of the notes of such banks Treasury notes of the United States shall be substituted.

Resolved, That the Democrats of Ohio sympathize with the efforts of all people struggling for self-government, and denounce the truckling of the Federal Administration to Great Britain and Spain, and the efforts of the party in power to reduce whole States in our Union to a condition of vassalage to the General Government.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Democrats of Ohio are extended to our Senator, ALLEN G. THURMAN, and our Democratic Representatives in Congress, who, though in a small minority, have bravely contended for Democratic principles and the interests of the people.

That upon the foregoing platform we cordially invite all electors of Ohio, without regard to past differences, to vote for the ticket this day nominated.

The resolutions were adopted, after which Mr. HEISLEY made a short speech, and the Convention adjourned.

Ohio State Temperance Convention.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 1.—About forty persons were present at the State Temperance Convention today. The following nominations were made: For Secretary of State, JAY ODELL, of Cleveland; for Supreme Judge, GIDEON T. STEWART, of Huron County; Controller, THOMAS EDMUNDSON, of Clark County.

An Oil Train Afire in Ohio—Two Bridges Burned by the Train.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 1.—An oil train on the Atlantic and Great Western Railway took fire this morning while approaching the city. The flames communicated to the railroad bridges over the Cuyahoga River and Ohio Canal and destroyed them. A frame building occupied by the Kritch & Crane Manufacturing Company as a machine shop was damaged to the amount of $20,000; probably covered by insurance. The loss of the Railroad Company is not yet ascertained. The insurance on KRITCH & CRANE'S building, which was burned this morning, is as follows: In the Williamsburg, Lafayette and the United States offices, each $650; the Lorillard and Continental, each $450; Washington, $575; Sun, State and German, of Cleveland, each $13; Home, of New-Haven, $2,450; Providence, of Washington, $1,225; Metropolitan, $2,000; Fireman's Fund, of San Francisco, $3,000.

CLEVELAND, June 1—Evening.—The loss is now estimated at from $50,000 to $100,000, in addition to the loss already reported. Sixteen tank cars, containing 145 barrels of oil and six empty freight cars, were destroyed. Most of the oil was owned by Messrs. HUSSEY, PAINE & CO. There was no insurance on the railroad property or oil.

THE NORTHERN FRONTIER.

Gen. Donnelly Committed in Default of Bail—The Body of Rowe—Ammunition Seized—Arrest and Commitment of Gen. Starr at Buffalo.

ST. ALBANS, Vt., June 1.—Gen. DONNELLY was today brought before United States Commissioner B. B. SMALLEY, of Burlington. He waived an examination, and in default of $10,000 bail was ordered to be committed in this place. Owing to his wound it was not deemed prudent to confine him in jail, and he now remains at the Weldon House in charge of Deputy Marshal J. M. SMALLEY. The following is the reply which Deputy Marshal SMALLEY received when he asked permission, in behalf of ROWE'S friends, to remove his body:

CAMP ECCLES' HILL, May 31, 1870.

Sir: I have great pleasure in acceding to your request to permit the friends of the Fenian ROWE to remove his body, now buried in our lines.

Yours, obediently, W. OSBORNE SMITH,
Lieutenant-Colonel, D. A. G. Mil., Canada, commanding field force on Southern frontier.

J. M. SMALLEY, Deputy Marshal, Vermont.

United States Marshall FOSTER and his deputies found in Franklin over six tons of ammunitions left by the Fenians, 136 boxes of which had not been opened, and six wagon loads were brought here today and placed under a guard of the United States troops. The destination of the company of United States troops that left here this morning was Fort Preble, Portland Harbor.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 1.—Gen. STARR was arrested at his hotel here this afternoon by a Deputy United States Marshal and taken before United States Commissioner GORHAM, and in default of $10,000 bail was committed to jail. Bail will be tendered in the morning. The Irishmen of this city are very indignant at the hurried manner in which the arrest was made, and bitterly denounce the Deputy Marshal as being governed by the mercenary motive of obtaining heavy fees in running the prisoner to Canandaigua.

Three hundred Fenians from Malone passed through here this evening en route for New-York. Their transportation was ordered by Gov. HOFFMAN, of New-York, who also ordered meat and bread for them at this point.

Collision Between United States Troops and Fenians.

UTICA, N. Y., June 1.—A special dispatch to the *Morning Herald*, dated at Rome, 7½ o'clock this evening, says: "There has just been a collision at Williamstown, north of Rome, between the Fenians and the United States troops. The troops fired on the Fenians and drove them into the cars, wounding several of them."

More Secret History—How Well the Movement was Planned.

Our special correspondent at Ogdensburg, in a letter giving some important additional secret history of the recent Fenian raid, says:

I wrote you in March in relation to this affair. At that time O'NEIL was here getting his arms and equipments to the front, but no one outside of the Fenian organization took stock in the rumors then in circulation. He told the Brotherhood here that he wanted no men to fight from this county, but at the proper time he wanted them to furnish transportation, which they agreed to do, and they performed their agreement well. This thing, though now ended for all time in a great failure, was well planned, but most miserably executed. The intention was not to fight at either Richard's Farm or Trout River. Both were intended as feints. The plan was to get across the line at both places and entrench. They intended to have the line close behind, and hoped to be able to draw the whole available Canadian forces—volunteers and regulars—to their front. For this purpose every railroad in Canada was left intact. Had everything worked well up to this point, another force, by steamer and rail and every mode of conveyance, would have come to Ogdensburg, crossed the St. Lawrence, seized the Ottawa Railroad, and started for that city. With the crossing of the St. Lawrence the railroads would have been torn up all over the Dominion. Ten men, on Monday, Tuesday or Wednesday night, could have crossed the river, both above and below Prescott, and cut the Grand Trunk, so that a single soldier could not have passed up or down, without the least danger of arrest or bodily injury. Up to Tuesday night last no one here but the Fenians suspected a raid that day; they received their orders, and before midnight 200 teams were moving down the river. They had in this section and in Vermont arms enough for 30,000 men. There is now secreted somewhere in this direction a splendid battery of six guns. About 5,000 stand of arms have been seized near Fort Covington. The result again shows that "The best made plans of mice and men gang aft aglee." It requires some stamina to be an Irishman on this frontier now. It has been a worse crime for them to fail than it was to embark on their unlawful mission. Had the plan been successfully executed this whole people would have been completely demoralized and oblivious to the obligations of good citizens, and shouted "Go it, Fenians!" As long as there was any prospect of a good snug fight we kept drifting away from our duties.

THE PRESBYTERIANS.

Reply of the Southern Assembly to the Overtures of the Northern Church—The Former the Only Heir of True Testimony.

PHILADELPHIA, June 1.—The morning session of the Presbyterian General Assembly was occupied with the consideration of reports from various committees. The delegation appointed by this Assembly to visit the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, lately in session at Louisville, presented a report and communication from the Southern Assembly in reply to overtures of this body. The delegation had been sent to procure mutual friendly correspondence. The communication from the Southern Church states that that Church does not approve of union with the Northern Church, because it is a total surrender of all fundamental doctrines to embrace all shades of belief. The Southern Church is the only surviving heir of true, unfailing testimonies, and there are impassable barriers to official intercourse between the two Churches. The delegation bringing the communication also submitted their own report, showing what action had been taken at Louisville. Several of the representatives then present made speeches, showing what the spirit of the Southern Assembly had been. It was thought that the opinion of that Assembly was not the opinion of the Southern Churches. The report was received and the Committee was discharged. The report of the Committee on Theological Seminaries was presented and received. The action of the Board of Trustees of Princeton Seminary in increasing the salaries of Professors to $3,000, was approved. The election of trustees for various institutions was made the order for next Friday afternoon.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

PHILADELPHIA, June 1.—Gen. E. M. GREGORY offered a report of the Committee on Freedmen showing the total funds during the year to have been $52,907 22, the balance May 1, 1870, being $3,878 12. The statistics were listened to with interest. The report of the Finance Committee was then considered, and it was, on motion of Dr. BENTLY, divided so that so much of it as relates to Missionary Boards shall be referred to a select Committee of twenty-one, to report to the next General Assembly on the mode of carrying out the suggestion agreed on by the Committee. Sundry amendments were made to other portions of the report, but without disposing of the entire subject, the Assembly adjourned.

Meeting of the Western Associated Press—Election of Directors.

LOUISVILLE, June 1.—The annual meeting of the Western Associated Press was held in this city today, with a good attendance from all cities. The meeting was principally devoted to business which would not interest the public. The report of the General Agent was read, showing a highly satisfactory state of affairs, and a marked improvement in the character of news, and the existence of harmonious relations with the Western Union Telegraph Company and the New-York Associated Press. The following officers and Board of Directors were elected:

President—H. N. WALKER, of the Detroit *Free Press*. Secretary—H. E. Baker, of the Detroit *Tribune*. Directors—Joseph Medill, of the Chicago *Tribune*; Richard Smith, of the Cincinnati *Gazette*; H. N. Haldeman, of the Louisville *Courier-Journal*; W. D. Bickham, of the Dayton *Journal*; A. J. Aikens, of the Milwaukee *Wisconsin*; and D. M. Houser, of the St. Louis *Democrat*.

The question of the removal of the office to Cleveland was referred to the Board of Directors. There were in attendance on the evening session of the Association ERASTUS BROOKS, of the New-York *Express*, and J. C. HUESTON, Acting General Agent, representing the New-York Associated Press, and also JOHN RUSSELL YOUNG, of the New-York *Standard*, and Mr. WELLS, of the Philadelphia *Bulletin*, representing the American Press Association; also Gen. ANSON STAGER, General Superintendent of the Western Union Telegraph, and delegations from the Nashville and Memphis Press. The Board met and reorganized by the election of Mr. HOUSER as Vice-President, and JOSEPH MEDILL, RICHARD SMITH, and W. N. HALDEMAN as the Executive Committee.

RAILROAD SLAUGHTER.

Terrible Accident on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.

Three Persons Killed—Ten Seriously Injured.

Another terrible calamity occurred yesterday morning on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, near Paterson, by which a large number of workmen were seriously injured and three were instantly killed. A new bridge is being constructed over the Passaic River, near Rutherford Park. At seven o'clock yesterday morning a construction car, heavily loaded with timbers, left Paterson with twenty-five mechanics who were on their way to the bridge to their daily labor. The grade is downward and the car was run, as has been the custom, without a locomotive, one brakeman having charge of the train. The car approached the slight curve at the end of the trestle-work which carries the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western track over that of the Newark and New-York Railroad, when the chain broke which held the brake. At a tremendous pace the car dashed forward and jumped the track when part way round the curve. For an instant it bounded along on the ties and then fell off the trestle-work twenty feet to the ground below. The car was a complete wreck, the timbers falling in every imaginable position upon the unfortunate men who were upon the car. Those who were unhurt, and they were few, began immediately to pull their comrades out of their terrible situation. The brakeman, JOSEPH MCLEAN, a resident of Marshal-street, Paterson, and two others, had jumped from the car when they saw that an accident was inevitable, after the chain had broken, and they were immediately on the spot to assist in rescuing their fellows. The first lifeless body drawn from the pile was that of JAMES CAMPBELL, a native of Carbondale, Penn., a carpenter by occupation, who had been sitting on the front end of the car when it fell off the trestle-work. His skull was crushed in, and it is presumed that his death was instantaneous. An Italian, COLLI by name, was also nearly lifeless, and died a few minutes after he was taken out. JOHN THOMAS, another native of Carbondale, fell under a timber, which struck him in the breast. He was still alive when taken out, but died at the hospital about half an hour afterward. CHARLES BLAKELY, a resident of Ward-street, Paterson, was injured internally and had one leg broken. ISAAC KETCHUM, a resident of New-York City, was cut upon his face, and otherwise seriously injured. WM. FRETTINGE, a German, was cut and bruised upon different parts of his body. His injuries, it is feared, are fatal. MARTIN DOOLEY, a resident of Grand-street, Paterson, was badly bruised upon his body, arms and face. PATRICK COYLE was cut in several places and had his nose broken. JAS. SAILOR, another Paterson carpenter, was thrown through the air as the car plunged off the trestle-work and was seriously hurt, having fallen upon a piece of timber. His injuries, however, are not considered fatal. JOHN STAHL had his leg broken. JAS. TIFFANY had his teeth knocked out and was also wounded upon the shoulder. WM. POPE received a compound fracture of the left leg.

The wounded men were all removed to St. Joseph's Hospital, where they were cared for by the Sisters of Charity. When the accident first occurred, one of the men who escaped without injury, went for medical assistance, and Drs. BALLERAY, WARNER and LEAL were within a short time on hand to dress the wounds of the injured. The sufferers were well cared for at the hospital, and the residents of Paterson, hundreds of whom came to see the wounded, commenced at once to raise a subscription for their relief.

The injured men were mostly men without families, but a few there were whose homes were distant who have large families dependent on them for support. CAMPBELL, who was first killed, was a single man about forty years of age. His funeral will take place to-morrow.

At the Coroner's inquest held last evening the jury returned the following verdict:

"We find that AGAR CAMPBELL came to his death accidentally by a car jumping the track on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, and that no blame is attached to said Company by reason of said accident."

The following are the names of the killed and wounded: Agar Campbell, killed; Chas. Costi, killed; Wm. Horning, Chas. Blakeney, Martin Dooley, Jacob Thomas, John Skelley, Isaac Ketchum, Patrick Coyle, R. H. Potter, C. M. Ferry, John Steele, T. S. Tiffany, Jr., and Wm. Pope. Of the latter, HORNING and BLAKENEY cannot recover; the others will be maimed for life.

A Man Convicted of Killing His Brother.

GEORGE BARRETT was convicted at Janesville, Wis., on the 28th ult., of killing his brother, OLIVER BARRETT, by stabbing him to the heart with a butcher-knife. It was the second trial of the case, the jury having failed to agree on the first, and the verdict was murder in the first degree. The crime was committed at Magnolia Corners, near Janesville, on Sunday, March 29, 1868, and the circumstances connected with it a correspondent of the Milwaukee *Sentinel* relates as follows:

"For some time previous the families of the two brothers, living in the same house, had had more or less trouble, the women especially disagreeing and quarreling oftentimes. In these quarrels the brothers often took sides, and sharp words ensued, and sometimes threats. There was an outside cellar-way, which both families used as a means of access to the cellar. Upon the quarrel growing fierce, the brothers, with a view to save trouble, constructed a partition of of boards in the hatchway two boards high, so that each could go and come on their own side of the partition, though the partition did not reach the bottom of the stairs, but extended from the ground directly to the side of the house. One family wanted the cellar door kept open, and the other wanted it closed. With a view of obviating the difficulty, GEORGE put a slat door in the cellar-way, to admit air and keep cats, &c., out. This he did on Friday, the 27th. On Sunday morning, the 29th, OLIVER took his ax, went into the hatchway, and removed the slat door. GEORGE, according to his account, had at that time a butcher-knife in his hand, whittling some kindling, but, hearing the noise in the cellar-way, ran out, still holding the knife in his hand, to see what the noise was. Arriving at the hatchway he saw OLIVER coming up on his own side of the partition, and GEORGE at the same time started into the hatchway. Having gone two or three steps he says, he saw OLIVER moving, and, upon looking up, saw the ax which OLIVER had coming down on his head; he dodged under the boards and escaped the blow; OLIVER drew the ax and struck again, and as the second blow was descending he struck at OLIVER'S arm with the knife, intending to hit and disable it, but missing the arm hit OLIVER in the side; OLIVER dropped the ax and ran about one hundred feet and expired.

Mrs. LYDIA BARRETT, OLIVER'S wife, who saw the killing, says that GEORGE ran round the house into the hatchway and under the boards, without halting, and OLIVER seeing him coming raised the ax, and as he had the ax raised GEORGE plunged the knife into his heart.

On the former trial the defendant set up self-defense. On this trial at the opening the plea of insanity was added to that of justifiable homicide. The insanity plea was very early in the trial abandoned as being untenable, there being very little proof to sustain it. At the announcement of the verdict the prisoner and his friends were completely overwhelmed. His wife and sister had to be helped out of theo Curt-room. Before starting for the jail the prisoner knelt in the Court-room and made a very fervent and touching prayer. Sentence was suspended for a few days to allow his counsel to argue motion for a new trial."

New-Jersey Episcopal Convention.

The New-Jersey State Diocesan Convention of the Episcopal Church continued its session in Newark yesterday. The eleventh annual charge of Bishop ODENHEIMER was delivered, in which he complimented the clergy for their earnestness, and attributed the progress of religion in the State during the year to their untiring efforts. During the charge the Bishop paid feeling tributes to the memory of the deceased clergymen, Rev. Dr. W. H. REES, Rev. CLARKSON DUNN and Rev. WILLIAM HAMMERMAN, who died since their last Convention. Eulogistic reference was made to the memory of the deceased Bishops CHASE, of New-Hampshire, and JACKSON KEMPER, of Wisconsin.

Dr. GARRISON, of Camden, made a very cogent argument in favor of minority representation, and concluded by introducing the following canon, which was supported by the Bishop, and accepted, after warm but temperate discussion:

In all elections by ballot each voter shall be entitled to as many votes as there are persons to be elected, which votes may be cast all for one name; or may divide them among any number not exceeding the whole number to be voted for, and any ticket having such excess shall be rejected. There shall be a nomination to the Convention at least three hours previous to any election by ballot, of all persons for whom it is proposed to vote, and no vote shall be counted for any name not so nominated.

WILLIAM B. MOTT was chosen Trustee of the General Theological Seminary, to fill a vacancy.

SPAIN.

Affairs in the Cortes—Ardanez and His Attacks on Prim—Prim's Definition of His Position—Promise of the Future.

From Our Own Correspondent.

MADRID, Wednesday, May 11, 1870.

The event of the day which has the privilege of forming the topic of all conversations in our political world is the discourse pronounced by Gen. PRIM in the Cortes, in reply to the attacks of M. ARDANEZ, Ex-Minister of Finance. This discussion is too important not to be transmitted to you *in extenso*. The political situation and the finances are treated very clearly, and your readers will find that the former appreciations of your correspondent were entirely just. Here is the speech of M. ARDANEZ:

SPEECH OF M. ARDANEZ.

GENTLEMEN: The Budget of expenses now under discussion is, with some slight modifications, my work. You will not be astonished that I have kept silence until the present moment. I wished to wait until the work of the Commission should be in action, as well as that of the present Minister, before speaking. I respect the capacity, the efforts and the good intentions of the Minister of Finance. Although the path he is following is an erroneous one, I will not open a discussion with him. My only aim is to make known to the Cortes what I accomplished while in the Ministry. The country will judge the present Minister and myself. Upon entering the Finance Department I understood that it was my duty to develop all the principles of the revolution in the matter of economical reform, and at the same time to respect the honor of Spain in engagements already made. The situation of the Treasury was far from being fitted to meet these exigencies. The Budget of 1868-9 presented a considerable deficit. To meet this there remained in the Public Treasury only a million of its bonds. The former Administration had so abused their credit that they had issued bonds to the extent of more than twelve billions, the interest of which amounted to seven hundred and twenty millions annually. In presence of these official figures I could not think of throwing more Government stock into the public market, but on the contrary it was my aim to bring the Budget of expense to the level of the receipts—in any event to make a supreme effort to attain that result." [Here the orator enumerated the reductions he proposed in each Ministry.] "Look around you, gentlemen, and you will see that no country was ever so long in reconstituting itself. A long constituent period causes agriculture to languish, throws manufactures into marasmus, commerce dies. The municipalities, the county, the State, are all without money. Crime is on the increase. The country cannot continue thus; let the provisionary power be quickly brought to a close. If you do not make haste, to-morrow it will be too late. Today you can choose. Later, you will take, of necessity, the part which Providence lays out for you. The Deputies are divided; each group has its royal candidate. Let the Government present its solution if it has one; if it has not, I hope at least that it will explain to the nation plainly the extreme gravity of the situation and give its opinion as to the remedy to be employed. The country calls loudly for a reconstitution. If the Government does not do what it is asked, let it at least give its reasons. I have confidence that before separating the constituent Deputies will 'crown the edifice.'"

The Chamber was deeply impressed by this speech, and the President of the Council, Gen. PRIM, leaving aside the financial question to be treated by M. FIGUEROLA, gave his attention to the political question. Here are his grave declarations:

GEN. PRIM'S REMARKS.

Since M. ARDANEZ has treated the most important question of the situation, I will reply to him. Who doubts, gentlemen, that the state of provisionary power is bad? No one—neither the country nor its statesmen; but every one knows the efforts I have made to find a solution. Must the fault be imputed to me if I have not been able to succeed? If the provisional power should have fatal consequences, the responsibility could not be attributed to me. M. ARDANEZ assumes that the cause of the disorder in which we live is no other than the Provisionary Government. We are all anxious to go out of it. When? How? What solution will the Cortes decide upon? This is not the moment to announce it, but I must declare that it is necessary to find a solution before the Deputies separate in one or two months. Shall we be able to "crown the edifice" in conformity to the desires of M. ARDANEZ and his friends of the Liberal Union? I do not know. I do not say that it will be impossible. Will we be able to do it in conformity with the hopes of an important fraction of the Chamber which has taken a more decided position within a few days? It is not impossible, but I do not know whether this solution is realizable. What I do know, what I will speak out loud enough to be heard by all the world is this, that I will not oppose my own will against any solution which may be adopted, and those who misinterpret my prudent and reserved conduct by imputing to me ambitious views, are mistaken. I have no ambition. My only desire is, that the Deputies may find a solution, and I am ready to abandon the post I now occupy the moment I am no longer necessary. I will neither today nor at any future time sustain the flag of this or that candidate. Instead of putting myself at the head of the majority in order to direct it in this important question, I will give my adhesion to the majority, and will respect its decisions. My colleagues and myself do not wish to be beaten on the subject of the election of a monarch. Is that saying that we renounce the idea of a solution by the constitutional monarchists? Does this mean that we renounce the idea of a King? Certainly not! This question ought not to be treated without being presented seriously and according to parliamentary customs. This moment will soon arrive; let M. ARDANEZ and his friends be calm. The Deputies will not separate within a month or two without having found a solution. May it please God that we succeed in bringing about the happiness of our country."

The session was then suspended. The agitation was very great and animated conversations were heard throughout the hall. The Republican Deputies formed a group apart and discussed PRIM'S speech with great vivacity.

Obituary.

The death of Mr. CYRUS REDDING is announced by telegraph. He was a native of Penryn, Cornwall, England, born in 1785. In 1806 he removed to London, and from that time until 1815 he was a contributor to a number of publications. From 1815 to 1818 he edited *Gallignani's Messenger*. In 1820 he became coeditor with CAMPBELL, of COLBURNE'S *New Magazine*, and gave a pleasing sketch of the author of *The Pleasures of Hope* in that periodical. He established several papers. Among his works are *Gabrielle, &c., Poems*, published in 1829; *History of Wines* and, *Shipwrecks and Disasters at Sea*, in 1833; *Velasco; or, The Memoirs of a Page*, in 1846; *Abstract of Evidence on the Wine Duty; Keeping up Appearances: a Novel of English Life; Yesterday and Today; Pandurang Hari*, an Eastern story.

Fire Department Changes.

The Board of Fire Commissioners have announced the following appointments:

JOSEPH L. PERLEY, Chief-Engineer, as head of the First Bureau.

WILLIAM LAMB, Inspector of Fire Apparatus, as head of the Second Bureau.

HENRY CLOSE, Superintendent of the Repair-yard.

ROBERT V. MACKIE, who has been acting as Inspector-General, was returned to fire duty as a District Engineer.

Of the new appointments Chief PERLEY is a Republican, and has held the position to which he has been appointed since it was made vacant in January last by the resignation of Chief KINGSLAND. Messrs. LAMB and CLOSE are Democrats, who were prominent in the old Department, but are now connected with the new for the first time.

HONORA KRAMER, a German woman, aged sixty-five years, at a late hour last night fell out of a third story window of No. 217 West Nineteenth street, and received injuries which proved fatal at an early hour this morning.

DERBY DAY.

All London on the Downs to Witness the Great Sport.

Three Hundred Thousand People in all Present.

THE RESULT A SURPRISE TO EVERYBODY.

Kingcraft the Easy Winner by Four Lengths.

The Favorite at the Start Fourth at the Close.

LONDON, June 1—3 P. M.—From an early hour this morning London has been in a state of commotion and excitement, and country visitors might well ask what all the "fuss" was about. Those better posted, however, were aware that the Derby Day—that one day in the whole year on which business is partially suspended, and when the law Courts and the Houses of Parliament hold no sitting—had arrived. This accounted for the continuous and never-ending stream of carriages which poured out of London by all the roads leading south and toward Epsom Downs. On and around Clapham Common, which is the main point to which all traffic from the north side of the Thames converges, the throng was greatest. At sunset, yesterday, people began moving to the scene, and until considerably past noon today the "cry was still they come." In spite of the threatening weather all sorts and shapes of carriages were there, from the dashing drag, with its load of aristocrats, down to the butcher's cart from Whitechapel, and the overloaded vans, with their quota of occupants. In London the three railway termini at London Bridge, Victoria and Waterloo Road, kept sending away trains packed full of travelers to the scene of action. Both the London and South Coast and the South-western Railway Companies had issued cheap excursion tickets, which enabled the purchaser to leave London about 8 A. M., spend the day and witness the races on Epsom Downs, and be back in London before 9 o'clock the same evening. It may be readily understood then that many thousands availed themselves of this cheap and easy means of transit, and it was calculated that by 12 o'clock today over 60,000 people had left London by this route, not to mention the countless numbers that traveled in the old-fashioned way on the road.

THE DOWNS.

On the Downs the scene was as usual a truly astonishing one. For the better information of your readers I will explain the formation of the ground on which the races take place. Epsom Downs are about 120 acres in extent, but only half of this is used for the races. The course on which the Derby is run is semi-circular in form, something like an elongated horse-shoe, and is exactly a mile and a half in length. The track is covered with fine springy turf, which sometimes, however, becomes very hard, caused by the absence of rain. This year, however, it was in very good order, owing to the recent rain. For the first half mile the track is on the ascent, it then continues level for about a quarter of a mile until reaching the bend, where it is down hill for another quarter until reaching Tottenham Corner, which is at the entrance of the straight run in, and exactly half a mile from home; thence the course dips for about 300 yards, when it again rises, the finish being thus very severe. In the space within the semi-circle is a hill, the first part of the race being seen on the higher ground, so that spectators on this hill can see the horses all round. The Grand Stand is situated on the outside the track, about 150 yards from the winning-post, the part reserved for the Jockey Club and grandees of the turf being at the end nearest there. By 11 o'clock the hill and both sides of the course were thronged with vehicles; many in their eagerness to get a front place had taken up their stand as early as 9 o'clock. Visitors from all parts of the world were to be seen, conspicuous among whom were the two young Indian Princes, sons of the Nawab Nizam, who attracted universal attention by the dusky faces and gorgeous habiliments of their retinue. In the interval preceding the racing the holiday-seekers had their fill of amusement with the Aunt Sallys, "three throws a penny," and the various performing acrobats, jugglers and mountebanks of all descriptions.

THE GRAND STAND.

This position was crowded to suffocation, the balconies and private boxes, with their bevy of fashionable beauties, arranged in all the colors of the rainbow, presenting a very picturesque *coup d'œil*. All the fashionables and aristocracy were present, including their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, Prince Leopold, and the King of the Belgians, the Duke of Cambridge, Duke of Beaufort, Earl of Stamford, Marquis of Anglesey, Lord Falmouth, Prince Soltzkoff, Prince Sapieha, Marquis of Westminster and many others, of whom it is impossible here to mention a tithe. The betting ring was, as usual, a noisy babel, the hubbub and din that prevailed during the races being absolutely deafening, and the jargon of the betting men was, of course, as unintelligible to one without the pale of the sporting world as the slang of the New-York Stock Exchange is to the uninitiated. During the afternoon there were frequent showers, and the effect presented as the umbrellas were put up was a singular one. It looked as if a forest of black mushrooms had suddenly sprung up from the earth.

A SURPRISE.

LONDON, 4 P. M.—The Derby is over, and to the astonishment of most people the favorite has been disgracefully beaten, and that, too, by a horse that finished fifty yards behind him in the race for the Two Thousand Guinea Stakes at Newmarket on May 3. Owing to the scratching at the last moment of *Sunshine, Bridgewater, Captivator* and others, the field dwindled down to fifteen runners, the smallest number that has contested this race since 1855, when *Wild Dayrell* was the victor. As soon as it became known that Mr. MERRY had decided to reserve *Sunshine* for the Oaks, *Macgregor* became an immense favorite. Odds of seven to four and two to one were laid on him so freely that the book-makers got tired of "writing his name," and at last it was difficult to get an offer against him.

THE TOILETS OF THE COMPETITORS.

Soon after 3 o'clock Mr. MANNING, the clerk who attends to the scales, had seen the jockeys weigh out with their proper weight, all carrying 122 pounds, (there being no filly among the starters,) a general move was made to the saddling paddock, where the animals received the last attention before the start. The favorite naturally came in for the largest amount of "gape seed," and it was with difficulty that a clear space could be kept around him. He was saddled at the far end of the paddock, under the trees, and looked the very picture of what a thoroughbred race-horse should be. Owing to the inability of DALEY, who rode him at Newmarket, to reduce himself to the weight, the mount was given to GEORGE FORDHAM, the most celebrated of all English jockeys, though, strange to say, he has never succeeded in riding a Derby winner. In a quiet corner by the lower end of the plantation, *Camel* received the finishing polish. His chesnut coat shone like burnished brass, and the jockey's face wore such an air of confidence that one could easily imagine the horse had performed some wonderful feat at home. His half-brother and stable companion, *Normanby*, also looked very fit and well. The hope of the Irish division, *Sarsfield*, did not receive much attention, and the same remark will apply to *Ely Appleton* and *Cymbal*. Capt. MACHELL'S horse looked very well, and so did *Kingcraft*, but the latter's seeming faint-hearted exhibition on the Rowley Mill caused a sad thinning in the ranks of his admirers. At length about 3:25 the horses, after cantering past the stand, walked over to the starting post and were ranged in line.

THE START.

After two or three attempts the flag fell to a good start, the lot being dispatched in a cluster. As they streamed away up the hill the sight was a magnificent one, the vast multitude being hushed into breathless silence as they watched the competitors with anxious eyes. Along the top of the hill the majority could see but little of the race, but as they came down the descent toward Tattenham Corner, and the colors of the favorite (*Macgregor*) were seen in the van, the excitement was intense. Rounding the turn into the straight, Mr. MERRY'S horse still held a prominent position, but before reaching the distance his "bolt was shot," and FORDHAM was observed to be whipping him desperately. A roar of exultation from the betting men soon proclaimed this fact, and before going fifty yards further, *Kingcraft*, in the center of the course, shot out from the field like a flash of lightning and cantered home a very easy winner by four lengths, *Palmerston* beating the "outsider," *Muster*, for second place by a neck, while *Macgregor* could get no nearer than fourth. When the winner's number was hoisted the cheering was tremendous, and both horse and jockey came in for a perfect ovation. The race was run in 2:45. The value of the stakes is £4,100. MATTHEW DAWSON, the trainer of the winner, was also warmly congratulated on having trained his second Derby winner. Directly the race was over, a drenching shower fell, but it soon cleared up, and the remainder of the day was beautiful. It is calculated there were over 300,000 people present on the Downs.

KINGCRAFT.

The winner of the Derby is a bright bay colt, standing rather under fifteen hands and three inches in height, and is very handsome all over. It would be difficult to find fault with his contour, the only possible exception that could be taken being on the score of his being somewhat light of bone. He was bred by his present owner, Lord FALMOUTH, and made his debut as a two-year old in the Triennial Stakes at Ascot, last June. The long odds of 9 to 2 were laid on him, but he suffered defeat by a head from *Mahonia*. His next appearance was in the Chesterfield Stakes at Newmarket, which he won easily by two lengths, and beating a large field. He then scored six victories in succession, viz., the Ham Stakes at Goodwood, beating *Sunlight*; the Convivial Stakes at York, beating *La Calonne* and *Nobleman*; the Buckenham Stakes at Newmarket, beating *Normanby*; the Triennial Produce Stakes at the same meeting, beating six others, and walked over for a Produce Stake at Newmarket, Oct. 2. At the same meeting he was placed third for the Middle Park Plate, won by *Frivolitz*, and occupied that position in the Criterion Stakes, won by *Hester*, to whom he was conceding seven pounds. His first appearance this year was in the Two Thousand Guineas Stake where he finished fourth, and his second in the Derby Stakes. He is engaged in the Prince of Wales Stakes at Ascot, ninety-two subscribers, the St. Leger Stakes at Doncaster, 234 subscribers, the Doncaster Stakes at the same meeting and several minor stakes at Newmarket. The jockey who rode him (FRENCH) has never before had the winning mount in the Derby, although he has been very near on two occasions. Those were in 1865, when he rode *Christmas Carol* second to *Gladiator*, and in 1866 when *Lord Lyon* only defeated *Savernake*, whom he was riding, by a short head. Lord FALMOUTH has never before succeeded in gaining the "Blue Ribbon of the Turf," his best win previous to this being the Oaks in 1863, with *Queen Bertha*.

SUMMARY.

The ninetieth year of the Derby Stakes, of 50 sovereigns each, half forfeit, for three-year olds; colts, 8 stone 10 pounds, and fillies, 8 stone 5 pounds; the owner of the second horse to receive 300 sovereigns, and the third 150 sovereigns out of the stakes. One mile and a half; 253 subscribers:

Lord Falmouth's b. c. Kingcraft, by King Tom out of Woodcraft	1
Mr. S. Crawford's br. c. Palmerston, by Brocket out of Rita	2
Lord Wilton's bk. c. Muster, by Tim Whiffler out of Chamade	3
Mr. Merry's b. c. Macgregor, by Macaroni out of Neckiace	4
Mr. Jos. Dawson's ch. c. Camel, by Thormanby out of Eastern Princess	0
Lord Stamford's ch. c. Normanby, by Thormanby out of Emily	0
Mr. La Mert's b. c. King o' Scots, by King Tom out Katharine Logie	0
Capt. Machell's b. c. Bonny Swell, by Macaroni out of Bonny Bell	0
Mr. Morris' b. c. Prince of Wales, by Chevalier d'Industrie out of Tension	0
Mr. Ellis's ch. c. Cymbal, by Kettledrum out of Nelly Hill	0
Mr. Murphy's ch. c. Sarsfield, by Yorkminster out of Brazil	0
Mr. W. Rogers' ch. c. Cockney Boy, by Knight Templar out of Irish Rose	0
Mr. Cartwright's b. c. Ely Appleton, by Ely out of Nun Appleton	0
Mr. Bowes' b. c. Nobleman, by the Marquis out of Auld Acquaintance	0
Sir R. Pigott's b. c. Bay Roland, by Fitz Roland dam by Young Melbourne	0

Miscellaneous Telegrams.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 1.—DODGE, MORIARTY & WELLER, dry-goods dealers, today made an assignment for the benefit of their creditors. Their liabilities are about $45,000.

TROY, N. Y., June 1.—ROBERT MILLIKEN, recently city editor of the Troy *Whig*, was killed last night by falling through a railroad bridge in the southern part of this city. He was intoxicated at the time, and for a long time previously had led a dissipated life. He has relatives in New-York, and the body is held subject to their orders.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., June 1.—Miss JEANETTE FENTON, daughter of Ex-Gov. FENTON, was married this evening, at her father's residence at this place, to Mr. J. N. HEGEMAN, of New-York. A large assembly of friends, including many distinguished persons, were present at the ceremony and the very elegant reception.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 1.—A complaint was made to-night by a negro sailor against the officers of the propeller *Dean Richmond* of inhuman conduct in tying him by the legs on the downward trip from Chicago, and hoisting him, head downward, to the rigging for ten minutes. He had refused to go over the side of the propeller when ordered, because the ropes were rotten. The officers will be arrested on the return of the vessel.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 1.—CHARLES W. KIMBERLY, a well-known reporter for the Press, and for the past sixteen years connected with the *American*, died here today, aged forty-five years.

BANGOR, Me., June 1.—The new daily paper, announced to appear today, has come to grief. The manufacturers and owners of the press, which had just been set up in the office, today boxed it up and sent it home, finding it had been obtained through false representations, and that the concern was entirely without a bottom. C. E. LORD, the engineer of the affair, was to-night arrested and lodged in jail.

ALBANY, June 1.—Gov. HOFFMAN left town today to visit Clinton Prison.

FLORENCE, S. C., June 1.—WHITTEMORE is re-elected. The returns have not yet come in, but there is no doubt of it.

PROVIDENCE, June 1.—The General Assembly, at Newport, completed the election of civil officers today, and adjourned to meet again June 13.

TROY, June 1.—Hon. JOHN CRAMER, of Waterford, N. Y., the only surviving member of the Jefferson electoral ticket, died this evening in the ninety-seventh year of his age. He was a State Senator for several years, and also represented his district in Congress for eight years.

HARTFORD, June 1.—PETER RYAN was killed by an explosion in a powder-mill at Hazardville Tuesday evening.

CURRENT NOTES.

The Massachusetts Legislature will, at last, adjourn on Saturday, 11th inst.

By a recent law Maryland pays $121,120 annually in pensions to 1,514 soldiers of the War of 1812.

A Mississippi paper, known as the *Gazette* on one side, is found, when it is turned over, to be the *Revolution* on the other.

Utica papers are willing to stop the press in order to announce that a horse has fallen into the canal.

The Concord *Patriot* reports that one New-Hampshire boy of fifteen years is now six feet five and a half inches tall, but it does not brag about him yet, as he has not got his growth.

A Massachusetts man, who had never before seen the elephant, insisted, when a circus procession passed through his town last week, that the elephant was walking backward.

A Massachusetts paper gives a report that one of the members of the State Legislature is absent actively engaged with the Fenians, and it calls loudly for his expulsion.

The Montreal *Witness* informs its readers that THOMAS FAILEY, the Deputy United States Marshal who was most active in arresting O'NEIL is a "Catholic Irishman, a native of Vermont."

A California man recently deeded some property to his wife, naming for consideration "love and affection." The same day the wife applied for a divorce.

The Raleigh (N. C.) *Standard* regrets that the late rains have caused a disastrous freshet in that vicinity. Many bridges on the Neuse River have been washed away, and the crops have been much damaged.

Gov. FLETCHER, of Missouri, hearing the sound of a locomotive while he was speaking at a railroad celebration, said: "'Tis the sound of the tread of the ages—the noise of the footfall of destiny."

A Boston hackman, after being directed to bring down a trunk from the third story of a residence in that city, was coolly requested to take off his boots that he might not soil the stair-carpeting. He declined to do it.

A Western paper congratulates the New-York Bar upon an accession to their number soon to be made from its locality, and says that our lawyers will find him in all respects, except perhaps in legal learning, their fellow and peer.

A St. Louis marketman, who was arrested because some paper was discovered in the bottom of a measure which he was using in selling strawberries, said it got there by accident. The accident cost him $10.

The Baltimore *American* states that JEROME BONAPARTE has for some months been confined to his house in that city by cancer in the throat, but that for a few days past he has been much better than he had been for some time previous.

A Honolulu merchant, about to leave the islands temporarily, advertises that he has appointed two persons to act as his agents, and that any debts contracted without their approval and consent will be "conscientiously repudiated" by him.

A Maine paper, speaking of the candidates for the Republican nomination for Governor now prominent, says that Gen. HERSEY is pledged to the party plank of prohibition, and that Mr. PERHAM "reaches far enough beyond him to demand a State Police."

Gov. DAVIS and the Senate of Texas are at variance. The Governor says he will not send in nominations for Judges until the Senate has passed the Militia bill, and the Senate says it will not act upon the Militia bill until Judicial Districts are formed and the Civil Courts placed in working order.

The Washington *Chronicle* says that among the incidents of Memorial Day at Arlington was one showing the love of a great Captain for his fallen comrades—one which escaped the many eyes of the press, but which was witnessed by two of the ladies on the Committee on Decorations. After the crowd had departed the carriage of the President drove to the far end of the cemetery, where the President alighted, and, taking a large basket of flowers from the hands of Mrs. GRANT, scattered them upon the the graves of the soldiers.

All Boston is bragging about a young lady of that city because, being invited on Saturday night at 11 o'clock to make a tour of Europe, she was ready and sailed at 8 o'clock the following Monday morning. They think that was really quick work! But Boston must do better. It would not be thought anything of here. Why, a New-York girl one Saturday received a dispatch by cable from London, dated 4 P. M., and saying "Come," and at 2 P. M. that very day—two hours before the dispatch was sent!—she was on her way down the bay in the steamer. And she did not dispute her dressmaker's bill, either.

The new Court of Appeals will organize at Albany on the 4th of July. On the same day will be organized the Commission of Appeals, the Court to dispose of the business on the calendar, to be composed of the four Judges of the present Court of Appeals elected by the people at large, and a fifth Judge to be appointed by the Governor and Senate. As Judge GROVER, who goes into the new Court, is one of the four, the Governor will have another to appoint, the Judiciary article providing for thus filling any vacancy. The three Judges, aside from GROVER, are JOHN A. LOTT and ROBERT EARL, Democrats, and WARD HUNT, Republican. The Governor, it is to be presumed, will appoint two Democrats, so that the Commission will stand four Democrats to one Republican.

An Audacious Robbery—A Diamond Broker Lured to a Room in the St. Nicholas Hotel and there Gagged, Chloroformed and Robbed—Escape of the Desperadoes.

Monday evening two foreigners registered at the St. Nicholas Hotel as CARLO DEJALIS and JOSEF CHEVAL, Philadelphia, and the first being assigned to Room No. 450, the latter was given No. 449, both on the fifth floor. The men were travel-stained, and had no baggage except a common black carpet-bag. Both spoke with a foreign accent, and both were of about the same height, five feet eight inches. DEJALIS was about forty, with dark complexion, dark moustache and goatee mixed with gray, while CHEVAL was only about twenty-seven years old, but also was of dark complexion with jet black moustache and side whiskers.

Tuesday afternoon about 2 o'clock DEJALIS called at the office of JOSEPH E. ISAACS, diamond broker, at No. 57 East Thirteenth-street, and stated that he had a lot of diamonds and jewelry at the St. Nicholas Hotel, which he had brought from Cuba, which he desired Mr. ISAACS to call and examine with a view to purchasing them. This ISAACS promised to do and at 10 o'clock yesterday morning went to the hotel according to appointment, and, showing the card which DEJALIS had left him, was shown up to No. 450 by one of the hall boys. DEJALIS was in the room when he entered, and, asking him to be seated, went out, saying he was going to get the stuff. Presently he returned with a carpet-bag, and fumbling at the lock with a key pretended he could not open it, and at last proposed that he should call on ISAACS at his office at 11 o'clock. To this ISAACS answered that, having come there, he preferred to examine the articles there, whereupon DEJALIS, asking to be excused for a moment, went out again, but almost instantly returned with CHEVAL. ISAACS now for the first time became alarmed, and started for the door with the intention of leaving, but was intercepted by CHEVAL, who displayed a large dagger and threatened to kill him if he made the least outcry. At the same moment DEJALIS seized him and made any noise upon his part impossible by thrusting his fingers into his mouth while the other man clapped over his mouth a towel seemingly saturated with chloroform. At the same instant he was thrown to the floor and stupefaction immediately ensuing he remembers nothing more of the proceedings of his assailants. When he recovered consciousness, which was after a lapse of about twenty-five minutes, he was alone in the room, and lying on the floor, bound hand and foot. The gag, however, was off his mouth, and by making vigorous use of his voice for about ten minutes, he attracted the attention of the carpenter of the house, who happened to be on the floor fixing the locks. This person coming to the door of No. 450, found it locked, but the cries for assistance continuing, he burst it open and found ISAACS in the condition described. Upon examination he found that $800 in money and a diamong ring had been stolen from his person, but the desperate thieves singularly enough left him his watch and chain and a diamond brooch, which was in his pocket. His personal injuries were not serious, being confined to a swollen lip and a slightly-injured eye.

The case was immediately reported to the hotel authorities, and Detective KEALY, the house officer, made instant search for the desperadoes, but they had long before departed, leaving their bag behind them, which being opened, was found to contain nothing of value. The case was reported to Capt. KELSO, of the Central Detectives, who immediately started experienced officers upon the trail of the thieves, but as yet without any success.

THE ST. THOMAS TREATY.

Gen. Raasloff's Statement to the Danish Rigsdag—His Reasons for Resigning His Office—The Failure of our Government to Keep Faith with Him.

Following is the full text of the speech of Gen. RAASLOFF, late Minister of War and of the Navy, in the Folkething,—the House of Commons of the Danish Rigsdag,—explaining his resignation, and the negotiations with this Government relative to the transfer of St. Thomas to the United States. It has been only briefly alluded to in the cable news:

It was not my intention to avoid giving an explanation of the step I have felt myself compelled to take, in soliciting the King to be pleased to relieve me from the offices as Minister of War and of the Navy, with which his Majesty had intrusted me. I did not, on the other hand, think it proper to call forth an occasion for such an explanation; I have simply preferred waiting until such an opportunity should present itself. Now that the question has been brought forward by the honorable member, (Mr. HAGE,) and the honorable President of Council having left it with me to answer it, I consider that such an opportunity is now offering, and I shall therefore in a few words explain what prompted me to take the step already mentioned.

This honorable body will bear in mind that I have spent a number of years in the United States, both in private and in official capacities. I have during that time become intimately acquainted with that country, and have formed a very high opinion of the character of the American people. I have learned to appreciate them, and believe them to be honest and high-minded. I was imbued with these sentiments for the people, in the midst of whom I had lived so many years, when on my return to Europe, in the Summer of 1866, I was called to a seat in the Cabinet, and under these circumstances it was quite natural that I should be requested by the Government to assist in the negotiations for the transfer of the Danish West India Islands, which had then already been carried on for upward of two years. It is the consequences of my participation in those negotiations which have now compelled me to tender my resignation. I need not explain the fact, well known to all who are acquainted with diplomatic life, that an Envoy, returning home after a long and satisfactory residence in another country, will frequently find himself in a somewhat peculiar position with regard to questions pending between his own country and that in which he so long resided. He will, if he preserves friendly feelings for the country to which he had been accredited, take special pains to give the most friendly and intimate character to the relations between the two countries. And in so doing, he will gradually be led to take a position different from that of other officials, and will, under special circumstances, even feel himself called upon to act as an intermediary. While he, throughout his stay abroad, placed himself exclusively on the ground, taken by his own Government, he may, after his return home, without impropriety endeavor to conciliate the interests of both nations, if he can, by so doing, hope to benefit them both. Diplomatic history furnishes many instances of such a stand having been taken by a former envoy. It was my friendly feelings for the United States which caused me, not only warmly to recommend the conclusion of the convention, so strongly and persistently urged by the American Government, but also, on all and every occasion, to vouch for the United States, confidently asserting that they would, if Denmark consented to negotiate with them, on their part, faithfully and conscientiously fulfill every obligation which they might have incurred.

It is not for me to judge whether that conviction, so often expressed by me to His Majesty, to my colleagues, to members of the "Rigsdag," and to a number of others, has exercised any influence upon the negotiations; I do not know what scruples our Government may have had at various times, nor in how far I may have contributed to overcome them, and to render the Government disposed subsequently to take the steps required by the convention; but while not knowing—and not at liberty to say, even if I knew—how much, if any, influence in that respect I may have exercised, I am ready to acknowledge that I have spared no pains to make such an influence felt. I am conscious of having done my utmost to persuade our Government into the making of this convention, and as already mentioned, of having invariably offered to guarantee that the United States would, as conscientiously as we ourselves, fulfill every obligation. It is well known to the House that no sooner was the treaty made, ratified and carried out by Denmark, than difficulties, not only in the way of its fulfillment, but even of its ratification, arose on the part of the United States, and it being evident that misconceptions in regard to the origin of the negotiations and the manner in which they had been conducted were prevalent in that country, I could not but consider it my duty to comply with the request of our Government, to go to Washington with a view of enlightening the leading men and the people with regard to the true state of the case.

It was during that stay in Washington that I became fully aware how much I had exposed myself on behalf of the United States. I could no longer remain blind to the fact that, having availed myself of the opportunities which my position as a member of the Cabinet, and as a former envoy afforded me, to satisfy our Government that it ran no risk in entering with that great Republic upon negotiations for the cession of territory—negotiations which are always of a most delicate nature—I had gone so far that if the people for whom I had vouched should leave me in the lurch the blow would for me be very severe, and would be one of those events which take away—at least for a time—a man's vigor and courage, his confidence in himself as well as a faith in those things which we ought to be able confidently to rely upon. I became firmly convinced that in case I should, by such an event, be deprived of these qualities—qualities which, in my opinion, a member of the Cabinet ought to possess in the fullest measure—I could no longer occupy the responsible positions held by me at that time and for some time subsequently. Having arrived at this conviction, I at the time communicated it to the honorable President of the Council, and since then nothing has occurred that could make me view this matter in a different light, or shake the determination that I had arrived at while in Washington. I do not know whether I have succeeded in making honorable members view this question as I do, but you will surely admit that in a case like this a man must judge for himself, and act up to his conviction.

I need not assure you of the regret I feel, at having been thus compelled to leave a sphere of duty in which I have met with so much good-will on the part of the Rigsdag, and to which I have for several years past devoted all my time and energies. I will not here undertake to justify my course of action or that of the Government, in regard to the negotiations for the cession of the Danish West India Islands; such a justification would require my speaking out freely, and in so doing I might injure the interest of our country. Besides, the whole subject will eventually be viewed in the light of an historical event of general interest; it will fill a page in diplomatic history and will be taken up and judged elsewhere, thus relieving me, or any one else here, from the duty of reviewing it. I hope and trust that my participation in this negotiation will not have deprived me of the esteem and confidence of my fellow-citizens, but what I feel at this moment is, that the issue of this unfortunate affair has—at least for the present—deprived me of the courage and confidence in myself without which I could not, and ought not, to continue to fill the responsible offices hitherto entrusted to me.

The Collectorship.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

An article appeared in the columns of the NEW-YORK TIMES of this date, in regard to Mr. MURPHY'S claims for the position of Collector of the Port of New-York, and signed by a party styling himself a Republican. The principal and most unrepublican argument set forth is that Mr. MURPHY is a Roman Catholic, and if appointed would fill all the appointments with creatures of his own denomination. I have no doubts in regard to that point, but Mr. MURPHY and his Republican friend must remember that religion in politics is no qualification, neither is it a recommendation. I am a Roman Catholic myself, and these are my sentiments. It would be a pity, indeed, if we were to convert our public institutions and offices for sectional purposes; and I have no doubt if the wishes of "A Republican" were carried out as regards Mr. MURPHY, we would have a war of religion and races. Mr. GRINNELL has always acted as a gentleman to the working man of this City, never asking his religion or his nationality, and when it was possible for him to aid him he has done so. I know this from my intercourse with the working men of this City, and if Mr. GRINNELL were removed it would cause considerable dissatisfaction among the working men of this City, many of whom belong to the association of which I am Chairman. Very respectfully,

GEORGE W. GIBBONS,
Late Colonel United States Volunteers.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, June 1, 1870.

Fires in Williamsburg.

About 12½ yesterday morning, a fire broke out in the three-story frame dwelling No. 269 First-street, owned by PATRICK MCCORMACK, and occupied by SIDNEY DAVIS, liquor-dealer. The fire originated in the cellar, the cause of which was unknown, and resulted in a damage to the building of $300 and $150 on the stock of liquors. Both parties were insured.

At 2 o'clock, fire of incendiary origin was discovered in a two-story frame structure on Withers-street, near Graham-avenue. The building was entirely destroyed; loss about $100.

At 10½ another fire originated in a wood-house at the rear of a dwelling in Meserole-avenue, near Union, as supposed from the act of a couple of small boys playing with matches. The out house was located next to the [illegible] manufactory of Messrs. [illegible] & DISTLER, to which the fire was quickly communicated, and by the time the fire companies arrived on the ground, all hope of saving the structure, a three-story frame, was beyond possibility. The factory, with its contents, was nearly a total loss, involving an estimated loss of $10,000 on stock and building, upon which there was an insurance of $6,000 in the Astor and Lorillard Companies of New-York. Three or four out-houses in the immediate vicinity were more or less damaged; also the roofs of two dwellings in front, owned by Mr. CHARLES PEASE, the occupants of which also suffered by the removal of their furniture and from water. In each instance, but for the promptitude of the firemen, the loss sustained would undoubtedly have been doubled.

OUR CITY WHARVES.

Observation Trip of the Commissioners of Docks—The Condition of the Piers.

The Commissioners composing the newly-organized "Department of Docks," following out the suggestion made by the TIMES not long along, went on a tour of observation, yesterday, on the North and East Rivers, in company with a few invited guests, the object being to make a personal inspection of the condition of the wharves and piers of the City. The Commissioners of Charities and Correction placed at their disposal the fine steamer *Minnahannonck*, which conveyed the party on its voyage. There were present JOHN P. AGNEW, Esq., President of the Board; Commissioners William Wood, Hugh Smith, and R. M. Henley, Commissioner W. G. Hunt being unable to attend; Mr. Henry, Secretary to the Board; Messrs. J. P. Nicholson, and Isaac Bell, Commissioners of Charities and Correction; Peter Cooper, Esq., and about half a dozen other gentlemen who were especially invited. The steamer left the pier, foot of Twenty-sixth-street, at 10½ A. M., proceeded up the East River as far as Harlem Bridge, One Hundred and Thirtieth-street, whence returning, they sailed close to the shore on the City side, and carefully inspected the condition of the piers which jut out into the river. It may be well to mention, just here, that within the past two years the City has lost its right to the control of the dock property in the vicinity of Harlem Bridge, by reason of the fact that the riparian owners have taken up the water grant and assumed their right to the property—a proceeding in which, it is claimed, they are justified by the law. The consequence is that the Corporation of New-York owns no dock property above One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, where there is a pier devoted to public uses. At the foot of One Hundred and Twentieth-street there is another pier, which the City leases to the Harlem Navigation Company, for the sum of $125 per annum. There is another pier at the foot of One Hundred and Seventeenth-street, which is rented for $500 per year by the Society for the Reclamation of Juvenile Delinquents. From this point southward there are very few piers until we come to Thirty-eighth-street, where the dock property is leased for five years to Mr. JOHN RYAN at an annual rental of $500. The adjoining pier, foot of East Thirty-seventh-street, is leased by Messrs. MURPHY & NESBITT for $500 per annum. None of these piers are in good condition. Probably one of the worst piers belonging to the City on the east side of the river, however, is that at the foot of Twenty-third-street. Here the dock is hired by the street-cleaning contractor, and is used as a dumping-place, where the dirt taken from our City thoroughfares is put into barges that carry it to different sections of the surrounding country where there is water conveyance, and it is there used by the farmers for manuring purposes. That there should be provision made for thus getting rid of the street soil is all right and proper; but the thing to be complained of is this: The cartmen, it would appear, are not over-anxious as to where they deposit the contents of their vehicles, and if no barge is ready to receive the street sweepings, they make the dock itself the place of deposit. The sight (and smell) consequent on this procedure, it may well be imagined, are by no means enticing or savory. But, in addition to this, sloops laden with bricks are permitted to unload at this pier, and these bricks are here piled up until such time as the owner sees fit to remove them. In consequence of being compelled to support this aggregated weight of bricks and dirt, the dock is badly broken, and is going to decay so rapidly that if the practice now permitted be continued much longer the place which now knows this pier will soon "know it no more, forever." The bulk-head extending from Sixteenth to Seventeenth-street, is also being used as a dumping-place, and is fast going to decay in consequence, the same objection lying against it as against the Twenty-third-street pier. The pier at the foot of Grand-street, adjoining the ferry, is in a dilapidated condition, and should be replaced by a new one. The City derives no rental from the Ferry Company for their use of the slip, the objection being, on the Company's part, that the City has no franchise in the property, and can, therefore, assume no control over it. The question in dispute has been placed in the hands of the Counsel to the Corporation, and will probably soon come up for adjudication. From this point downward the rentals from dock property appreciate in value.

The pier at Corlear's Hook brings $900 annually. At the foot of Jackson-street, adjoining the Navy-yard ferry slip, the pier is altogether dilapidated—almost gone, in fact—and its scanty remains are simply an eyesore and a nuisance. Passing on from this point toward the Battery, the docks present a much better appearance, and, with one or two exceptions, appear to be of a substantial character, considering the fact that they are constructed entirely of wood. This section of our water front on the east side being, however, the very center of commercial traffic, more attention has been bestowed on the piers here than on those above Corlear's Hook, which seem to have been left to take care of themselves; and it was made absolutely necessary that they should be kept in a passable condition. Much can, and doubtless will, be done by the new Board to make these still more available for commercial purposes. It was noticed by the Commissioners that the system of "warehousing," or storing goods on the docks, is very prevalent, especially in that down-town section where the canal freights are unladen, and measures will be adopted to put an end to it wherever practicable. As some of these piers are either private property, however, or are held on long leases, it will require persistent effort on the part of the Board to put an end to the custom, which has in many cases come to be regarded as a vested right.

Passing around the Battery, the trip was continued up the North River. The piers on the west side of the City are in a much better condition than those which extend into the East River. The most prominent of them belong to the large ocean steamer and river boat companies, and, in many cases, are covered with substantial roofing. The public docks on the North River side are not numerous, and their condition is much superior to those on the East River side. The relative value of piers on the west side, when contrasted with that of the East River piers, may be judged from the fact that where one of the latter, above Corlear's Hook, brings into the City Treasury a rental of from $500 to $1,000, those on the North River, situated directly opposite and across town from these, are rented for from $10,000 to $12,000 annually. The Commissioners intend first to put all the wharves, piers and bulkheads under their control in as serviceable a condition as these wooden structures will admit of, and then will decide on some plan for erecting more enduring structures of stone. Mr. PETER COOPER read to the Commissioners and their guests during the trip a pamphlet written by him in 1855, wherein he urged upon the Common Council the necessity of then beginning the work of constructing stone piers; setting forth that such a course would not only afford employment to the laboring poor, but would be the best means of enhancing the importance of our great commercial Metropolis. The sentiments of Mr. COOPER'S pamphlet met with the undivided praise of the company.

The Atlantic Yacht Club Regatta Today.

The regatta of the Atlantic Yacht Club today promises to be one of the finest affairs of the kind recently witnessed in these waters. The entries for schooners are the Calypso, Tidal Wave, Lois, Mystic, Madeline, Juniata.

Of the above, the Madeline and Tidal Wave seem to be the favorites at present, though hopes are entertained by the owners and friends of the Mystic and Lois that, notwithstanding their disabilities under the rules, they will prove victors on the trial.

The following is a list of the sloops entered: First Class—Addie V., Gracie. Second Class—Daphne, Qui Vive, Allaine, Fannie, Niagara, Orion, Richard Kelly. Third Class—Annie, Athene, Nymbus, Salus, White Cap, Storm King. Fourth Class—Apollo, Coquette, Flyaway, Jennie, Winnie, Vivid, Viking. Of the sloops, the preference is for the Addie V. and Gracie in the first class, and for the Daphne, Orion and Qui Vive, in the second class. The Annie, in the third class, though winning the race in the contest last Fall, will find a difficult task in repeating her success, while making the allowances prescribed. Her strongest competitors will be the Nymbus, Storm King, Salus and White Cap.

The course for schooners and first-class sloops will be from the anchorage down through the Narrows; to and around the stake-boat at the South-west Spit; thence to and around the lightship, rounding the same from the southward and westward of beacon on Romer Shoals. For second and third class sloops the same course to and around the Spit; thence to and around a stake-boat on outer bar, rounding the same from the southward; thence home, passing beacon on Romer Shoal to the southward and westward. For fourth-class sloops (open boats) same course to and around South-west Spit; thence home. All yachts to pass between Forts Lafayette and Richmond, to the eastward of buoys 11, 13, and 15 on West Bank, both going and returning; around the stake-boat on South-west Spit, from west to east, and around home stake-boat from east to west.

The following gentlemen will act as judges: Messrs. WM. MCMONNIES, JOHN B. MORGAN and JOHN A. ELMENDORF.

The guests and spectators will leave the foot of Montague-street, Brooklyn, on board the steamer *Sleepy Hollow* at 10½ A. M., and the steamer will afterward touch at Governor's Island to receive an additional party who have been invited to witness the contest. The Judges and members of the Press will leave on the *Virginia Seymour* at 8½ o'clock.

THE ALEXANDER MYSTERY.

Further Examination—Testimony of George Gardiner.

The examination in the ALEXANDER-GARDINER bond case was resumed yesterday, at 2 o'clock, in the Surrogate's office.

GEORGE GARDINER, examined by Ex-Judge FULLERTON, testified: I am a son of IRA C. GARDINER; I am employed in the Treasury Department, and reside in Albany; I knew Capt. ALEXANDER in his life-time—possibly ten years before his death; I formed his acquaintance at my father's house in Amity-street, where I frequently saw him afterward; I last saw him the day before Thanksgiving Day; on one occasion prior to his death he consulted me about his property, but he never told me the amount of property he possessed, nor did he show me any of it; I paid him some coupons he presented at my office, but I cannot ascertain how many coupons he presented at any time; my recollection is that he collected what would represent $2,500; so far as I know he always came to the office by himself; I recollect the time of Capt. ALEXANDER'S death, and I think I visited the house the day afterward; I heard of his death through my father, who notified me of it; I heard of his illness I think the day before his death, but I did not see him until after he died; on that occasion when I went to the house I saw the whole family, but I could not say if there was any conversation about the property he left; it is possible there might have been something, but I have either forgotten or did not hear it at all; I have an indistinct knowledge of hearing either my father or mother say something about bonds he possessed, but I did not ask nor did they tell me the amount; I will not swear positively that they did not tell me what property he possessed; I think there was no property shown me at the time, but I am not positive whether I was shown some bonds which were said to belong to Capt. ALEXANDER during his life-time; as well as I recollect I examined some bonds, but I cannot say whether it was at that or a subsequent interview; I was not shown any coupons which were to be collected, nor did I take any away with me, my second visit to my father's was on the day before the Captain's burial; at that time my mother was present, but I could not say if my father was there; I was shown some bonds, which I looked over; this was in the front parlor of the second floor; I am not aware that any steps were taken to exclude anybody from the room; there were then ten bonds shown to me, nine $1,000 bonds, and one for $100; they comprised bonds of the State of California, New-York, Government, Virginia, and Brooklyn Water bonds; I am positive there were no other bonds produced; my mother brought the bonds in her hands from another room, and I counted them over; after examining them she asked me to take charge of them and I took them to the Treasury; the next day I returned them to her, and it was about two or three months afterward that I heard of this inquiry in relation to this property.

Q.—Did any one ask you about these bonds, and did you deny all knowledge of them?

Mr. SPENCER objected to the question on the ground that it was inadmissible as against his sworn testimony. He was prepared to state all he knew about the circumstances, and any reference to ulterior matters was irrelevant.

The Surrogate admitted the question.

Examination continued—I might have spoken to some parties in reference to this matter, but I never said he left no property after him; I was never asked that question by any one to my knowledge; I took the bonds back to my mother as soon as I anticipated there might be some legal proceedings; I did not hear it stated that Capt. ALEXANDER left some property after him which could not be found; I only returned $8,000 worth of the bonds and kept $1,100 worth of Government bonds, which I sold for $1,196 75 to HENRY CLEWS & CO.; they paid me in currency, which I asked in preference to the check, as it was more convenient; those bonds were in five-twenties, and were not registered; I have not sold any bonds for any members of my family since; I visited my mother's house again a week after I disposed of the Government bonds, and she told me they were handed over to Judge BEEBY; I gave my mother the whole proceeds of the bonds I sold, which I understood were to be devoted to his burial; I have no recollection of having a conversation with my father in relation to this matter a week after Capt. ALEXANDER'S death; in my first interview with my mother I refused to take the bonds, as I thought there might be some trouble in reference to them, as there had been no will made, but she did not tell me the matter would never be made known, nor did I enjoin secrecy on her; since the restoration of these bonds to my mother I did not collect any interest on coupons for them, nor did I know of its being done by any one else.

To Mr. SPENCER—When I received these bonds from my mother she told me that the Captain desired her to purchase a lot and monument in Green-Wood Cemetery, and it was to defray these expenses she wanted to dispose of the $1,100 bonds.

The investigation was then adjourned until 2 o'clock on Friday next.

THE BANKERS' PENALTIES.

Upward of $70,000 Already Collected by the Government—List of the Latest Suits.

The civil suits which were commenced against the money merchants in Wall-street during the administration of Ex-Assessor WEBSTER, in the Thirty-second Election District, for nonpayment of special tax as brokers and bankers, still continue to occupy the attention of the United States District Court. Upward of $70,000 has already been collected by the Government as penalties in the suits, and more yet remains to be paid. Orders of distribution have been issued by Judge BLATCHFORD, directing one-half of the amount of the fines to be paid over to Mr. WEBSTER as informers' fees. The following is a list of some of the latest and heaviest penalties which have been imposed: Phillips, Speyer & Co., $1,600; Josiah S. Colgate, $1,400; Brown Brothers, $1,000; W. C. Pickersgill & Co., $1,000; E. D. Dibble & Camblos, $1,000; C. H. Dabney, Morgan & Co., $1,000; Richard Irvin & Co., $1,000; C. Coft. $1,000; Louis Segar & Co., $1,000; J. Bishop & Co., $1,000; H. T. Morgan & Co., $1,000; Trevor & Colgate, $1,000; Jabez A. Bostwick, $1,000; E. H. Beidermann, $400; Ed. Hombosth, $500; Joseph Falconer, $500; Wm. Thompson, $500; F. W. Jackson, $500; Wm. A. Gibson, $500; Mosewood & Co., $800; O. M. Bogart & Co., $200; Lees & Walker, $200; Martin Maas & Co., $600; T. S. Marlor & Co., $600; Riggs & Co., $200; Simon De Vessier, $400; Matthew Morgan & Sons, $400; Muller & Brown, $600; Maxwell & Kennedy, $600; Laranbury & Beers, $400; Leland Bros. & Co., $400; North & Co., $400; O. W. Josylyn & Co., $800; J. C. Deer, $500; F. J. Burns, $500; Frederic Marx, $500; Clerke & Butler, $400; Hallgarten & Co., $800; A. B. Stiles, $500.

New-York City Militia and the Prospect Park Parade-Ground.

Major-Gen. WOODWARD, commanding the Second (Brooklyn) Division N. G. S. N. Y., has addressed the following note to Brig.-Gen. VARIAN, commanding the Third Brigade, First (New-York City) Division, N. G. S. N. Y.:

HEADQUARTERS SECOND DIVISION, }
N. G. S. N. Y., }
BROOKLYN, May 30, 1870. }

GENERAL: I have the honor to inform you that immediately upon the granting of the mandamus by Judge PRATT restraining the Park Commissioners from giving permission for the New-York troops to use the Kings County Parade-ground, an application for "stay of proceedings" was made to the General Term, which was immediately granted. The Parade-ground is, therefore, entirely at your service upon the day first selected by you.

I am, General, very respectfully, &c.,
(Signed,) JNO. B. WOODWARD,
Major-General.

Brig.-Gen. J. M. VARIAN, commanding Third Brigade, N. G. S. N. Y.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Adjourned to Monday next.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Cardozo, J.—Court opens at 9 A. M.

No set down causes.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Part I. and Oyer and Terminer—Adjourned to the 27th inst.

Part II.—Adjourned to Monday next.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Part I.—Held by Alker, J.—Calendar Called at 10 A. M.

Nos.	Nos.
1439—Blum vs. Hochherz.	1522—Parsons vs. Corliss.
1296—Kehoe vs. Mann.	1523—Foster vs. Crotty.
1419—Smith vs. Ferris.	1528—Straus vs. Blunt.
1520—Bell vs. Ely.	1529—Jones vs. Tompkins.
1521—Whitemore vs. Taylor	1534—Young vs. Feidler.

Part II.—Held by Gross, J.—Calendar called at 10 A. M.

Nos.	Nos.
1277—Morgan vs. Kalbfleisch.	1517—McGuire vs. Cromley.
1378—Neville vs. Rhodes.	1518—Topping vs. Smith.
1457—Brumley vs. Stein.	1519—Sherman vs. Winchester.
1482—McGuire vs. Farrell.	1526—Hoffman vs. Legrain.
1516—Flues vs. Leet.	1527—Welsh vs. Brodek.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

Before Judge Blatchford.

ADMIRALTY CASES.

The United States vs. Steamer Queen and Francis Grogan, Her Master.—This was a suit *in rem* against the vessel and *in personam* against her master to recover $2,440 as a penalty by reason of the alleged importation of goods with intent to smuggle them, the goods not having been entered in the manifest as having been found concealed by the revenue officers. The case was tried yesterday, and was summed up by Mr. Donohue for the claimants and by Assistant District-Attorney Stanley for the Government. Decision was reserved.

The United States vs. Bark Irma, and John Cummins, her Master.—This was a writ *in rem* to recover $7,420, as the value of a quantity of cigars smuggled into this port in April, 1869, from Cuba. Evidence was produced yesterday, for the purpose of showing that the cigars were found secreted in a false bulkhead on the bark. The claimants contended that proceedings *in rem* and *in personam* against the master could not be joined in one writ, and that the case was not one of Admiralty jurisdiction. Decision was reserved.

Assistant District-Attorney Stanley appeared for the United States.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—EASTERN DISTRICT.

Before Judge Benedict.

At noon, yesterday, in the District Court, Judge BENEDICT called the Admiralty Calendar, and set the hearing of the cases down for dates after the 13th inst., according to agreement of counsel, announcing that the first two weeks would be devoted to jury trials in the Circuit Court. The Civil Calendar was then called, and cases were set down for days between the 1st and 6th inst. The prisoners mentioned yesterday were arraigned, each of whom pleaded not guilty, and they were set down for trial at an early day.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Judge Barnard.

THE LAING WILL CASE—BEQUESTS TO THE REFORMED DUTCH CHURCH.

Wm. H. Rainey et al., Executors of James B. Laing, deceased, vs. Wm. L. Laing.—This action was brought for the purpose of obtaining a judicial construction of the will of the late James B. Laing, of the town of Kinderhook, Columbia County, this State. It was commenced by the executors and next of kin of the deceased, who contest the validity of the will, and claim that in pursuance of the statute of distribution they are entitled to the property. The testator died at Kinderhook on the 25th of October, 1868. He was never married, and died without issue. He left the following relatives: Wm. L. Laing, a brother, Catharine E. Hermance, a sister, and Alexander K. Laing, a nephew, and the only child of a deceased brother. The estate consisted entirely of personal property, valued at about $50,000. By the provisions of the will Rutgers College in New-Jersey was to receive a collection of coins, mineral shells and other curiosities. A gold watch was bequeathed to his friend, H. H. Van Vleck. As to the validity of these bequests no question is made. In one clause of the will the deceased gives $20,000 in trust to be invested for the benefit of the sister, Catharine E. Hermance, to the extent of $500 per annum during her life, and $500 per year to the brother, W. L. Laing, during his life, the residue of the income of the $20,000 to go to the "General Synod of the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church," to be "applied to the support and education of pious, indigent young men preparing for the Gospel ministry in that church."

The residue of the estate was also bequeathed to the "General Synod of the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church, to be applied to the support and education of pious, indigent young men preparing for the Gospel ministry in that Church." No part of the income was to be applied to the education and support of young men until they had entered upon the regular course in Rutgers College. The latter, by the terms of the will, is the residuary legatee, the $20,000 above mentioned to go into the fund to be held by the Synod, and known as the "Laing Fund." The testator requested that any young man receiving aid from this fund should pay back as much as he felt able to do, and such sum was to be added to the principal of the fund by the Synod.

In deciding the case the Judge, among other things, says: "The General Synod of the Dutch Church has no legal connection with Rutgers College or its officers or students, and in law they are all strangers and aliens, even if every officer of the College and all its students were personally in communion with the Dutch Church. It seems, therefore, that it is entirely clear that the General Synod of the Dutch Church was incapable of accepting the trust attempted to be imposed upon it by the testator." The Judge further says: "Excepting the gift of minerals, &c., to Rutgers College, and a watch to H. H. Van Vleck, the will is void, and the next of kin are entitled to the fund. * * * The whole scheme of the testator as to the residue having failed, the next of kin must share equally under the statute of distribution." In another portion of this opinion the Judge says: "Who are, in the eye of the law, 'pious, indigent young men?' And what person on earth could come into Court and ask the enforcement of this assumed trust in his favor by attempting to prove that he was one of the persons intended to be benefited by the testator's gift? The law has not fixed a certain definition of 'piety' or 'indigence,' and cannot entertain controversies upon such questions. Besides, the testator intended to commit the determination of these questions to the discretion of a trustee incompetent to act. Hence there is a failure of trustee and *cestui que* trust in every legal sense."

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—JUNE 1.

By Judge Cardozo.

Keller *vs.* Schulting; motion denied to set aside report of referee.

Brett *vs.* Roe; motion granted, no costs.

Parker *vs.* Parker; proof of service, &c., wanted.

Wood *vs.* Sheldon; motion denied.

Elmore *vs.* The East New-York and Jamaica Railroad Company; retaxation ordered, no costs.

Klutz *vs.* Felt; motion granted, $10 costs to abide the event.

O'Donnell *vs.* White; motion denied, costs to abide the event.

Gertrude W. Sharkey *vs.* Marquis D. L. Sharkey; report of referee confirmed, and judgment of divorce granted.

O'Donnell *vs.* White; motion denied, costs to abide the event.

Hart *vs.* Woolf. In the matter of the estate of Harry J. Spotts; motions denied.

Burke *vs.* Valentine; sale ordered.

In the matter of the application of Matilda Delaplune; order granted.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—JUNE 1.

By Judge Loew.

Grube *vs.* Schultheis; motion for additional allowance granted, at three per cent. allowed on same fund due to plaintiff by referee.

Brady *vs.* Hart; motion granted.

Patent Button-hole Collar Company *vs.* Forgie; motion granted.

Hiller *vs.* The Continental Life Insurance Company; motion denied.

Potter *vs.* Vandervoort; motion denied without costs.

Wilkey *vs.* Munson; motion to refer cause denied without costs.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—JUNE 1, 1870.

FIRST BOARD—10½ A. M.

$3,000	U. S. 6s, '81 C..	117⅞	300	Atlantic Mail.....	30
500	U. S. 5-20 C., '64	111⅛	800	do.....	30¼
1,000	U. S. 6s, Cur....	113	100	do.....	30½
2,500	U. S. 5-20 C., '65, new.....	113⅝	100	do......s60	30
4,000	do.....	113⅝	200	do.....	30¼
30,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40 C	108⅝	400	do...bet. call	30½
25,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '68	114	200	Pac. Mail......b.c	43⅛
8,000	do.....s3	114⅛	300	do.....	43⅜
1,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40 R	108⅛	500	do.....	43⅜
15,000	Tenn. S. 6s, n..	57⅛	100	do.....	43⅜
35,000	do.....	57⅛	500	do.....	43⅞
10,000	do.....	57½	100	U. S. Ex......b. c	45
20,000	do.....s30	57⅜	400	N. Y. C. & H. b. c	100⅝
12,000	do.....	57⅜	300	Erie R.....	23⅛
4,000	do.....	57⅛	100	do.....s60	23
20,000	do.....b3	58	500	Reading R.....	107
30,000	do.....s60	57½	60	do.....	107⅛
1,000	N. C. St. 6s.....	49	200	L. S. & M. S. R R	97⅝
3,000	S. C. St. 6s, n...	25½	100	do...bet. call	97⅝
1,000	S. Car. St., new, April & Oct..	81½	100	Mich. Cen. R...b.c	125
2,000	do.....	81	100	do.....	125⅛
15,000	Br. 6s, W. L....	95¼	45	Panama Railroad.	143
1,000	N. Y. C. 6s, '83.	92½	2,300	Clev. & Pitts. R.	109⅛
1,000	Erie 3d M.....	88¼	200	do.....b60	109⅜
4,000	N. Y. C. 6s, S. bds.....	90	100	do.....	109⅛
2,000	C., B. & Q. 8s..	114	200	C. & N. W. R.....	81⅛
2,000	Cen. P. R. R. G. bds.....	93¼	100	C. & N. W. Pf.....	88⅜
1,000	D., L. & W. 2d M.....	97½	200	Chic. & R. I.....	119⅛
1,000	Gr. West. 2d M	79½	100	do.....	119⅛
2,000	O. & M. C. bds.	90	14	do.....	119⅝
3,000	St. L. & I. M. R. 1st M. bds.....	89	100	Mil. & St. Paul R.	65⅜
1,000	Mil. & St. P. 1st	95	200	do.....	65⅝
1,000	do.....	95¼	75	C., C. Cin. & Ind..	79⅛
3,000	L. S. Div. bds..	94	100	do.....	79⅛
5,000	Chi. & G. E. In.	45	100	Tol., W. & W.....	55⅛
10	Fourth Nat. B'k..	109½	50	P., F. W. & C., G.	95⅛
20	Tenth Nat. Bank.	125	50	do.....	95⅛
250	W. U. Tel.....	31½	200	do.....	95⅛
500	do...bet. call	31¼	100	Chic. & Alton R..	117
10,000	N. Y. C. & H. Ctfs......b. c	95½	900	Ohio & Miss. R...	40⅛
			500	do...bet. call	40⅛
			100	C., B. & Q. R.....	156
			500	St. L. & I. M. R...	46⅛
			15	New-Jersey R.....	121
			400	Bos., H. & E. R..	4⅛
			10	do.....	5
			50	Long Island R...	62

SECOND BOARD—12½ AND 2½ P. M.

$1,000	U. S. 6s, '81, R., x1.....114		200	Atlantic Mail.....	30⅛
25,000	U.S.5-20 C.'65, N.	113⅝	100	do.....	30⅛
110,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '67, b3.....	114⅛	100	do.....	30⅛
10,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '62.	112⅛	15	Am. M. U. Ex.....	43⅛
12,000	do.....	112⅛	100	U. S. Ex......bet. c.	45⅛
15,000	U. S. 6s, Cur.....	113	100	do.....	45⅛
10,000	U. S. 5-20 R., '67.	110⅝	30	Adams Ex..bet. c.	64
1,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40 C.	108⅝	100	N.Y.C.& H. R. R., bet. call.....	100⅛
114,000	do.....	108⅝	10000	N.Y.C.&H.Ctfs.	95⅛
5,000	do.....b3.	108⅝	2000	Reading.....	107⅛
17,000	Tenn. St. 6s, N..	57⅛	200	do.....s60.	105⅛
10,000	do.....	57⅛	1000	do...bet. call.	107⅛
6,000	S. Car. St. 6s, N., Jan. & July.....	82⅛	200	L.S.& M.S.bet. c.	97⅛
5,000	La. 6s, Lev. Bs..	75¼	40	Chic. & N. W.....	81⅛
4,000	Ga. St. 7s.....	95	100	Chic. & R. I.....	119⅛
5,000	Ch. & Gt. E. In.	44⅛	100	do.....b30.	119⅛
7,000	C.,C.&I.C. 1st M.	82⅛	300	do.....	119⅛
10,000	C.,C.&I.C. 2d M.	63⅛	200	Mil. & St. P.....	65⅛
100	West. U. Tel.....	32	400	M. & St. P. Pf...b3	81⅛
400	Pacific Mail.....	44	800	O. & Miss...bet. c.	40⅛
20	do.....	43⅝	42	Morris & Essex.....	94
200	do...bet. call	43⅜	100	Han. & St. Jo.....	118
100	do.....	43⅛	100	Han. & St. Jo. Pf..	117⅛
			100	Col., C. & I. Cen...	19⅛
			34	N. Y. & N. H. Sc..	150

NATIONAL STOCK EXCHANGE—NOON.

$10,000	U. S. 5-20s, '67...	114	100	Clev. & Pitts.....	109⅛
300	Canton.....	68⅛	100	Chic. & N. W...s3	81⅛
200	West. Un. Tel.....	31⅛	200	do.....	81⅛
100	do.....b3	31⅛	100	do.....	81⅛
200	Pacific Mail.....	43⅛	1,000	Erie R. R.....	23⅛
10,000	N.Y.C. & H. R. Scrip.....b3	95⅛	100	do.....s3	23⅛
200	Reading.....	107⅛	400	do.....c	23⅛
300	L. S. & Mich. So.	97⅛	100	Mil. & St. P.....	65⅛
200	do.....b3	97⅛	100	C., C. & I. C.....	19⅛
200	Ohio & Miss...b3	40⅛	200	Newark & C.....	84
200	do.....	40⅛	200	Dale Prop. B. C...	40⅛
100	Ill. Central.....	139	100	Smith & P.....	100

WEDNESDAY, June 1—P. M.

The Treasury makes another most gratifying monthly exhibit of the Public Debt today. The decrease in May was *fourteen million three hundred thousand dollars*. The whole decrease in the fifteen months of Gen. GRANT'S Administration amounts to $117,900,818. The amount in the Sinking Fund is $117,528,350, closely corresponding with the actual decrease. After paying the May Interest on the United States 5-20s and selling $4,000,000 for the Sinking Fund during the month, the Treasury now holds $106,789,732 in Gold, of which $71,398,933 is in Government ownership, and there is also an available Currency balance at the close of the month of $14,243,817. The following is the comparative Schedule of the Public Debt as as it stood on the 4th March, 1869, and as it stands today:

PUBLIC DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES.

	March 1, 1869.	June 1, 1870.
United States 5-20s.....	$1,602,587,350	$1,602,676,300
Less in Sinking Fund.....	....	117,528,350
Outstanding 5-20s.....	$1,602,587,350	$1,485,147,950
Other gold bonds.....	505,268,800	505,266,900
Total outstanding.....	$2,107,846,150	$1,990,414,850
Decrease under new Administration.....		$117,431,300
CIRCULATION, CASH ON HAND, &C.	March 1, 1869.	June 1, 1870.
Greenbacks.....	$356,021,073	$356,107,221
Fractional currency.....	36,781,547	39,508,057
Gold notes.....	28,775,530	35,395,500
Three per cents.....	57,140,000	45,545,000
Navy pension funds.....	14,000,000	14,000,000
Past due demands.....	6,422,464	3,771,317
Accrued interest.....	35,071,255	42,908,675
In [illegible].....	$533,211,899	$537,181,140
Less gold in the Treasury..	98,741,261	106,789,732
Total.....	$434,470,638	$430,391,408
Less notes in the Treasury	16,853,529	14,243,817
Balance unfunded.....	$417,617,109	$416,147,591
Decrease in unfunded debt.....		$469,518
Decrease in funded stocks.....		117,431,300
Decrease since March 4, 1869.....		$117,900,818

OUTSTANDING DEBT, AS ABOVE.

Funded.....	$1,990,414,850
Unfunded.....	416,147,591
Total June 1, 1870.....	$2,406,562,441
Total May 1, 1870.....	2,420,864,314
Decrease of month.....	$14,301,873

Exchange on London was advanced this morning by the leading Bankers to 110 ₱ cent., 60 days, and 110½ ₱ cent., sight. These are the full Gold shipping points with Bankers who have joint establishments or joint accounts on the other side, as most of the great houses in New-York have. There was no large amount of active business for the steamer mails to-day, and some outside Bills (Bankers') were picked up at 109¾ ₱ cent. But, from present appearances, the rise is likely to be established for the succeeding mails. The sales of Gold in the forenoon were at 114⅛@114¼ ₱ cent. The awards of the $1,000,000 offered by the Sinking Fund were at a trifling fraction under 114⅜ ₱ cent. After 2 o'clock the feeling in the Gold Room was stronger, and the sales advanced to 114½ ₱ cent., the price being strengthened by the advance in Exchange.

BIDS FOR GOLD TO SINKING FUND.

Waite, Morris & Co.	
$10,000.....	114.
10,000.....	114.
10,000.....	114.
10,000.....	114.
10,000.....	114.
R. B. Drummond.	
10,000.....	114.25
25,000.....	114.12½
25,000.....	114.
25,000.....	113.00
15,000.....	113.00
Duff & Tienken.	
10,000.....	114.31
10,000.....	114.32
10,000.....	114.33
10,000.....	114.34
10,000.....	114.35
Marx & Co.	
50,000.....	114.27½
50,000.....	114.31¼
Kennedy, Hutchinson & Co	
25,000.....	114.20
25,000.....	114.27
25,000.....	114.30
25,000.....	114.15
20,000.....	114.25
30,000.....	114.26
H. A. Heiser's Sons.	
10,000.....	114.13 1-10
10,000.....	114.15 1-10
10,000.....	114.17 1-10
10,000.....	114.19 1-10
10,000.....	114.21 1-10
10,000.....	114.23 1-10
10,000.....	114.25 1-10
10,000.....	114.26 1-10
10,000.....	114.27 1-10
10,000.....	114.28 1-10
Trevor & Colgate.	
175,000.....	114.25
100,000.....	114.15
200,000.....	114.10
J. F. Underhill & Co.	
100,000.....	114.29
100,000.....	114.31
100,000.....	114.32
100,000.....	114.33
100,000.....	114.34
100,000.....	114.35

Lounsberry & Fanshawe.	
$1,000,000.....	114.23
Humbert Bros.	
30,000.....	114.30
Geo. H. Bend.	
50,000.....	114.24
50,000.....	114.26
Schafer Bros.	
5,000.....	114.25
45,000.....	114.27
25,000.....	114.30
25,000.....	114.31
Vermilye & Co.	
10,000.....	114.25
W. T. Hatch & Son.	
5,000.....	114.30
15,000.....	114.26
25,000.....	114.01
25,000.....	113.76
Reed, Leo & Content.	
100,000.....	114.03
Lloyd, Hamilton & Co.	
100,000.....	114.
100,000.....	114.03
100,000.....	114.06
J. B. Summerfield & Co.	
10,000.....	114.29
10,000.....	114.28
10,000.....	114.27
10,000.....	114.26
10,000.....	114.25
5,000.....	114.20
5,000.....	114.15
Kenyon, Cox & Co.	
100,000.....	114.28
Tuman & Enos.	
100,000.....	114.31
H. K. Thurber & Co.	
10,000.....	114.00½
10,000.....	114.
10,000.....	113.00½
J. A. Zerega & Co.	
100,000.....	114.34
45,000.....	114.37
G. C. Magoun.	
50,000.....	114.29
50,000.....	114.21
$3,885,000	

ACCEPTED BIDS FOR GOLD JUNE 1.

John A. Zerega & Co.	
$100,000.....	114.31
45,000.....	114.37
Quinan & Enos.	
100,000.....	114.31
W. T. Hatch & Son.	
5,000.....	114.30
Scharer & Bros.	
25,000.....	114.30
25,000.....	114.31
Marx & Co.	
50,000.....	114.31¼
Duff & Tienken.	
10,000.....	114.31
10,000.....	114.32
10,000.....	114.33
10,000.....	114.34
10,000.....	114.35

Humbert Bros.	
$30,000.....	114.30
J. F. Underhill & Co.	
100,000.....	114.36
100,000.....	114.34
100,000.....	114.32
100,000.....	114.31
92,000.....	114.29
Kennedy, Hutchinson & Co.	
23,000.....	114.29
G. C. Magoun.	
48,000.....	114.20
J. B. Summerfield & Co.	
9,000.....	114.29
$1,000,000	

The Treasury Office took in $612,000 in Gold for Customs today, and the steam-ship *Russia* carried out $212,000 for England.

At the Stock Exchange the Public Funds were ⅛@¼ ₱ cent. stronger than last night, and there was more business done, especially in 5-20s for transmission to Europe, on the basis of 114¼ for the 1867s. The market was a little quiet at the close of the day. The orders to buy for the other side were understood to be large at 114 @114¼ ₱ cent., but there was much difficulty in bringing out sellers, except of small parcels, even at 114¼ ₱ cent. In Tennessee new Bonds a large business was done, and the price went up on the adverse telegrams from Nashville about Repudiation, circulated through the morning papers. The other Southern Bonds and Pacific Mail Shares were steady in prices, and the New-York and Western Roads, and also Reading, displayed increased strength, and on the special favorites of yesterday and today, Reading and Ohio and Mississippi, there was considerable animation. The general tone of the market was firm, and the Street appears to be growing indifferent to the daily rumors from Washington, although the "special" telegrams today were nearly all shaped in the bearish view of the prospect of the Currency and Funding Bills.

At the late Boards the following quotations were made, as compared with Tuesday night:

CLOSING QUOTATIONS, JUNE 1.

	Tuesday.	Wednesday.
United States 10-40s.....	108⅜	108⅝
United States 5-20s of 1862.....	112⅛	112⅛
United States 5-20s of 1867.....	114	114¼
American Gold Coin.....	114⅜	114½
Bills on London, 60 days.....	109⅞	110
New Bonds of Tennessee.....	57⅛	57¾
N. Y. Central and Hudson.....	100⅝	101
N.Y.C. & Hud. Debt Certificates.	95⅛	95⅝
Reading Railroad.....	106⅞	108¼
Chicago and Rock Island.....	119⅛	120
North-western Common.....	81⅝	82¼
North-western Preferred.....	88⅞	90
Pacific Mail Company.....	43⅜	43⅞
St. Paul Preferred.....	81⅛	81½
St. Paul Common.....	65⅝	65⅞
Lake Shore.....	97⅞	98⅜
Ohio and Mississippi.....	40⅝	41¼
New-Jersey Central.....	109½	109½

UNITED STATES TREASURY, }
NEW YORK, June 1. }

General balance yesterday.....	$84,520,151 37
Gold receipts.....	669,499 25
Gold payments.....	124,632 62
Gold, balance.....	76,644,987 04
Currency receipts.....	1,546,984 36
Currency payments.....	251,646 61
Currency balance.....	8,036,853 88
General balance.....	86,475,737 51
Customs.....	612,000 00

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ₱ cent. reg'd, '81.....	113⅞	5-20 coup., n. i., '65.....	113⅞
6 ₱ cent. coup., '81.....	117⅛	5-20 reg'd, '67.....	110
5-20 reg'd, '62.....	111⅛	5-20 coup., '67.....	114⅛
5-20 coup., '62.....	112⅛	5-20 reg'd, '68.....	110
5-20 reg'd, '64.....	111⅛	5-20 coup., '68.....	114⅛
5-20 coup., '64.....	111⅛	10-40 reg'd.....	108⅛
5-20 reg'd, '65.....	111⅛	10-40 coup.....	108⅛
5-20 coup., '65.....	111⅛	6s Currency.....	112⅛
5-20 reg'd, n. i., '65.....	110		

The transfers closed last night on all the July and January Registered Stocks of the United States, and the 6s of 1881 and 5 20s of 1865, 1867 and 1868 are now quoted Ex-Dividend.

And the following for the State Bonds:

Tennessee 6s, ex coup.	61¼	Kentucky 6s.....	96
Tennessee 6s, n. b.....	57⅛	Illinois canal bds., '70.	101
Virginia 6s, ex coup.....	65	Illinois coupon 6s, '77.	101
Virginia 6s, n. b.....	68	Illinois coupon 6s, '79.	101
Georgia 6s.....	86	Illinois war loan.....	101
Georgia 7s, n. b.....	95	Indiana 5 ₱ cent.....	99
North Carolina 6s.....	49	Michigan 6 ₱ cent., '73.	95
North Carolina 6s, n. b.	25	Michigan 6 ₱ cent., '78.	97
South Carolina 6s.....	85	Michigan 6 ₱ cent., '83.	97
South Carolina 6s, n. b.	82	Michigan 7 ₱ cent., '78.	97
S. Car. 6s, Apr. & Oct.	80¼	Michigan 7 ₱ ct. w. l...	101
Missouri 6s.....	93⅛	N. Y. Reg. B'y Loan...	110⅛
Mo. 6s, H. & St. J. Is.	94	N. Y. Coup. B'y Loan.	111
Louisiana 6s.....	76½	N. Y. 7s, C'l L'n, '70...	105
Louisiana 8s, levee b...	92	N. Y. 6s, C'l L'n, '72...	105
California 7s.....	113½	N. Y. 6s, C'l L'n, '73...	105
Connecticut 6s.....	101½	N. Y. 6s, C'l L'n, '74...	105
Rhode Island 6s.....	101	N. Y. 6s, C'l L'n, '75...	105
Alabama 8s.....	101	N. Y. 6s, C'l L'n, '77...	105
Alabama 5s.....	70	N. Y. 6s, C'l L'n, '78...	105
Ark. 7s, L. R. & F. S. 7s.	75¼	N. Y. 5s, C'l L'n, '74...	102
Ohio 6 ₱ cent., '75.....	102	N. Y. 5s, C'l L'n, '75...	101
Ohio 6 ₱ cent., '81.....	102½	N. Y. 5s, C'l L'n, '76...	101
Ohio 6 ₱ cent., '86.....	102½		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83.....	92½	Ill. & So. Iowa 1st.....	75
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Est.	87	Gal. & Chic. Ext.....	100
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Subsc'n.	89	Gal. & Chic. 2d.....	91
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76.....	103	Chic. & R. I. 7s.....	102
Erie 7s, 2d ind., '79.....	98¼	Chic., R. I. & Pac.....	98¼
Erie 7s, 3d ind., '83.....	96	Morris & Essex 1st.....	100⅛
Erie 7s, 5th ind., '88.....	81¼	Clev. & Tol. S. F.....	100
B., N. Y. & E. 1st, '77.	90	N. J. Cen. 1st.....	101
Hud. R. 7s, 2d S. F., '85.	105	N. J. Cen. new bds.....	101¼
Harlem 1st.....	101	Pitts., Ft. W. & Chi. 1st.	104⅛
Mich. Cen. 1st 8s, '82...	121	Pitts., Ft. W. & Chi. 2d.	98
Mich. So. 7 ₱ c. 2d.....	94⅛	Pitts., Ft. W. & Chi. 3d.	93⅛
M. So. & N. I. S. F. 7 ₱ c.	98½	Clev. & Pitts. C. S. F.	88
Pac. R. 7s, guar. by Mo.	92⅛	Clev. & Pitts. 2d.....	98
Cen. Pac. Bonds.....	93⅛	Clev. & Pitts. 4th.....	78⅛
Union Pac. 1st Bonds.	87	Chic. & Alt. 1st.....	102¼
Ill. Cen. 7 ₱ c., '70.....	109	Chic. & Alt. Inc.....	91⅛
Alt. & T. H. 1st.....	98	Ohio & Miss. 1st.....	99
Alt. & T. H. 2d Pref.....	85	Ohio & Miss. Consol'd.	89
Chic. & N. W. S. F.....	98	Dub. & Sioux C. 1st.....	95
Chi. & N. W. Int. Bds.	90	Penn. R. R. Bonds.....	90
Chi. & N. W. Ex. Bd..	87	St. L. & Iron Mt. Bds.	88⅛
Chic. & N. W. 1st.....	95½	Mil. & St. Paul 1st 8s.	105⅛
Consol'd 7 ₱ c. conv.....	91	Mil. & St. P. 1st 7 3-10..	94⅛
H. & St. Jo. L. G'ts.....	108	Mil. & St. Paul 1st.....	95
Lack. & West. Bds.....	98	Mil. & St. Paul 2d.....	82⅛
Del., Lack. & W. 1st..	99	Mar. & Cin. 1st.....	92⅛
Del., Lack. & W. 2d.....	97⅛	Col., Chic. & Ind. 1st..	82⅛
Tol. & Wab. 2d.....	84⅛	Col., Chic. & Ind. 2d..	63⅛
Gt. West. 1st, '88.....	89	Tol., Peo. & W., E. D.	81x
Gt. West. 2d, '93.....	79⅛	Tol., Peo. & W., W. D.	79⅛

And the following for the City Bank Stocks and Miscellaneous Shares:

New-York.....	148	St. Nicholas.....	117
Mechanics'.....	139	Commonwealth.....	114½
Union.....	130	Importers' & Traders'.	157
America.....	148	Park.....	167
Phenix.....	110⅛	Manuf. & Merchants'.	100
Tradesmen's.....	154	Central National.....	114
Mechanics' & Traders'.	125	Fourth National.....	109⅛
National.....	117	Tenth National.....	125
Merchants' Exchange.	104	Oriental.....	150⅛
Seventh Ward.....	108	Gold Exchange.....	60
State of New-York.....	109⅛	Bkrs' & Brokers' Ass.	106⅛
Commerce.....	129	Del. & Hud. Canal.....	122⅛
Ocean.....	85	Pennsylvania Coal.....	220
Mercantile.....	125	Canton Co., Balt.....	68⅛
American Exchange.	111	West. Union Tel.....	31⅛
Chatham.....	170	Quicksilver Mining.....	8⅛
Bank of the Republic.	118	Mariposa Mining.....	7⅛
Bank of North Am.....	107	Mariposa Preferred.....	15⅛
Hanover.....	108⅛	Boston Water Power.	16⅛
Irving.....	117	Adams Express.....	63⅛
Metropolitan.....	140	Wells-Fargo Express.	15
East River.....	112¼	Wells-Fargo Ex. Scrip	3
Nassau.....	104	American Express.....	43⅛
Shoe and Leather.....	165	United States Ex.....	45
Corn Exchange.....	129	Merchants' Union Ex	11
Continental.....	99⅛	Pacific Mail.....	43⅛

PHILADELPHIA STOCKS—JUNE 1.

Telegraphed to E. D. Randolph & Co.

	Bid.	Asked.
City 6s, Old.....	98½	98¾
City 6s, New.....	100	100⅛
Camden and Amboy.....	119⅝	119¾
Pennsylvania Central.....	115¼	115½
Reading.....	107⅝	107¾
Lehigh Valley.....	58	58⅛
Catawissa Preferred.....	38⅛	38⅝
Philadelphia and Erie.....	30⅛	30⅝
Northern Central.....	44	44⅛
Lehigh Navigation.....	34⅛	34⅜
Lehigh Gold Loan.....	93⅛	93⅝

The return from the Bank of England for the week ended the 18th of May gives the following results when compared with the previous week:

Rest.....	£3,124,657..	Increase.....£6,277
Public deposits.....	9,182,350..	Increase.....300,917
Other deposits.....	15,906,908..	Decrease.....432,058
Government securities.	12,931,695..	No alteration.
Other securities.....	18,454,344..	Decrease.....563,989
Notes unemployed.....	10,712,915..	Increase.....428,939

The amount of notes in circulation is £23,228,175, being a decrease of £216,570; and the stock of bullion in both departments is £20,005,207, showing an increase of £223,307, when compared with the preceding return. Subjoined is a comparison of the present position of the Bank of England, and the prices of Consols and French Rentes with the corresponding week of last year:

	At Present.	Last Year.
Bullion.....	£20,005,207	£16,808,940
Reserve.....	11,777,032	8,471,655
Notes in circulation.....	23,228,175	23,337,285
Rate of discount.....	3 ₱ cent.	4½ ₱ cent.
Consols.....	94⅛	93⅛
French Rentes.....	75f. 7c.	72f.

The Paris *Journal Officiel* of May 20 publishes the following official figures from the Bank of France:

	May 12. Francs.	May 19. Francs.
Capital of the Bank.....	182,500,000	182,500,000
Profits and addition.....	7,044,776	7,044,776
Reserve of the Bank.....	22,105,750	22,105,750
Landed property.....	4,000,000	4,000,000
Notes in circulation.....	1,442,391,200	1,421,337,800
Bank notes to order.....	48,097,603	45,683,310
Treasury account.....	148,178,996	148,035,412
Current accounts.....	297,851,590	324,075,113
Current branch banks.....	42,057,200	45,066,228
Dividends payable.....	1,054,845	1,025,139
Discounts.....	7,088,243	7,439,621
Rediscounted.....	1,305,522	1,305,522
Sundries.....	10,860,269	9,683,457
Total.....	2,214,515,996	2,219,301,130
Cash on hand.....	1,268,120,244	1,281,160,139
Commercial bills overdue.....	171,424	196,631
Commercial bills not yet due..	293,772,609	290,137,442
Commercial branch banks.....	276,739,251	271,342,697
Advance on bullion.....	4,464,700	4,183,900
Branch banks.....	1,404,200	1,468,800
French public securities.....	15,873,000	15,843,100
Branch banks.....	7,554,850	7,847,440
On railway shares, &c.....	38,829,500	39,659,200
By the branch banks.....	33,011,600	32,995,100
On Credit Foncier.....	1,153,800	1,168,000
Branches.....	1,152,000	1,204,460
To the State.....	60,000,000	60,000,000
Government stock reserve.....	12,980,750	12,980,750
Government disposable.....	80,575,187	80,575,187
Rentes and immobiles.....	100,000,000	100,000,000
Hotel and furniture.....	9,117,287	9,117,187
Expenses and management.....	1,613,755	1,624,544
Sundries.....	7,981,736	7,736,590
Total.....	2,214,515,996	2,219,301,130

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ THE SOUTHERN CENTRAL RAILROAD is now completed the entire distance from Owego to Auburn. A popular and prosperous Agricultural and Manufacturing district is thus efficiently provided for. The local business of the Southern Central will be very large both in freight and passenger traffic. The rich Agricultural country through which it runs will afford a constantly increasing business. The great manufacturing establishments at Auburn, whose water-power is the best in the State, and the enterprising towns along the line, will always secure to this road a good income.

VERMILYE & CO., the Financial Agents of the Road, offer the remaining unsold portion of the Bonds with the greatest confidence, believing them to be as good a security as any that has ever been placed on this market.

The Bonds bear Seven per cent., have thirty years to run, and they are convertible into stock at the option of the holder.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, June 1, 1870.

The receipts of the principal kinds of produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, pkgs.....	22	Pork, bbls.....	84
Cotton, bales.....	1,951	Cut-meats, pkgs.....	187
Copper, bbls.....	119	Lard, kegs.....	275
Dried Fruits, pkgs.....	20	Butter, pkgs.....	1,699
Eggs, bbls.....	1,143	Cheese, pkgs.....	1,888
Flour, bbls.....	10,604	Oil-cake, pkgs.....	234
Meal, bags.....	600	Stearine, pkgs.....	39
Wheat, bushels.....	104,149	Pea-nuts, bags.....	31
Corn, bushels.....	45,430	Rice, bags.....	242
Oats, bushels.....	64,843	Starch, boxes.....	500
Malt, bushels.....	20,713	Tobacco, hhds.....	248
Hops, bales.....	182	Tobacco, bxs. & cs.....	146
Hides, number.....	431	Whisky, bbls.....	509
Leather, sides.....	7,987	Wool, bales.....	84
Resin, bbls.....	226		

The export clearances since our last, reported at the Merchants' Exchange, Pine-street, have been as follows:

By the steamer *Russia*, for Liverpool—8 pks. Skins, 45 bales Hops, 501 bales Cotton, 1,249 boxes Cheese.

By the steamer *Nemesis*, for Liverpool—14,498 bushels Wheat, 158 boxes Cheese, 9 bales Cotton.

By the steam-ship *Aleppo*, for Liverpool—20 hhds. Tallow, 42 bales Cotton, 31,486 bushels Wheat.

By the steamer *Nevada*, for Liverpool—25 tcs. Lard, 10 boxes Bacon, 7,675 bushels Wheat, 83 tcs. Beef, 17 boxes Plates, 27 bales Furs, 10 bbls. Isinglass, 2 horses, 1 wagon, 3,434 bales Cotton.

By the bark *Assunta*, for Cork and orders—30,648 bushels Wheat.

By the brig *Herald*, for Cork—1,110 bbls. Refined Petroleum.

By the ship *Roodie*, for London—4,800 Staves, 3,814 bbls. Flour, 2,847 bags Oil-cake, 25,168 bushels Wheat, 22 hhds. Grease.

By the ship *Caledonia*, for Glasgow—33 hhds. Tallow, 100 bbls. Fish-roes, 153 pks. Grease, 2,400 Staves, 2,121 bbls. Flour, 29,149 bushels Wheat, 5 pks. Awl-hafts, 900 Oars, 2 bales Hogs' Hair, 184 bbls. Resin.

By the bark *Lavinia*, for Antwerp—2,905 bbls. Refined Petroleum.

By the bark *Bavaria*, for Hamburg—29 cks. Metal, 1,783 bags Coffee, 22,888 bushels Wheat.

By the bark *Narragansett*, for Corunna—6,000 Staves, 594 hhds. Tobacco, 8 bales Tobacco.

ASHES—Have been in moderate demand at from $6 50@$7 for Pots, and $9 25@$9 75 for Pearls, ₱ 100 lbs. Stock, 506 bbls.

COFFEE—Rio has been more active at about previous prices; sales, 1,011 bags by the steamer *Lafayette* here, and 3,500 bags by the brig *Anna* at New-Orleans, on private terms. Of Santos, 4,257 bags by the bark *Adelaide Pendergast*, were disposed of here on private terms. Other kinds have been quiet at essentially unaltered figures. We quote: Java at 20c.@22c.; Maracaibo at 16½c.@19c.; Laguayra, 16½c. @18½c.; Rio, 9¾c.@13¾c., in bond; Native Ceylon, 17¾c.@19c.; Jamaica, 15c.@16½c.; Singapore, 18c.@18½c.; Costa Rica, 16c.@20c.; Manila, 16c.@17c.; Mexican, 15c.@18c.; Savanilla, 15½c.@18c.; San Domingo, in bond, 9¾c.@9¾c., gold, ₱ lb. Stock of all kinds in first hands this morning, 71,229 bags, and 35,918 mats, against 161,915 bags and 41,808 mats same time last year.

COTTON—There has been very little movement in this line since our last, though buyers have any existing advantage as to price. Sales have been reported of 1,194 bales for early delivery, including 389 bales for shipment, 694 bales to spinners and 111 bales to speculators. Also 1,200 bales for forward delivery, including 500 bales, basis Low Middling, for June, 21⅛c.@21¼c.; 400 bales do., July, 21 7-16c.@21⅝c.; 300 bales do., August, 21⅝c. ₱ lb.

Closing Prices of Cotton.

	Uplands.	Mobile.	N. O.	Texas.
Ordinary.....	18⅜	18⅝	19	19⅛
Good Ordinary.....	20⅛	20⅜	21	21⅛
Low Middling.....	21⅜	22	22⅛	22⅛
Middling.....	22⅛	22⅝	23	23⅛
Good Middling.....	23⅝	24⅛	24⅛	24⅝

Movements of Cotton at this Port.	Bales.
Receipts thus far this week.....	6,006
Receipts last week.....	16,778
Receipts the preceding week.....	13,372
Receipts since Sept. 1.....	661,766
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1870.....	682,160
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1869.....	638,720
Export clearances since our last.....	3,986
Exports since Sept. 1.....	375,736
Exports for the year ending Jan. 1, 1870.....	588,067
Exports for the year ending Sept. 1, 1869.....	328,579
Estimated stock here.....	50,000

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been quite moderately sought after and quoted a shade lower, on a more liberal offering, especially of other than desirable lines of Superfine and Extra State. Sales have been reported since our last of 9,300 bbls., including poor to choice Superfine State and Western at $4 75@$4 95; inferior to good Extra State at $5 05@$5 25; poor to good shipping brands round-hoop Ohio at $5 05@$5 25 ₱ bbl. We quote:

Superfine State and Western.....	$4 75@$4 95
Extra State.....	5 05@ 5 75
Extra Illinois, Indiana, &c.....	5 00@ 7 75
Extra Ohio round-hoop shipping brands.....	5 00@ 5 25
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands.....	5 30@ 7 75
Extra City, shipping.....	5 10@ 6 2
Extra Genesee.....	5 80@ 7 75
Poor to fancy extra Missouri.....	5 30@ 9 75

Southern Flour has been in limited demand at drooping rates; sales have been reported since our last of 540 bbls., in lots, at $5 80@$6 85 for Poor to Good Ordinary, and $6 85@$10 for Good Ordinary to Choice Extra, ₱ bbl. Rye Flour has been in light demand at

$4 50@$5 75 for Inferior to Choice, ⅌ bbl.; sales 250 bbls. Corn-meal continues inactive at $5 25@$5 75 for Yellow and White Western; $5 20@$5 30 for Jersey; $5 75 for Brandywine, ⅌ bbl.

GRAIN—The offerings of Wheat have been in excess of the urgent wants of buyers, and prices have further yielded about a cent a bushel. Sales have been reported since our last of 173,000 bushels, part to arrive, including White Western at $1 55@$1 65; Red and Amber Western at $1 30@$1 34, in store and delivered; No. 1 Spring, $1 27@$1 28½, delivered; No. 2 Spring at $1 18@$1 22, chiefly at $1 21@$1 21½ for prime, delivered; No. 3 Spring at $1 15; Rejected Spring at $1 03@$1 05; Amber State at $1 34, in store, ⅌ bushel. Corn has been slow of sale at much lower and irregular prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 28,500 bushels at (nominally) $1 09½@$1 12 for old Mixed Western; $1 02@$1 09½ for poor to prime new Mixed Western; $1 10@$1 13 for Yellow Jersey, Pennsylvania, Western and Southern; 95c.@$1 for Unsound, ⅌ bushel. Rye has been quiet and quoted about steady at $1 07@$1 10 for Jersey and Western; $1 10@$1 15 for State; 96c. for Canada in bond, and $1 12 for do. free, ⅌ bushel. Barley continues neglected and nominal. Barley Malt has been in slack request at from 80c.@$1 05 as the extremes. Oats have been offered freely and have been quoted decidedly cheaper, on a very moderate trade demand. Sales have been reported since our last of 43,000 bushels, at 60c.@62c. for Mixed Western, in store and delivered, chiefly at 60½c.@61c., delivered; 65c.@67c. for White Western, from track and delivered; 66c.@68c. for State, in store, delivered and to arrive, ⅌ bushel. The export clearances have been 53,659 bushels Wheat for Liverpool, 3,814 bbls. Flour and 25,168 bushels Wheat for London, 2,121 bbls. Flour and 29,149 bushels Wheat for Glasgow, 30,648 bushels Wheat for Cork and orders, 22,889 bushels Wheat for Hamburg.

HAY—Bale Hay continues in moderate request at 80c.@85c., chiefly at 80c., for shipping, and 90c.@$1 10 for local use, ⅌ 100 ℔s. Straw has been quiet at 65c.@$1 05 for Short and Long, ⅌ 100 ℔s.

HIDES—Have been in some request, but at prices more favorable to purchasers.

HOPS—Have been quite moderately dealt in at steady rates, including New-York at 18c.@25c.; Eastern at 14c.@21c.; Ohio at 13c.@20c.; Wisconsin at 16c.@23c.; Yearlings at 4c.@8c. ⅌ ℔. Receipts, today, 182 bales; exports, 45 bales.

MOLASSES—There has been rather more call for the principal kinds at about steady rates; sales, 513 hhds., 48 tcs. and 10 bbls. Cuba Muscovado at 40c.; 70 hhds. Porto Rico at 56c.@63c.; small lots of Barbadoes at 50c., and New-Orleans at $1 03 ⅌ gallon. We quote: New Crop Porto Rico at 40c.@45c.; Old and New Crop Cuba, 40c.@45c.; New Crop English Islands, 30c.@50c.; New-Orleans, 75c.@$1 03 ⅌ gallon.

	Old Crop.	New Crop.
Cuba, Centrifugal and Mixed	22c.@24c.	30c.@33c.
Cuba, Clayed	24c.@25c.	36c.@39c.
Cuba, Muscovado, refining grades	25c.@30c.	36c.@40c.
Cuba, Muscovado, grocery grades	—@—	40c.@45c.
Porto Rico	—@—	40c.@68c.
English Island	—@—	30c.@50c.
New-Orleans	—@—	75c.@$1 03

Stock of Molasses in New-York June 1.

	1869.	1870.
Clayed Cuba, hhds	4,370	3,205
Cuba Muscovado, hhds	4,587	12,157
Porto Rico, hhds	368	920
English Island, hhds	2,443	1,105
St. Croix, hhds	40	—
Total, hhds	11,808	17,387
New-Orleans, bbls	56	—

NAVAL STORES—Resin has been held with increased confidence, with a fair inquiry noted, on the basis of $2 12½@$2 17½ for common to good Strained ⅌ 280 ℔s. The receipts have been 226 bbls.; exports, 184 bbls.; stock in yard, 26,358 bbls. Tar has been dull at unchanged figures; stock, 29,240 bbls. Crude Turpentine very quiet, and altogether nominal in price; stock, 245 bbls. Spirits Turpentine has been offered freely and quoted heavy, with a limited call, on the basis of 38c. for merchantable, ⅌ gallon; stock in yard, 1,708 bbls. We quote: Spirits Turpentine at 37½c.@38c. ⅌ gallon; Crude nominally at $3 50 ⅌ 280 ℔s.; Resin, $2 12½@$7 75 ⅌ 280 ℔s., the latter for Choice White; Tar, $2@$2 10; Pitch, $2@$2 40 ⅌ bbl.

PETROLEUM—Crude has been held with rather more confidence, but has been quiet, on the basis of 14⅞c. bid and 15c. asked, in bulk, and 18¾c.@19c. bid and asked, in shipping order, ⅌ gallon. At the Upper and Lower Creek, further sales have been reported of equal to 5,500 bbls. Crude, in bulk, chiefly for forward delivery, at $4 30@$4 42½ ⅌ bbl. The receipts of Crude have been — bbls.; at Philadelphia, 930 bbls. Refined Oil has been offered less freely, and has been in moderate demand at hardening prices. Sales have been reported here of 1,500 bbls. Standard White, for June delivery, at 27¾c.; 4,500 bbls., do., July, part early in the month, at 27¾c., and the balance, last half, on private terms; 500 bbls. do., August, at about 28¼c. ⅌ gallon. Also, at Philadelphia, 1,000 bbls. Standard White for June delivery at 27⅛c., and 1,500 bbls., do., July, at 27½c.@27⅝c. ⅌ gallon. The receipts of Refined Oil have been — bbls.; at Philadelphia, 2,130 bbls. The export clearances hence have been 1,110 bbls. for Cork and orders, and 2,905 bbls. for Antwerp. Refined Oil, in cases, has been in fair demand at from 32½c.@33c. ⅌ gallon, with sales reported of some 5,000 cases, for early delivery within our range. Naphtha has been in some request and quoted at 9⅞c.@10c., in shipping order, and 4⅛c.@5c., in bulk, ⅌ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been quite moderately sought after, yet prices have been fairly supported. Sales have been reported since our last of 580 bbls., in lots, at $29 62½@$29 87½, chiefly at $29 62½, for New Mess; $29 50 for Thin Mess; $26@$26 50 for Prime Mess; $22@$23 50 for Prime, ⅌ bbl. Also, 250 bbls. New Mess, seller July, at about $29 62½ ⅌ bbl. Cut-meats continue in light demand at former rates. Sales have been reported of 310 pkgs. at 12c.@12½c. for Shoulders; 15½c.@17c. for Hams, ⅌ ℔. Bacon continues inactive at about 14c. for Cumberland, ⅌ ℔. Lard has been quite dull at about former rates. Sales have been reported since our last of 385 bbls., in lots, at 14¾c.@16¼c. for poor No. 1 to choice Kettle-rendered, chiefly at 15¼c.@15½c. for City, and 15¾c.@16c. for fair to choice Western Steam, ⅌ ℔. Beef rules quiet at unchanged prices; sales have been reported since our last of 125 bbls., in lots, at $11 50@$15 50 for Plain Mess, $15 50@$18 for Extra Mess, ⅌ bbl. Tierce Beef has been lightly dealt in at $25@$26 50 for Prime Mess, and $28 50@$31 for Indian Mess, ⅌ tierce. Beef Hams have been scarce and wanted at from $32 50@$36 ⅌ bbl.; sales 50 bbls. Butter has been quiet and unsettled, including State Inferior to Prime at 20c.@30c., and Western Inferior to Prime at 16c.@26c. ⅌ ℔.; the day's receipts were 1,699 pks. Cheese continues quiet at from 5c.@17½c., as the extremes, for very Common to Fancy Factory; the day's receipts were 1,888 boxes.

Stock of Pork and Beef in the Packing-yards of New-York and Brooklyn.

Qualities.	—June 1, 1870.— Total New.	Total Old&New.	Total May 1, 1870.	Total June 1, 1870.
PORK.				
Clear	193	193	300	413
Mess	16,102	16,113	18,323	39,389
Thin Mess	1,121	1,135	1,160	1,352
Prime Mess	5,060	5,064	4,961	3,910
Prime	4,276	4,488	3,950	4,922
Rumps	1,358	1,358	1,017	185
Refuse Mess	74	73	94	283
Refuse Prime Mess	73	71	26	124
Refuse Prime	100	100	32	55
Other Refuse	155	155	121	68
Uninspected	2,156	2,156	4,299	76
Grand Total, bbls	30,665	30,906	34,283	50,772
BEEF.				
Repacked Mess	7,129	7,966	7,628	6,633
Rep. Chicago Mess	1,528	1,823	1,773	6,060
Railroad Beef	23	23	23	....
Refuse Mess	857	871	1,419	1,565
Other Refuse	....	....	....	223
Tierces Prime Mess	6,396	7,055	10,008	9 066
Country Mess	....	....	88	869
Uninspected tcs	133	134	444	....
Uninspected bbls	293	268	1,210	....
Grand total tcs. and bbls	16,820	18,140	22,593	24,520

RICE—Has been firm and in fair request; 150 tcs. Carolina brought $8 25@$8 50 ⅌ 100 ℔s. Stock, 1,280 tcs. Carolina, and 1,257 bags East India, against 3,246 tcs. Carolina, and 20,640 bags East India, June 1, 1869.

SEEDS—An active business has been reported in Calcutta Linseed, of which 16,000 bags have been disposed of at from $2 22½@$2 25, gold, closing firmly at the advanced rate of $2 25, gold, ⅌ bushel.

SUGARS—Raw have been less active, owing partly to the further rise of ⅛c. ⅌ ℔. claimed, by holders, with quite moderate offerings reported. Sales, 1,170 hhds. Cuba, Porto Rico and Demerara at 9⅛c.@12c., and 500 boxes low grades Havana at 8¾c.@9⅛c. ⅌ ℔. We now quote: Fair to good refining grades Cuba at 9⅛c.@9⅜c.; fair to good grocery grades at 9⅝c.@10⅛c.; good to choice grocery grades at 10⅛c.@10⅝c., ⅌ ℔.; Porto Rico grocery grades ranged from 9⅝c.@10⅝c.; No. 12 Box Sugar, 10c.@10⅛c. ⅌ ℔. Refined Sugars have been in good demand, ranging from 11⅝c.@13⅛c., as extremes, ⅌ ℔.

Stock of Sugar in New-York June 1.

	1869.	1870.
Cuba, hhds	82,300	79,464
Porto Rico, hhds	9,199	4,264
English Islands, hhds	1,494	3,086
St. Croix, hhds	500	248
Martinique, hhds	3,150	150
Total, hhds	96,645	87,212
Total, boxes	135,590	99,632
Total, bags	102,392	355,305
Melado, hhds	952	1,322

TALLOW, &c.—Tallow has been salable and firm. Sales have been reported since our last of 97,000 ℔s. Tallow at 9⅛c.@9⅜c. for very poor to prime; 43,000 ℔s. Stearine at 16⅛c.@17c., and 35,000 ℔s. Grease at 8⅛c.@12c. ⅌ ℔.

WHISKY—Has been in moderate demand at rather firmer prices; sales of 400 bbls., in lots, at $1 08@$1 09, chiefly at $1 08@$1 08½c., for wood and iron-bound Western and State pks., and $1 05@$1 06 for Patent, ⅌ gallon; receipts 509 bbls.

WOOL—Of the movements in this line in May, Messrs. TELKAMPF & KITCHING BROS. remark as follows: "The lack of improvement in the prices of manufactured goods, and the belief that stocks of Wool would be sufficient for all demands, until the arrival of the new clip, have led holders to realize upon their Wools, although generally at a decline from former prices. The stock of fleece is small, and affords only a limited selection. X fleeces have been chiefly sought for, and are relatively higher in price than the finer grades. Pulled Wools, especially extras, have received more attention, both for consumption and speculation. The new clip from California is arriving freely, and is much superior to that of last year in quality and condition. Receivers are selling at current rates. The fall clip is nearly closed out. Transactions in fine Texas have been so limited, that quotations are nominal. The lower grades, and Mexican Wools have received more attention. Stocks are fair, and prices unchanged. Fine Foreign Wools are in so small stock as to prevent any transactions worthy of note. Sheepskins are neglected and accumulate. Carpet Wools have been quiet. Stocks are moderate. The advance realized at the last sales still prevails on fine Wools in the European markets—except the German—where a decline of 5@7 ⅌ cent. has occurred from last Winter's rates; this firmness is attributed to the great diminution in the production of Wool and the flourishing condition of manufacturers. Low Wools are firm, and stocks exceptionally small. The imports of Wool into New-York for the year 1868 were 23,213 bales, 13,499,159 ℔s.; the imports of Wool into New-York for the year 1869 were 46,196 bales, 20,710,391 ℔s.; the imports of Wool into New-York from Jan. 1 to April 23, 1870, 15,336 bales, 6,618,191 ℔s.; the imports of Wool into New-York for month ending May 21, 796 bales, 428,824 ℔s.

PRICES CURRENT FOR DOMESTIC WOOL IN NEW-YORK, JUNE 1.

	Cents ⅌ ℔.
New-York, Michigan, Indiana.	
Extra and above fleece	40@45
¾ and ⅞ blood fleece	44@46
Common and ¼ fleece	
Ohio, Pennsylvania, Virginia.	
Choice Saxony fleece	55@60
Extra and XX fleece	46@51
¾ and ⅞ blood fleece	45@47
Common and ¼ fleece	
Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa.	
Extra and above fleece	40@43
¾ and ⅞ blood fleece	42@44
Common and ¼ fleece	
Kentucky, Missouri, Tennessee, Georgia, Alabama.	
Washed fleeces	40@42
Unwashed fleeces	30@31
Unwashed fleeces, burry	20@22
Texas.	
Unwashed fleece, medium to fine	28@30
Common fleece	17@19
Common fleece, burry	15@18
Santa Fé.	
Washed white fleece	27@29
Unwashed white fleece	20@22
Black	19@20
California.	
Spring Clip, A P	27@29
Spring Clip, A 1	25@28
Spring Clip, A 2	24@28
Spring Clip, B	22@25
Spring Clip, S	18@20
Fall Clip and Lambs, A P	21@23
Fall Clip and Lambs, A 1	19@21
Fall Clip and Lambs, A 2	19@21
Fall Clip and Lambs, B	20@22
Fall Clip and Lambs, S	17@20
Barry lots 3c.@5c. ⅌ ℔. less.	
Pulled, extra	30@37
Pulled, super	30@35
Pulled, low	24@32
Pulled Wool.	
Extra	38@45
Super	38@45
No. 1	26@33
No. 2	11@14
Lambs	36@40
Western limed pulled	34@37
Southern limed pulled	34@37
Tub washed	48@50

FREIGHTS—The market has been reported firm, though not active, since our last. For Liverpool, there were taken 190 bales Cotton, by steam, at ½d. ⅌ ℔.; 38,000 bushels Wheat at 5d. ⅌ bushel; 30 hhds. Tallow at 17s. 6d. ⅌ ton. For London, 23,000 bushels Wheat on vessel's account. For Cork and orders, a Norwegian bark, (rechartered,) with 2,600 bbls. Petroleum at 4s. 6d. ⅌ bbl. For Trieste, 235 hhds. Tobacco at 45s., and some lots of Resin at 6s. For Gibraltar and orders, an Italian brig, with 7,000 cases Petroleum at 32½c., or, if to a direct port, at 30c. For Elsinore and orders, a Norwegian bark, with 2,800 bbls. Petroleum at 5s. 3d., or, if to a direct port, at 5s., ⅌ bbl.

OFFICIAL CITY CANVASS.

STATEMENT OF THE
BOARD OF COUNTY CANVASSERS
OF THE COUNTY OF NEW YORK
IN RELATION TO VOTES GIVEN FOR INSPECTORS OF ELECTION.

The Board of County Canvassers of the County of New-York, having met at the office of the Clerk of said County, on the 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th and 30th days of May, 1870, to canvass and estimate the votes given in the several Election Districts in each of the Wards of said City and County, at the General Election held on the 17th day of May, in the year aforesaid, do certify as follows:

FOR INSPECTORS OF ELECTION.

SEVENTH WARD.

FIRST ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the First Election District of the Seventh Ward was thirteen thousand six hundred and three...... 13,603

Of which Thomas Hussion received six thousand and forty-six...... 6,046

Of which Patrick J. Mullaly received five thousand nine hundred and ninety-two...... 5,992

Of which George Young received seven hundred and ninety-nine...... 799

And of which M B. Wentworth received seven hundred and sixty-six...... 766

13,603

SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Second Election District of the Seventh Ward was thirteen thousand six hundred and thirty-five...... 13,635

Of which James Heffernan received six thousand and thirty-six...... 6,036

Of which John T. Tool received six thousand and thirty-six...... 6,036

Of which James H. Boyle received seven hundred and eighty-eight...... 788

And of which Philip McLaughlin received seven hundred and seventy-five...... 775

13,635

THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Third Election District of the Seventh Ward was thirteen thousand six hundred and twenty-nine...... 13,629

Of which Edward L. Cary received six thousand one hundred and fifty-one...... 6,151

Of which James Ryan received six thousand one hundred and six...... 6,106

Of which Edward Carroll received seven hundred and eight...... 708

Of which William Guy received six hundred and sixty-four...... 664

13,629

FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Fourth Election District of the Seventh Ward was thirteen thousand six hundred and twenty-eight...... 13,628

Of which John Ford received six thousand one hundred and eight...... 6,108

Of which William Colligan received five thousand nine hundred and seventy-six...... 5,976

Of which Archibald Bennett received eight hundred and eighty-nine...... 889

And of which William G. Tway received six hundred and fifty-five...... 655

13,628

FIFTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Fifth Election District of the Seventh Ward was thirteen thousand six hundred and twenty-six...... 13,626

Of which John Whalen received six thousand and fifty...... 6,050

Of which Thomas Sheils received six thousand and eleven...... 6,011

Of which George Kimmens received eight hundred and four...... 804

And of which Charles Bennett received seven hundred and sixty-one...... 761

13,626

SIXTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Sixth Election District of the Seventh Ward was thirteen thousand six hundred and thirty...... 13,630

Of which William M. Tweed, Jr., received six thousand and fifty-three...... 6,053

Of which Michael Shandley received six thousand and twelve...... 6,012

Of which George McGrann received eight hundred and four...... 804

And of which Daniel Dunn received seven hundred and sixty one...... 761

13,630

SEVENTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Seventh Election District of the Seventh Ward was thirteen thousand six hundred and thirty-four...... 13,634

Of which John J. Riley received six thousand and fifty-four...... 6,054

Of which Wilson Small received six thousand and fifteen...... 6,015

Of which E. S. Nevins received eight hundred and four...... 804

And of which Thomas B. Bills received seven hundred and sixty-one...... 761

13,634

EIGHTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Eighth Election District of the Seventh Ward was thirteen thousand six hundred and thirty-nine...... 13,639

Of which Dennis J. Twigg received six thousand and fifty...... 6,050

Of which Samuel A. Murphy received six thousand and ten...... 6,010

Of which Henry Bausher received eight hundred and eighteen...... 818

And of which John Fitzgerald received seven hundred and sixty-one...... 761

13,639

NINTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Ninth Election District of the Seventh Ward was thirteen thousand six hundred and twenty-nine...... 13,629

Of which Edward T. Fitzpatrick received five thousand nine hundred and sixty-seven...... 5,967

Of which George J. Brown received five thousand nine hundred and sixty-six...... 5,966

Of which Michael P. Quinn received eight hundred and fifty...... 850

And of which Samuel T. McKinney received eight hundred and forty-six...... 846

13,629

TENTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Tenth Election District of the Seventh Ward was thirteen thousand six hundred and twenty-five...... 13,625

Of which Augustus W. Oliver received six thousand [and twenty-two...... 6,022

Of which Daniel O'Brien received six thousand and one...... 6,001

Of which Dillon Dunbar received eight hundred and twelve...... 812

And of which William Wogan received seven hundred and ninety...... 790

13,625

OFFICIAL CITY CANVASS.

ELEVENTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Eleventh Election District of the Seventh Ward was thirteen thousand six hundred and twenty-six...... 13,626

Of which Jacob F. Valentine received six thousand and eighty...... 6,080

Of which Michael Gayte received six thousand and eleven...... 6,011

Of which Thomas Donalds received eight hundred and four...... 804

And of which George Methercott received seven hundred and thirty-one...... 731

13,626

EIGHTH WARD.

FIRST ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the First Election District of the Eighth Ward was eighteen thousand six hundred and twenty two...... 18,622

Of which Warren C. Bennett received five thousand four hundred and ninety-three...... 5,493

Of which John Glennon received five thousand four hundred and ninety-three...... 5,493

Of which James Thompson received two thousand nine hundred and forty-one...... 2,941

Of which Henry Warner received two thousand nine hundred and forty-one...... 2,941

Of which Charles Lindemann received eight hundred and seventy-five...... 875

Of which John M. Meyers received eight hundred and seventy-five...... 875

And of which there were scattering four...... 4

18,622

SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Second Election District of the Eighth Ward was eighteen thousand six hundred and twenty-five...... 18,625

Of which James Dunne received five thousand four hundred and ninety-three...... 5,493

Of which Frank Cavanagh received five thousand four hundred and ninety-three...... 5,493

Of which William E. Johnson received two thousand nine hundred and forty-three...... 2,943

Of which John Heffernan received two thousand nine hundred and forty-three...... 2,943

Of which Henry Doee received eight hundred and seventy-five...... 875

Of which Patrick Kelly received eight hundred and seventy-four...... 874

And of which there were scattering four...... 4

18,625

THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Third Election District of the Eighth Ward was eighteen thousand six hundred and twenty-two...... 18,622

Of which John Kinney received five thousand four hundred and ninety-two...... 5,492

Of which John Wildey received five thousand four hundred and eighty-nine...... 5,489

Of which Joseph W. Dewire received two thousand eight hundred and nineteen...... 2,819

Of which William Pakulski received two thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight...... 2,728

Of which George W. Place received one thousand two hundred and forty-two...... 1,242

Of which Joseph Dwyer received eight hundred and forty-five...... 845

Of which there were blank three...... 3

And of which there were scattering four...... 4

18,622

FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Fourth Election District of the Eighth Ward was eighteen thousand six hundred and eleven...... 18,611

Of which Charles Quinn received five thousand five hundred and twenty...... 5,520

Of which Joseph Lowenstein received five thousand five hundred and seventeen...... 5,517

Of which Joseph K. Defrates received two thousand nine hundred and forty-three...... 2,943

Of which Isaac Williams received two thousand nine hundred and forty-two...... 2,942

Of which Thomas J. Ackerman received eight hundred and forty-four...... 844

Of which George W. Francis received eight hundred and thirty-nine...... 839

Of which there were blank two...... 2

And of which there were scattering four...... 4

18,611

FIFTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Fifth Election District of the Eighth Ward was eighteen thousand six hundred and eight...... 18,608

Of which Jacob Mohrman received five thousand five hundred and twenty-one...... 5,521

Of which Charles A. L. Goldey received five thousand five hundred and eighteen...... 5,518

Of which William H. Myers received two thousand nine hundred and forty-one...... 2,941

Of which William Butler received two thousand nine hundred and forty-one...... 2,941

Of which Thomas W. Winterbottom received eight hundred and forty-one...... 841

Of which T. S. W. Titus received eight hundred and thirty-nine...... 839

Of which there were blank three...... 3

And of which there were scattering four...... 4

18,608

SIXTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Sixth Exection District of the Eighth ward was eighteen thousand six hundred and nineteen...... 18,619

Of which William Hudson received five thousand five hundred and twenty-two...... 5,522

Of which William J. Devine received five thousand five hundred and nineteen...... 5,519

Of which James Canary received two thousand nine hundred and forty-two...... 2,942

Of which James Cavanagh received two thousand nine hundred and forty-two...... 2,942

Of which William Pye received eight hundred and forty-four...... 844

Of which John A. Ruffner received eight hundred and forty-four...... 844

Of which there were blank two...... 2

And of which there were scattering four...... 4

18,619

SEVENTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Seventh Election District of the Eighth Ward was eighteen thousand six hundred and twenty...... 18,620

Of which George H. Johnson received five thousand four hundred and ninety-three...... 5,493

Of which William H. Roome received five thousand four hundred and ninety-three...... 5,493

Of which Amasa J. Coy received two thousand nine hundred and forty-four...... 2,944

Of which James Eviand received two thousand nine hundred and forty-three...... 2,943

Of which Peter Kuntz received eight hundred and seventy-three...... 873

Of which William E. Burton received eight hundred and seventy...... 870

And of which there were scattering four...... 4

18,620

EIGHTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Eighth Election District of the Eighth Ward was eighteen thousand six hundred and sixteen...... 18,616

Of which John F. O'Neal received five thousand four hundred and ninety-three...... 5,493

Of which John T. Glennon received five thousand four hundred and ninety-three...... 5,493

Of which Henry Chambers received two thousand nine hundred and forty-two...... 2,942

Of which James Houghtalin received two thousand nine hundred and forty-one...... 2,941

Of which T. B. Voorhees received eight hundred and seventy-two...... 872

Of which Joseph K. Butler received eight hundred and seventy-one...... 871

And of which there were scattering four...... 4

18,616

OFFICIAL CITY CANVASS.

NINTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Ninth Election District of the Eighth Ward was eighteen thousand six hundred and twenty-one...... 18,621

Of which Thomas Canary received five thousand four hundred and ninety-three...... 5,493

Of which Charles K. Fairchild received five thousand four hundred and ninety-three...... 5,493

Of which Sheppard Knapp received two thousand nine hundred and forty-one...... 2,941

Of which Mathew Caffrey received two thousand nine hundred and forty-one...... 2,941

Of which Bernard A. Mayerau received eight hundred and seventy-five...... 875

Of which Samuel Nash received eight hundred and seventp-three...... 873

Of which there was blank one...... 1

And of which there were scattering four...... 4

18,621

TENTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Elections of the Tenth Election District of the Eighth Ward was eighteen thousand six hundred and twenty-two...... 18,622

Of which Thomas V. Costello received five thousand four hundred and ninety-three...... 5,493

Of which Edmund M. Plum received five thousand four hundred and ninety-three...... 5,493

Of which Peter Mullen received two thousand nine hundred and forty-two...... 2,942

Of which James Roach received two thousand nine hundred and forty-two...... 2,942

Of which John R. Jones, Jr., received eight hundred and seventy-four...... 874

Of which John H. Jacobus received eight hundred and seventy-four...... 874

And of which there were scattering four...... 4

18 622

ELEVENTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Eleventh Election District of the Eighth-Ward was eighteen thousand six hundred and twenty-one...... 18,621

Of which Charles O'Connor received five thousand four hundred and ninety-three...... 5,493

Of which Thomas Nelligan received five thousand four hundred and ninety-two...... 5,492

Of which Robert S. Dunn receiv d two thousand nine hundred and forty-one...... 2,941

Of which Henry Thomas received two thousand nine hundred and forty-one...... 2,941

Of which Henry B. Matthews received eight hundred and seventy-five...... 875

Of which Samuel Underhill received eight hundred and seventy-five...... 875

And of which there were scattering four...... 4

18,621

TWELFTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Twelfth Election District of the Eighth Ward was eighteen thousand six hundred and twenty-two...... 18,622

Of which John Kelly received five thousand four hundred and ninety-three...... 5,493

Of which James P. Collins received five thousand four hundred and ninety-three...... 5,493

Of which Frank Mead received two thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven...... 2,937

Of which William Wade received two thousand nine hundred and thirty-five...... 2,935

Of which which Thomas W. Love received eight hundred and eighty-one...... 881

Of which George Terwilliger received eight hundred and seventy-nine...... 879

And of which there were scattering four...... 4

18,622

THIRTEENTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Thirteenth Election District of the Eighth Ward was eighteen thousand six hundred and twenty-two...... 18,622

Of which Lewis Franeway received five thousand four hundred and ninety-three...... 5,493

Of which Charles Harvey received five thousand four hundred and ninety-three...... 5,493

Of which John Daley received two thousand nine hundred and forty...... 2,940

Of which Michael Leach received two thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven...... 2,937

Of which John J. Silcock received eight hundred and seventy-nine...... 879

Of which William Welsh received eight hundred and seventy-five...... 875

Of which was blank one...... 1

And of which there were scattering four...... 4

18,622

FOURTEENTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass' that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Fourteenth Election District of the Eighth Ward was eighteen thousand six hundred and twenty-two...... 18,622

Of which John Gallagher received five thousand four hundred and ninety-three...... 5,493

Of which Lewis McDermott received five thousand four hundred and ninety-three...... 5,493

Of which Charles Lynch received two thousand nine hundred and forty-one...... 2,941

Of which Dennis Galvin received two thousand nine hundred and forty...... 2,940

Of which David D. Eagan received eight hundred and seventy-six...... 876

Of which John Downey received eight hundred and seventy-five...... 875

And of which there were scattering four...... 4

18,622

FIFTEENTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Fifteenth Election District of the Eighth Ward was eighteen thousand six hundred and twenty-three...... 18,623

Of which James Riley received five thousand four hundred and ninety-two...... 5,492

Of which John Norton received five thousand four hundred and ninety-two...... 5,492

Of which Thomas Eggleston received two thousand nine hundred and fifty-three...... 2,953

Of which William Walch received two thousand nine hundred and forty-one...... 2,941

Of which Henry B. Smith received eight hundred and seventy-five...... 875

Of which Frank C. Martin received eight hundred and sixty-five...... 865

Of which there was blank one...... 1

And of which there were scattering four...... 4

18,623

SIXTEENTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the sixteenth Election District of the Eighth Ward was eighteen thousand six hundred and twenty...... 18,620

Of which Harris Bogert received five thousand four hundred and ninety-three...... 5,493

Of which Abraham L. Brewer received five thousand four hundred and ninety-two...... 5,492

Of which Joseph Bell received two thousand nine hundred and forty-three...... 2,943

Of which William Degan received two thousand nine hundred and forty-one...... 2,941

Of which Thomas W. Baird received eight hundred and seventy-four...... 874

Of which James Hanna received eight hundred and seventy-three...... 873

And of which there were scattering four...... 4

18,620

SEVENTEENTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Seventeenth Election District of the Eighth Ward was eighteen thousand five hundred and seventy-nine...... 18,579

Of which James Fay received five thousand four hundred and ninety-two...... 5,492

Of which Thomas Bogan received five thousand four hundred and ninety-one...... 5,491

Of which George H. Farley received three thousand seven hundred and seventy-four...... 3,774

Of which William Porter received two thousand nine hundred and seventy-two...... 2,972

Of which N. B. Mountfort received eight hundred and forty-six...... 846

And of which there scattering four...... 4

18,579

OFFICIAL CITY CANVASS.

NINTH WARD.

FIRST ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the First Election District of the Ninth Ward was eight thousand and twenty-one...... 8,021

Of which John J. Moran received two thousand one hundred and fifty-six...... 2,156

Of which William Farrell received two thousand one hundred and fifty-five...... 2,155

Of which Robert Paton received one thousand eight hundred and forty-one...... 1,841

Of which George F. Coddington received one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine...... 1,839

Of which there were blank three...... 3

And of which there were scattering twenty-seven...... 27

8,021

SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Second Election District of the Ninth Ward was eight thousand and twenty-two...... 8,022

Of which James L. Flagg received two thousand one hundred and fifty-nine...... 2,159

Of which John McKnight received two thousand one hundred and fifty-six...... 2,156

Of which John L. Dodge received one thousand eight hundred and forty-one...... 1,841

Of which Henry P. See received one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine...... 1,839

Of which there were blank three...... 3

And of which there were scattering twenty-four...... 24

8,022

THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Third Election District of the Ninth Ward was eight thousand and nineteen...... 8,019

Of which John A. May, Jr., received two thousand one hundred and sixty-one...... 2,161

Of which James Lynch received two thousand one hundred and fifty-two...... 2,152

Of which John Mason received one thousand eight hundred and forty...... 1,840

Of which George Bush received one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven...... 1,837

Of which there were blank three...... 3

And of which there were scattering twenty-six...... 26

8,019

FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Fourth Election District of the Ninth Ward was eight thousand and ten...... 8,010

Of which James Webb received two thousand one hundred and fifty-four...... 2,154

Of which Daniel E. Coyle received two thousand one hundred and twenty...... 2,120

Of which George B. Dean received one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four...... 1,834

Of which William Veitch, Sr., received one thousand eight hundred and thirteen...... 1,813

Of which Samuel V. Lake received sixty...... 60

Of which there were blank three...... 3

And of which there were scattering twenty-six...... 26

8,010

FIFTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Fifth Election District of the Ninth Ward was eight thousand and twenty-four...... 8,024

Of which Morris Duckworth received two thousand one hundred and sixty...... 2,160

Of which Lorenzo D. Cummings received two thousand one hundred and fifty-nine...... 2,159

Of which Oscar Requa received one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine...... 1,839

Of which Isaac Cokelet received one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven...... 1,837

Of which there were blank three...... 3

And of which there were scattering twenty-six...... 26

8,024

SIXTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Sixth Election District of the Ninth Ward was eight thousand and fifty-five...... 8,655

Of which John L. Van Wart received two thousand one hundred and eighty-seven...... 2,187

Of which John T. Haviland received two thousand one hundred and sixty-one...... 2,161

Of which William H. Christie received one thousand eight hundred and forty-one...... 1,841

Of which William C. Carpenter received one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight...... 1,838

Of which there were blank three...... 3

And of which there were scattering twenty-five...... 25

8,055

SEVENTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Seventh Election District of the Ninth Ward was eight thousand and twenty-three...... 8,023

Of which John McDonald received two thousand one hundred and fifty-eight...... 2,158

Of which Adam Knobloch received two thousand one hundred and fifty-six...... 2,156

Of which Matthew Kane received one thousand eight hundred and forty-one...... 1,841

Of which Leonard Kirby received one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight...... 1,838

Of which there were blank four...... 4

And of which there were scattering twenty-six...... 26

8,023

EIGHTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Eighth Election District of the Ninth Ward was eight thousand and thirty-four...... 8,034

Of which William J. Van Arsdale received two thousand one hundred and sixty-one...... 2,161

Of which Benjamin F. Vosburgh received two thousand one hundred and sixty-one...... 2,161

Of which Lewis Hopps received one thousand eight hundred and forty-three...... 1,843

Of which George W. Freed received one thousand eight hundred and forty...... 1,840

Of which there were blank three...... 3

And of which there were scattering twenty-six...... 26

8,034

NINTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Ninth Election District of the Ninth Ward was eight thousand and twenty-six...... 8,026

Of which David M. Earle received two thousand one hundred and sixty-two...... 2,162

Of which Horatio Gallup received two thousand one hundred and sixty-two...... 2,162

Of which James N. Leeds received one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven...... 1,837

Of which Joseph Forbes received one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six...... 1,836

Of which there were blank three...... 3

And of which there were scattering twenty-six...... 26

8,026

TENTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Tenth Election District of the Ninth Ward was eight thousand and fifty-six...... 8,056

Of which Samuel Rowland received two thousand one hundred and eighty-eight...... 2,188

Of which Isaac Odell received two thousand one hundred and sixty...... 2,160

Of which David Heyler received one thousand eight hundred and forty...... 1,840

Of which Frederick Link received one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine...... 1,839

Of which there were blank three...... 3

And of which there were scattering twenty-six...... 26

8,056

ELEVENTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Eleventh Election District of the Ninth Ward was eight thousand and forty-one...... 8,041

OFFICIAL CITY CANVASS.

Of which William H. Dougan received two thousand one hundred and seventy-three...... 2,173

Of which William Kane received two thousand one hundred and sixty...... 2,160

Of which Rush Sherrill received one thousand eight hundred and forty-one...... 1,841

Of which William Gibson received one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven...... 1,837

Of which there were blank three...... 3

And of which there were scattering twenty-seven...... 27

8,041

TWELFTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Twelfth Election District of the Ninth Ward was eight thousand and forty...... 8,040

Of which William Adams, Jr., received two thousand one hundred and sixty-one...... 2,161

Of which Frank K. Dupignac received two thousand one hundred and sixty...... 2,160

Of which Vanderbilt L. Buxton received one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six...... 1,836

Of which Edward Taylor received one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four...... 1,834

Of which there were blank three...... 3

And of which there were scattering twenty-six...... 26

8,040

THIRTEENTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Thirteenth Election District of the Ninth Ward was eight thousand and twelve...... 8,012

Of which Thomas S. Bayan received two thousand one hundred and sixty-two...... 2,162

Of which John B. Dousch received two thousand one hundred and sixty...... 2,160

Of which Franklin B. Miller received one thousand eight hundred and thirty...... 1,830

Of which David Marsh received one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine...... 1,829

Of which there were blank three...... 3

And of which there were scattering twenty-seven...... 27

8,012

FOURTEENTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Fourteenth Election District of the Ninth Ward was eight thousand and thirty-six...... 8,036

Of which Thomas Wiley, Jr., received two thousand one hundred and ninety-one...... 2,191

Of which William F. Scheider received two thousand one hundred and eighty-one...... 2,181

Of which James H. Townsend, Jr., received one thousand eight hundred and eighteen...... 1,818

Of which William A. Syms received one thousand eight hundred and seventeen...... 1,817

Of which there were blank three...... 3

And of which there were scattering twenty-six...... 26

8,036

FIFTEENTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Fifteenth Election District of the Ninth Ward was eight thousand and ten...... 8,010

Of which William M. Richardson received two thousand one hundred and seventy-seven...... 2,177

Of which Jacob Lapp received two thousand one hundred and seventy-five...... 2,175

Of which Thomas H. Coppins received one thousand eight hundred and sixteen...... 1,816

Of which Henry D. Lynch received one thousand eight hundred and fifteen...... 1,815

Of which there were blank two...... 2

And of which there were scattering twenty-five...... 25

8,010

SIXTEENTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Sixteenth Election District of the Ninth Ward was eight thousand and five...... 8,005

Of which Abram D. Cole received two thousand one hundred and seventy-three...... 2,173

Of which Herman G. Schaurbach received two thousand one hundred and seventy-two...... 2,172

Of which Jacob Ackerman received one thousand eight hundred and sixteen...... 1,816

Of which William R. Ferris received one thousand eight hundred and fifteen...... 1,815

Of which there were blank three...... 3

And of which there were scattering twenty-six...... 26

8,005

SEVENTEENTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

The whole number of votes given for the offices of Inspectors of Election of the Seventeenth Election District of the Ninth Ward was eight thousand and fourteen...... 8,014

Of which Robert Cunningham received two thousand one hundred and fifty-three...... 2,153

Of which Patrick McCormick received two thousand one hundred and fifty...... 2,150

Of which Clarence A. Burtiss received one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four...... 1,834

Of which George Hallock received one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three...... 1,833

Of which there were blank three...... 3

And of which there were scattering forty-one...... 41

8,014

FURNITURE.

A NEW FURNITURE-STORE.

DEGRAAF & TAYLOR
HAVE OPENED AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF
FINE FURNITURE AND BEDDING,
CORNICES AND MIRRORS,
AT NO. 81 4TH-AV.,
EXPRESSLY FOR THE RETAIL TRADE.
QUALITY GUARANTEED IN EVERY RESPECT.
PRICES DEFY COMPETITION.

CABINET FURNITURE.

First-class FURNITURE, in parlor, library and chamber suites of newest styles.
Our entire stock warranted.
BOHNENCAMP & SOSSAU,
MANUFACTURERS.
No. 924 Broadway, between 21st and 22d sts., New-York.
Orders from the country promptly attended to.

FURNITURE TAKEN ON STORAGE in the lofts No. 18 4th-av. Apply on the premises to CONKLINS & BAYLES.

MEDICAL

$1,000 REWARD

For any case of Blind, Bleeding or Itching PILES that DE BING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It has cured cases of twenty years' standing. Try it, and get rid of the most troublesome disease flesh is heir to. Sold by all druggists.
Wholesale by JOHN HENRY, New-York.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser of the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

DR. LEWIS, NO. 7 BEACH-ST., NEW-York, cures all diseases of a peculiar nature without exposure, trouble or change of diet. Let those who despair of getting cured elsewhere, or have been pronounced incurable, consult the Doctor at once, and they will be astonished at the speedy cures which he makes. Consult him and satisfy yourself. Forty years' successful practice.

DR. HUNTER, NO. 56 BOND-ST., one door from Bowery, (40 years at No. 3 Division-st.,) cures worst cases of private diseases, without mercury, in shorter time than any other physician or no charge. Manhood restored and nervous debility cured in one week, by Dr. HUNTER'S Botanic Cordial; $5 a pint.

DR. EVANS' OFFICE, NO. 94 CHATham-st., only place for speedy cure of private diseases; manhood restored by Dr. EVANS' Elixir.

NERVOUS DEBILITY AND PRIVATE complaints of either sex cured by Dr. EVANS, No. 94 Chatham-st. Manhood restored in fifteen minutes.

$1,000 REWARD FOR ANY PRIVATE disease that Dr. EVANS' remedies fail to cure. Apply to Dr. EVANS, No. 94 Chatham-st.

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION at No. 329 Pearl-st., Harper's building, New-York. All articles at the lowest factory prices.
JOHN K. HOPPEL.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ORDINANCES OF THE CENTRAL PARK.

The Board of the Department of Public Parks do ordain as follows:

All persons are forbidden

SECTION 1. To enter or leave the Park except by the gateways.

SEC. 2. To climb or walk upon the wall.

SEC. 3. To turn cattle, horses, goats or swine into the Park.

SEC. 4. To carry firearms, or to throw stones or other missiles within it.

SEC. 5. To cut, break or in any way injure or deface the trees, shrubs, plants, turf or any of the buildings, fences, bridges or other constructions upon the Park.

SEC. 6. Or to converse with, or in any way hinder those engaged in its construction.

SEC. 7. Two pounds are hereby established within the Central Park, for the impounding of horses, cattle, sheep, goats, dogs, swine and geese, and other animals found trespassing upon said Park. All such animals found at large upon the Park may be taken by any person or persons, and driven or carried to one of the said pounds, and may be kept inclosed therein during five days, at the end of which time, if not previously claimed, they may be sold at public auction; provided that two days' previous notice of the sale thereof shall have been conspicuously posted at the pound.

The owner of any animal so impounded by virtue of the ordinances of the Central Park, may redeem the same before the day of sale, by the payment to the Treasurer of the Board as follows:

For each animal other than goats and geese, two dollars, and the expense of keeping.

For each goat, four dollars, and the expense of keeping.

For geese, twenty-five cents each, and the expense of keeping.

The expense of keeping shall be reckoned as follows:

For each horse, dog or head of neat stock, fifty cents per day.

For each goat, swine or sheep, twenty cents per day.

For each goose, five cents per day.

If, within one month after the sale of any impounded animal, their former owner shall appear and claim the same, the Treasurer shall, after deducting the full amount of the charges provided for, pay over to him the proceeds of their sale.

SEC. 8. No animal shall travel on any part of the Central Park, except upon the "ride," or equestrian road, at a rate exceeding seven miles per hour. Persons on horseback shall not travel on the "ride," or equestrian road, at a rate exceeding ten miles per hour.

SEC. 9. No vehicle shall be permitted on the "ride," or equestrian road, the same being devoted exclusively to equestrians; nor shall any vehicle, horse or animal of burden go upon any part of the Central Park except upon the "drive" and other carriage and transverse roads, and upon such places as are appropriated for carriages at rest.

SEC. 10. No animal or vehicle shall be permitted to stand upon the "drive" or carriage roads of the Central Park, or any part thereof, to the obstruction of the way, or to the inconvenience of travel, nor shall any person upon the Central Park solicit or invite passengers.

SEC. 11. No hackney-coach, carriage or other vehicle for hire shall stand upon any part of the Central Park for the purpose of taking in any other passengers or persons than those carried to the Park by said coach, carriage or vehicle.

SEC. 12. No person shall expose any article or thing for sale upon the Central Park, except previously licensed by the Board of the Department of Public Parks, nor shall any hawking or peddling be allowed on the Central Park.

SEC. 13. No omnibus or express wagon, with or without passengers, nor any cart, dray, wagon, truck or other vehicle carrying goods, merchandise, manure, soil, or other article, or solely used for the carriage of goods, merchandise, manure, or other articles, shall be allowed to enter any part of the Central Park except upon the transverse roads.

SEC. 14. No threatening, abusive, insulting or indecent language, shall be allowed on the Central Park, whereby a breach of the peace may be occasioned.

SEC. 15. No person shall be allowed to tell fortunes or play at any game of chance at or with any table or instrument of gaming, nor to do any obscene or indecent act whatever on the Central Park.

SEC. 16. In case of an emergency, where life or property are endangered, all persons, if required so to do by the Superintendent or any of his assistants, shall remove from the portion of the Central Park specified by the Superintendent or his assistants, and remain off the same till permission is given to return.

SEC. 17. The Central Park shall be open daily to the public during the months of December, January and February, from 7 o'clock in the morning until 8 o'clock in the evening; during the months of March, April, May, October and November, from 6 o'clock in the morning until 9 o'clock in the evening; and during the months of June, July, August and September, from 5 o'clock in the morning until 11 o'clock in the evening.

SEC. 18. The Superintendent may direct that any of the entrances to the Park be closed at any time, and may, on special occasions, also direct that the Park, or any portion thereof, remain open at other times than those above specified.

SEC. 19. No person other than employes of the Board of the Department of Public Parks shall enter or remain in the Central Park, except when it is open as above provided.

SEC. 20. No dog shall be allowed upon any portion of the Central Park, unless led by a chain or proper dog-string, not exceeding five feet in length, nor shall any person be allowed to lead any quadruped (except dogs) in the Central Park.

SEC. 21. No person, except in the employ of the Board of the Department of Public Works, shall bring upon the Central Park any tree, shrub, plant or flower, nor any newly-plucked branch, or portion of a tree, shrub, plant or flower.

SEC. 22. No person shall bathe, or fish in, or go, or send any animal into any of the waters of the Park, nor disturb any of the fish, water-fowl, or other birds in the Park, nor throw, or place any article or thing in said waters.

SEC. 23. No person shall fire, discharge or set off in the Central Park, any rocket, cracker, torpedo, squib, balloon, snake, chaser, or double-header, nor any fireworks or thing under any other name, composed of the same or similar material, or of the same or similar character, as the fireworks above specified.

SEC. 24. No person shall place or propel any invalid chairs or perambulators up any portion of the Central Park, except upon the walks.

SEC. 25. No person shall post or otherwise affix any bill, notice, or other paper, upon any structure or thing within the Central Park, nor upon any of the gates or inclosures thereof.

SEC. 26. No person shall, without the consent of the President of the Board of the Department of Public Parks, play upon any musical instrument within the Central Park, nor shall any person take into, or carry or display in the Central Park, any flag, banner, target or transparency.

SEC. 27. No military or target company, or civic or other procession shall be permitted to parade, drill, or perform upon the Central Park, any military or other evolutions or movements.

SEC. 28. No fire-engine, hook-and-ladder, cart, hose, truck or other machine on wheels, commonly used for the extinguishing of fire, shall be allowed on any part of the Central Park, except the transverse roads, without the previous consent of the President of the Board of the Department of Public Parks.

SEC. 29. No funeral procession, or hearse, or other vehicle or person carrying the body of a deceased person, shall be allowed on any part of the Central Park except upon the transverse roads.

SEC. 30. No person, except in the employ of the Board of the Department of Public Parks, shall light, make, or use any fire upon the Central Park.

SEC. 31. No person on foot shall go upon the grass, lawn, or turf of the Central Park, except when and where the word "common" is posted, indicating that persons are at liberty at that time and place to go on the grass.

SEC. 32. No person arrested in the Central Park for violating any ordinance or any regulation of the Board of the Department of Public Parks shall be conveyed before any Magistrate, nor shall any complaint be entered against any person until they shall have been brought before the Captain of the Central Park Police, or the chief officer in charge, and his approval of making such complaint first obtained by the officer making the arrest.

By order of the Department of Public Parks.
PETER B. SWEENY,
President of the Department of Public Parks.
Dated NEW-YORK, May 26, 1870.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER of the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of Ninety-fifth-street, from the Fifth-avenue to the East River, in the City of New-York.—We, the undersigned Commissioners of estimate and assessment in the above-entitled matter, hereby give notice to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants, of all houses and lots and improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, and to all others whom it may concern, to wit: That we have completed our estimate and assessment, and that all persons interested in these proceedings, or in any of the lands affected thereby, and who may be opposed to the same, do present their objections in writing, duly verified, to Thomas J. Barr, Esq., our Chairman, at the office of the Commissioners, No. 82 Nassau-street, (Room No. 42,) in the said City, on or before the 16th day of June, 1870, and that we, the said Commissioners, will hear parties so objecting within the ten week days next after the 16th day of June, 1870, and for that purpose will be in attendance at our said office on each of said ten days, at 2 o'clock P. M.; that the abstract of the said estimate and assessment, together with our maps, and also all the affidavits, estimates and other documents which were used by us in making our report, have been deposited in the Street Commissioner's office, in the City of New-York, there to remain until the 28th day of June, 1870; that the limits embraced by the assessment aforesaid are as follows, to wit: All those lots, pieces or parcels of land, lying and being on Ninety-fifth-street, between the Fifth-avenue and the East River, in the City of New-York, and extending on either side of said Ninety-fifth-street, half the distance to the next street thereto; and that our report herein will be presented to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a special term thereof, to be held in the new Court-house, at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the 11th day of July, 1870, at the opening of the Court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that the said report be confirmed.

Dated NEW-YORK, May 11, 1870.
THOMAS J. BARR,
GEORGE B. WALLIS, } Commissioners.
MICHEL NORTON,

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NO. 31 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

THE FIRM OF ROBINSON, COX & CO., Bankers and Brokers, doing business at No. 31 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, having been dissolved by the death of ALANSON ROBINSON, a member of said firm, the same business will be hereafter carried on by KENYON COX & CO., composed of KENYON COX and HORACE MANUEL, late members of said firm of ROBINSON, COX & CO., and WM. H. HUTCHINSON, late Cashier of said firm, as general partners, and DANIEL DREW, of the City of New-York, special partner, who has contributed three hundred thousand dollars as such special partner to the capital of said partnership.

KENYON COX,
HORACE MANUEL,
WM. H. HUTCHINSON,
DANIEL DREW,
Special Partner.

OFFICE OF ROBINSON, CHASE & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS, NO. 18 BROAD-ST.,
NEW-YORK, May 27, 1870.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS day formed a co-partnership for the purpose of transacting a general banking and stock commission business.

EUGENE N. ROBINSON,
GEORGE H. CHASE,
THOMAS B. ATKINS,
WILLIAM T. MORRIS.

Post-office Box No. 2,404.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GREEN-WOOD CEMETERY.

For sale, a plot containing 2½ lots, or 800 square feet, on White Oak Hill, overlooking the Bay.
PRICHARD, CHOATE & SMITH,
No. 49 Wall-st.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1870.

Amusements this Evening.

WALLACK'S THEATER.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THE HONEYMOON. Leading characters by Messrs. J. W. Wallack, Fisher, Stoddart, and Miss Henriques and Miss Louisa Moore.

BOOTH'S THEATER.
6th-av., corner 23d-st.
TAKING THE CHANCES. Characters by Mr. J. H. McVicker and company.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, near Prince-st.
THE FORTY THIEVES. Leading characters by Miss Lydia Thompson, Miss Pauline Markham, and Mr. Beckett.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
8th-av., corner 23d-st.
TWELVE TEMPTATIONS. Leading characters by Mr. George C. Boniface, Miss Nully Pieris and Mme. Ponisi.

OLYMPIC THEATER.
Broadway, near Houston-st.
THE FAIR ONE WITH THE BLONDE WIG. Characters by Mrs. J. A. Oates and company.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATER.
24th-st., near 5th-av.
THE GOOD-NATURED MAN. Leading characters by Messrs. Davidge, Clarke, and Miss Davenport and Mrs. Gilbert.

FRENCH THEATER.
14th-st., near 6th-av.
THE CORSICAN BROTHERS. Leading characters by Mr. Charles Fechter and Miss Fanny Leclercq.

WOOD'S MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE.
Broadway, corner 30th-st.
THEATRICAL PERFORMANCE afternoon and evening. Large collection of curiosities.

BOWERY THEATER.
Bowery, near Canal-st.
LA TOUR DE NESLE, and MAT O' THE GLEN.

TAMMANY.
14th-st., near 3d-av.
VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT. By Mr. Locke Howard, Miss Jennie Engle, Miss Maddox and others.

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Two copies, one year	5
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An extra copy to getter-up of club, and a splendid steel engraving of the late HENRY J. RAYMOND.	
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Five copies, one year	8
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An extra copy to getter-up of club, and a splendid steel engraving of the late HENRY J. RAYMOND.	
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An extra copy to getter-up of club, and a splendid steel engraving of the late HENRY J. RAYMOND.	
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Subscriptions to either of our editions received for a less length of time than one year at the yearly rate.

The Semi-Weekly and Weekly mailed to clergymen at the lowest club rates.

Additions may be made to clubs at club rates.

These prices are invariable. We have no traveling agents. Remit in drafts on New-York or Post Office Money Orders if possible, and where neither of these can be procured send the money in a *registered* letter.

Address

H. J. RAYMOND & CO.,
TIMES Office, New-York.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

☞ For the accommodation of up-town residents, advertisements for insertion in the TIMES will be received at No. 54 West 32d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av., and at No. 40 East 18th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av., at same rates as are charged at office of publication.

☞ Messrs. DREXEL, HARJES & CO., Bankers, No. 3 Rue Scribe, Paris, are the accredited agents for the NEW-YORK TIMES in that city.

Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot return rejected communications, nor preserve manuscripts, unless specially requested so to do.

Our Circulation.

The subscription list and the daily sales of the TIMES are now greater than at any period within the last twelve months, and are rapidly increasing. The fact is mentioned for the information of friends and in reply to the misstatements of enemies.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

The event of chief interest in the dispatches from Europe this morning is the result of the race for the Derby Stakes, at Epsom. The favorite of the betting men, *Macgregor*, came in fourth, and *Kingcraft*, against whom the odds were twenty to one, won in a close contest with *Palmerston*. The time was two minutes and forty-five seconds...CYRUS REDDING, the author, died yesterday at the age of eighty-five years.....A Paris paper announces officially that only twelve of those arrested for complicity in the plot against the Emperor will be brought before the High Court of Justice. All others will be discharged. The American and English residents of Tours recently sent congratulations to the Emperor on his escape, and received NAPOLEON's thanks in return....The betrothal of the Prince Imperial is reported soon to take place....Count VON BISMARCK is at Ems. The elections for Deputies to the North German Parliament will be held about the middle of September, and for members of the Prussian Diet soon afterward....Italian refugees assembled on the Swiss frontier recently, succeeded in eluding the vigilance of the Swiss authorities, and entered Lombardy. Troops were dispatched in pursuit....Conflicts between native Christians and Jews are reported to have occurred in the south of Turkey, in which the latter were massacred by the Christians.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, yesterday, the bill to change Judicial Circuits was taken up and the amendments of the Senate Committee were adopted and the bill passed. The Committee on the Judiciary reported adversely, among other measures, the joint resolution declaring void any action of a State Legislature relating to constitutional amendments after the Secretary of State has received evidence of their ratification by three-fourths of the States. The matter was postponed indefinitely. Other bills were reported, and the Senate at 1½ P. M. went into Executive Session, and at 6 o'clock adjourned.

In the House, some time was lost in discussing the order of business, the result of which was the further postponement of business from the Committee on Banking and Currency to Tuesday next. Petitions relating to the tax on tobacco were presented from citizens of Cincinnati and New-York. Objection was made against the introduction of Mr. BUTLER's joint resolution to annex the Republic of Dominica. The bill to reduce internal taxes was taken up. The amendment of Mr. SCHENCK, allowing a discount of ten per cent. on proprietary stamps supplied by the Internal Revenue Bureau on the excess over $500 purchased at one time, was adopted after debate. In the course of debate on certain penalties, Mr. SCHENCK said it was the intention of the Committee of Ways and Means to abolish the system of spies and informers and to allow no moieties. The paragraph relating to the income tax was discussed and a number of amendments were offered. Without disposing of any of the amendments the House at 5 o'clock adjourned.

GENERAL.

The Montreal and Toronto papers of the 31st ult. represent the condition of Sir JOHN A. MCDONALD as extremely critical. Unless an early change for the better should occur the belief is that his death is almost certain within a few days.

The Democratic State Convention met in Columbus yesterday morning. Only 350 out of 537 delegates were present. Hon. L. D. CAMPBELL was chosen permanent President. A ticket was then put in nomination for State officers, with WILLIAM HEISLEY, of Cleveland, for Secretary of State, at the head. A voluminous platform was adopted.

The troops sent to the northern frontier to enforce the Neutrality laws are beginning to return to their former stations. Gen. DONNELLY was brought before the United States Commissioner of St. Albans, Vt., yesterday, and waiving examination was committed in default of $10,000 bail. He was permitted to remain at his hotel until he has recovered from the effects of his wound. Gen. STARR was arrested in Buffalo yesterday, and in default of $10,000 was committed.

A meeting was held yesterday at the State Inebriate Asylum, at Binghamton, to elect forty Trustees for the ensuing year. The Board of last year, with a few exceptions, was re-elected. The Commissioners of the Land Office claim the charge of the institute under the authority of the Legislature, and have directed the Treasurer of the old Board to retain the custody of the funds subject to their further order.

In the Massachusetts Legislature, yesterday, a bill was reported to abolish the State Constabulary and establish a new State Police Force of forty men.

The New-Hampshire Legislature met yesterday. S. M. WHEELER, of Dover, was chosen Speaker of the House; J. H. BENTON, Jr., of Lancaster, Clerk; S. CLARK, of Guilford, Assistant Clerk, and C. H. ROBERTS, Sergeant-at-Arms. Hon. NATL. GORDON, of Exeter, was chosen President of the Senate; J. W. CURRIER, of Alton, Clerk; L. S. MORRILL, of Concord, Assistant Clerk, and WM. COLBY, of Hopkinton, Doorkeeper.

The Department of the Lakes has been enlarged by order of the President so as to include Ogdensburg.

The public debt statement for June 1 shows a reduction of the debt during the month of May of $14,301,962 57.

In the Presbyterian General Assembly in Philadelphia, yesterday, the delegates sent to the Southern Assembly, at Louisville, to secure friendly correspondence, submitted the reply of that body, in which it is stated that the Southern Church does not approve of union because it would be a surrender of all fundamental doctrines; and that the Southern Church is the only surviving heir of true, unfailing testimonies, and there are impassible barriers to official intercourse between the two Churches.

The Boston excursion train arrived at San Francisco yesterday. They met at Stockton a Committee of the Chamber of Commerce and visited the China steamer.

An oil train took fire yesterday on the Atlantic and Great Western Railway, when approaching Cleveland, and set fire to the bridges over the Cuyahoga River and the Ohio Canal, destroying both.

The Senate, in Executive Session, yesterday, failed to ratify the treaty of reciprocal trade with the Sandwich Islands, the necessary two-thirds of the votes not having been given in favor of it. The vote was 20 for and 19 against.

The City Chamberlain has paid into the City Treasury $13,462 72, interest received on public deposits during the month of May. The total amount received from this source is $228,864 54.

The Board of Education, yesterday, adopted a resolution removing from office JOHN R. HENNESSY, School Trustee of the Seventeenth Ward, he having been guilty, as is charged, of receiving a bribe of $100 for procuring Miss MARY E. CANNON an appointment as teacher in one of the public schools.

At the new game for experts in billiards at the Hippotheatron last night between JOSEPH DION and MELVIN FOSTER, the former won, leading his opponent at the close by forty points in a string of 300.

The Census and the Election Law.

The Election law just passed by Congress, and approved by the President, derives additional value and importance to the Republican Party of this City from the circumstance that the ninth census of the actual population is to be completed before the October registration, preliminary to the next November election. Our Republican Committees will then be able, if they are wide awake, to check false registration, if anything of the kind is again undertaken in defiance of the Federal law, by using their knowledge of the number of male inhabitants of each Ward, over the age of twenty years, native and naturalized. The returns to the United States Marshal for the Southern District of New-York, and through him to the Census Bureau at Washington, will set forth all the particulars essential to a thorough practical canvass of each Ward and polling district, including as they will an enumeration of foreigners not naturalized, as distinguished from native and foreign-born citizens. In view of this reform, we hope that Gen. SHARPE, our recently-appointed Marshal, will look well to his deputies in securing an honest and careful enumeration.

Although the Democratic Party in Congress unanimously voted against the new Election law, we are far from believing that the leaders in this City, if they should dare to make the attempt, will be countenanced by the more intelligent and conscientious voters of the party in the open violation of the law. But, if in this we should be mistaken, we are quite sure that the Federal Courts, with the assistance, if need be, of the authorities at Washington, will enforce all the penalties of the law against fraudulent registration, double voting, false canvassing, and attempted violence or intimidation at the polls.

It is hoped that we have seen the last of the vile mockery of naturalization before the inferior State Courts of New-York City, and the counties on Long Island and up the Hudson. The well-guarded bill now before Congress, for transferring the whole subject of naturalization to the Federal Courts, where it properly belongs, ought to be speedily passed. Without it, the new Election law will fail to vindicate the integrity of the ballot-box next Fall; and it is not too much to add that this law itself was not more imperatively demanded, for the preservation of an honest franchise, so repeatedly and flagrantly violated in this and the neighboring City of Brooklyn, than for the rescue of the Naturalization laws from the local Courts. The Democracy in Congress, led by Mr. THURMAN in the Senate and Mr. COX in the House, expressed great indignation at the Election bill during its progress through the two Houses. They will, no doubt, fight the Naturalization bill with equal if not increased violence. But there is no reason, in a party sense, to regret their opposition, although it would have been better for the good name of the country that they should have cordially united with the majority in reforming the crying evils and national scandals which both are intended to correct. But they have chosen a different course; and we can only say of Mr. THURMAN that we have heard no such talk about the helplessness of this great Government, under the Constitution, to protect itself from subversion by fraud and violence under State sanction, or with State complicity, since the last Message to Congress of President JAMES BUCHANAN, on the eve of South Carolina secession in the Fall of 1860. Mr. BUCHANAN then said that while State secession was all wrong, there was no power in the Federal Government to arrest it. The power was found, however, by his successor, and was never so potential for the correction of future evils of like magnitude and purpose, under the Constitution, as at present. Mr. THURMAN did not even stop to admit the impropriety of false and fraudulent voting, but insisted that it was the right of the States alone to regulate the whole subject. It remains to be seen whether Mr. THURMAN and the leaders of his party in New-York or elsewhere will attempt to try conclusions with President GRANT, on the enforcement of the national authority against pretended State rights, after the manner of JEFF. DAVIS with President LINCOLN in 1861, or in any other way.

A Periodical Delusion.

Who has not experienced the mortifying delusion which springs periodically out of "country board?" Who has not gone into the country to escape Summer heat in the City, with bright anticipations of homelike comfort and rural delights, only to return fleeced, angered, and disgusted? The tale is one which almost every family can tell There are exceptions, of course, but as a general rule their stories are identical.

The days have been, we suppose, in which Arcadian simplicity was not an undiscoverable fact. Farm life retains all the elementary advantages it ever had. The farmer is still the most independent of men, and the simple luxuries at his command might be supposed to be a source of endless delight. But the doctrine that though "God made the country man made the town," is no longer tenable as an expression of moral superiority on the side of country people. Railroads and telegraphs and newspapers have corrupted them. We should no more look for guileless unselfishness in Westchester or Orange County than in Wall-street. The Long Island farmer or the New-Jersey fruit-grower drives as hard a bargain as the Bowery store-keeper. The farmer's wife from Islip, Long Island, from Essex County, New-Jersey, or from Rockland County, in this State, conducts negotiations for Summer board with as keen an eye to profit, and as supreme a contempt for conscience, as any Jeremy Diddler of Canal-street.

With this metamorphosis of rural character has come an unwelcome change in the significance of the idea expressed by "country board." There are people living who can remember when the term expressed the essentials of rational Summer enjoyment. Farm-houses are seldom palatial: no sensible person expects to find in the country the accommodation of a Fifth-avenue mansion or of a well-kept City hotel. But he may not unreasonably expect to obtain an abundance of plain, wholesome food, with vegetables and fruits in their season, and pure milk without stint. In consideration of liberal payment, he may even hope to find his wishes and convenience in some degree consulted, and his stay made as pleasant as possible. Vain imaginings! The simple luxuries he looked for are more inaccessible than in the City. The fruit is sent to market instead of being placed upon the table; vegetables are out of date; the milk is skimmed, perhaps watered, and the cream reserved to make butter; poultry is rare and almost invariably ancient; and the general cookery is abominable. Nor is this all. Insult is added to injury. The luckless boarder is in a dozen ways reminded that in the opinion of his host and hostess the accommodation he pays for is a boon for which he cannot be too humbly thankful. He is cheated, and patronized while being cheated.

To this state of things there are doubtless many exceptions. We cannot think so meanly of human nature as to believe that kindness and honesty are dying out where most they should abound. But we describe the average result of experience endured by City families who have been tempted year after year by the *ignis-fatuus*, "country board." They have tried place after place, only to learn how completely dwellers in the country who desire boarders for the Summer have forgotten the conditions which alone render the country attractive to City people.

A perverted conception of business is at the bottom of the evil. The mighty host who at this moment are eagerly offering "country board" are in a hurry to get rich. They forget that a certain amount of good faith is essential to the merchant who would prosper; he must keep his promises and deliver goods according to sample, or he will soon pass into the Bankruptcy Court. They imagine that it is possible to disgust their boarders and at the same time make money. Thus they kill the goose which otherwise would lay them golden eggs. As a mere matter of business, therefore, they should experimentalize in another direction. Let them proceed on the principle of giving value for the money they receive. Let them remember that when they covenant to supply "country board" to City families, they bind themselves to furnish a rational measure of comfort; and that, failing to fulfill the bargain, they will sooner or later pay the penalty. There is an end to all delusions, and "country board," as now understood, will some day share the common fate.

A Bad Business.

The speech of Gen. RAASLOFF, explanatory of his action in resigning his offices as Minister of War and of the Navy in the Danish Government, is honorable to him as a statesman and a man. An ardent promoter of the negotiation for the sale of St. Thomas to the United States, he considers that he became, morally speaking, surety for the fulfillment of the bargain by our Government. He had resided at Washington, and his estimate of the American people—the result of an agreeable experience—led him to speak confidently of their good faith. His influence contributed not a little to the affirmative decision of his own Government; and now that his calculations are baffled and his assurances belied, by the refusal of the Senate to ratify the treaty, he deems it his duty to withdraw from an official position which had been made the means of disappointing, perhaps humiliating, his own people. It is impossible to read the brief recital of the case, which is for the first time printed entire in the TIMES, without feeling that the implied censure upon the course of the Senate is deserved. The wisdom of the St. Thomas treaty may be open to doubt, but the circumstances under which it was entered into required its ratification, as an act of good faith toward Denmark and the people of the island. RAASLOFF vindicates his honor by resignation. What shall compensate for our broken faith?

Modern Miracles.

In the present stage of the development of psychological science—or perhaps we should rather say its present stage of non-development—only the very rash or the very ignorant will presume to set definite limits to the power of mind over matter. The force of will acting on imagination has been illustrated by well-attested cases in a manner so startling that the prudent may well withhold their judgment respecting the extent of future possibilities. In the meanwhile, it is not surprising that shrewd adventurers should take advantage of the prevalent haziness of opinion on such subjects, and make their market by appealing to that love of the marvelous which, always lurking in the human breast, is just now stimulated to an almost universal activity by the phenomena of Spiritualism, and the probably cognate mysteries of psychology. The Zouave JACOB, Mr. HOME, the medium, the DAVENPORT brothers, and other famous operators, may or may not belong to the class of adventurers we speak of; they may or may not be more or less self-deceived; but it is certain that their success is due in a great measure to an appetite for thaumaturgy, such as was familiar enough in earlier ages, but which, accompanying the present material and scientific progress of our race, is truly remarkable.

Just now one Dr. NEWTON, who recently left the United States to travel in Europe, is creating an excitement in England which half a century ago would have been quite out of the question. Dr. NEWTON's profession is to heal the sick and comfort the afflicted through "spiritual aid." He lately began his operations in Liverpool by calling together a public meeting. A large audience having assembled, the Doctor opened the ball by informing his hearers that he "loved them as he would a brother." He then went on to say that, like *Othello*, he had had many hairbreadth 'scapes in the imminent deadly breach, among which he might casually mention "strangulation, shipwreck and a serious fall." Having thus established a hold on general sympathy by the narration of his misfortunes, Dr. NEWTON proceeded with characteristic boldness to describe his powers. "I can heal a multitude," he declared, "as easily as a few. I can do just as well on five thousand as on a smaller number." And for that matter we see no reason why the Doctor should be over-modest in his claims. Why should he not restore to a healthful condition the ailing population of an entire city? Nay, why not banish disease with one supreme effort from the whole globe? This would bring about a millenium that Mr. MILLER never thought of, a Utopia that would cut down to a bagatelle disease and the business of the doctors at a single stroke. However, to do him justice, Dr. NEWTON is nothing loth to try his skill on a congregation or so, here and there. After his last daring statement, indeed, he went on to illustrate it. "I will cause," he affirmed, "a shock to pass from me which will be felt more or less by all present, and if any one is in pain after it, let him come to me and I will cure him." On this he "stood up, extended his arms, threw back his head, closed his eyes, made a sudden start as if he were about to cast himself head-foremost into a river, raised his head again, and shook it in a manner which gave the impression that he had really taken the plunge, had risen to the surface and shaken his dripping hair off his face; and then, opening his eyes, took a general survey of the persons before him." This was the "shock" which, according to an English paper from which we take the description, would have been a great success only that nobody seems to have been shocked at all. Dr. NEWTON consequently proceeded to cure people in detail. He experimented first on a cripple, to whom he put the question: "Do you love me? Do you love me as a brother?" The cripple said he did, whereat the Doctor kissed him and said: "Disease depart from thee," the result being, on the authority of the *Pall Mall Gazette*, that the cripple was so much better that he went through several twistings at his benefactor's request. The next patient was more troublesome. He was a sturdy-looking man with a north country accent, who rose and said: "I tak' exception to what you say. Ye say all pain has left the people in this room. Noo, I have suffered for a lang time and am nae better." His trouble was rheumatism, and the uncured one refused with persistent obstinacy to confess that the Doctor had, or, in his belief, could give him relief. The usual reason was, however, speedily forthcoming—the reason that is so very simple and so very unanswerable. "This case," the Doctor said, "is one of a very peculiar sort; this person has a very strong will; he is very positive in his will-principle." "My dear friend," he inquired, "did you believe I could cure you before you came up here?" "Certainly not," replied the patient, and he was thereupon dismissed, "nae better," and incurred, says the journal we have named, great disgrace among the audience.

After the departure of this malcontent, thirty or forty more amenable sick were treated, every one of whom professed to be better for the "shock." Dr. NEWTON then blessed Liverpool with great unction, and announced his intention of going straightway to London to heal and restore the unfortunates of that metropolis. In London this singular practitioner seems to have gone to still greater lengths. We are assured that there "the sick, the halt and the blind are thronging, not to the hospitals, but to a man who coolly asserts that he is endowed with power to cure disease." One journal gives an account that quite goes beyond anything we have heard of Dr. NEWTON's proceedings in this country. When a patient is placed in his hands, according to this reporter, he tells him that "it is by love that this is done, especially female love. You must love the doctor. You must believe in him." After calling upon God and the angels, he passes his hands over the face and limbs of his patient, jerks his own limbs about, as if through a shock of electricity, and then declares him cured. Nay, even "pocket-handkerchiefs, a waistcoat, gloves, &c., presumably of sick persons, were handed to him. These he would squeeze, and calling upon 'God and the Holy Angels,' 'The Divine Power,' or 'The Holy Ghost,' he would order the disease to leave the persons to whom the article belonged, and would then declare them cured or fast recovering." Finally, we are informed that, as the people left the hall where he was performing, he offered to give a Divine blessing to all who would pass in procession by him; and that some eighty or ninety persons actually accepted his benediction.

We are not surprised to learn that the respectable Press of London stigmatizes all this as blasphemous as well as ridiculous. The wonder is that the populace continue to flock in thousands to gape at and be edified by it. The experience of the audacious Dr. NEWTON is, however, but a fresh proof to be added to the myriads already existing, that the pleasure is as great in being deceived as in deceiving. Doubtless, a potent element of his success is the fact that people out of health, who, like the drowning, will clutch at a straw, form so interested a part of his followers. For, on the converse application of the *mens sana in corpore sano*, the sick are always among the most gullible of mankind.

Barge Transportation on the Lakes.

The problem of cheap transportation of grain from the West to tide-water, which is a matter of vital importance to the whole country, is not deemed to have been entirely solved by the new canal policy adopted by this State. We learn that another project has been devised, and that steps have been taken to put it in operation at once. It consists in inaugurating barge transportation on the lakes. Barges are now being built with a capacity of 65,000 bushels of wheat, and a large tug is already completed and in commission, with a freightage capacity of 40,000 bushels. It is calculated that this tug will have sufficient power to tow three barges of the size above named, besides carrying its own cargo, making altogether 235,000 bushels at a single trip.

The tug has just arrived at Buffalo with a bark in tow, the two bringing a cargo of 80,000 bushels of wheat, equivalent to 2,400 tons, and the trip is regarded as a demonstration of the feasibility of the larger scheme. The new barges are to be schooner-rigged, with three short masts, and sails of heavy canvas, to be used when the wind is favorable, or in case of rough weather or accident. The crew of each barge will consist of but six men. The projectors of the scheme are sanguine of success, and anticipate that the new mode of freighting grain will soon come into general use on the lakes. The result must be a material reduction of freights, which is a consummation devoutly to be wished by the Western farmers.

Brigandage in Broadway.

Is society once more to be compelled to content itself with that exceedingly "simple plan" which prescribes that he may take who has the power, and he only may keep who can? The episode which yesterday disturbed the accustomed serenity and security of the St. Nicholas Hotel shows that we have, at least, made some progress in that direction. The narrative of the robbery of Mr. ISAACS reads like a cutting from a romance, though even the boldest writer of fiction would have been more likely to locate the incidents in some lonely auberge among the mountains of Catalonia than in one of the palatial caravanserai of the busiest thoroughfare in the world. The crime for which MULLER was arrested in New-York Harbor some years ago was a bold and a desperate one, but for cool, premeditated daring, this one certainly transcends it. He robbed and murdered his victim in the isolated compartment of an English railway-car, and found escape easy, from the darkness of the evening, and the unobservant bustle of a suburban station. The heroes of yesterday's outrage braved a multitude of chances of detection in the very heart of an orderly and much-frequented hotel, in the broad light of day, and under the eyes of a host of watchful officials. And yet all the chances appear to have favored them, for the solitude of the far-off fifth story, which becomes perfectly appalling when we reflect how easily the deed might have become a fatal one, remained perfectly unbroken even for some time after the victim found himself able to utter a cry for help, while his assailants made their escape without apparently attracting the attention of any one.

A circumstance like this shows very clearly that if society is to continue to be able to cope with the growing address and boldness of the criminal classes, its legal guardians must be kept advancing in detective and preventive power. There are men now in the ranks of those who live by undisguised robbery and swindling, whose talents would have earned distinction in any occupation. The man with the law at his back has an unquestionable advantage to start with against the rogue, but this will not carry him very far unless he is also able to meet the rogue with his own weapons, on the ground of intelligence and ingenuity.

The intriguers who are trying to get the New-York Collectorship into their own hands, in order that it may be afterward used for selfish purposes, are naturally exasperated at any interference with their indefensible plans. Their first resource, as usual, is to attack the journal which has dared to speak up for the public interests as against the nefarious plots of hole-and-corner schemers. That fate we have been accustomed to meet for many years past, and it has no special terrors now. The moment a fraud is exposed, the authors or abettors of that fraud turn round and declare that the paper which exposes it "is not what it used to be." This fearful taunt loses its point after a few thousands of repetitions—but in the meanwhile it is to be hoped that no one in Washington will be misled by the outcries of an alarmed "Ring" in New-York. An evening paper, which is chiefly remarkable for corrupt politics and atrocious grammar, has come out with one of its delirious and illiterate tirades against us for daring to suggest that the best man that could be chosen ought to be appointed Collector of this port. To fill offices with the ablest men that can be found is a principle which the *Commercial Advertiser* cannot understand, and no wonder. The "present management" of that paper has not had much to do with principles in politics, but has usually dealt with a medium of exchange more current in its immediate circle. When only the *Commercial Advertiser* can be found to speak for a candidate, his chances must be desperate indeed. Mr. MURPHY must try and stop the wild dithyrambics of his "friend" if he means to press his remarkable claims.

Secretary BOUTWELL's monthly statement somewhat exceeds anticipations. The reduction of the national debt during May amounted to $14,301,962—an excess of nearly three millions over the reduction effected in the previous month. The gold in the Treasury has fallen off, being now, in round figures, a hundred and six millions, against one hundred and fifteen millions a month ago. The currency reserve is upward of fourteen millions. These recurring exhibits of the working of Mr. BOUTWELL's policy should operate as standing evidence of the enormous excess of revenue over expenditure, and the large amount which is available for the reduction of taxes. In the fifteen months' Administration of President GRANT the expenditures of the Government have been economized and the collections of the revenue enhanced to the aggregate saving of $117,900,000, the best proof of which is that this sum is now held in the Sinking Fund, in United States Five-twenty six per cent. bonds, and no increase made in the unfunded debt.

A Washington dispatch, published last evening, credits the Post-office Department with a large increase of receipts during the last few months—the result of rigid economy in every branch, and the annulling of some extravagant contracts entered into by the Secretary under Mr. JOHNSON. The Senate might contribute yet further to the equalization of income and expenditure by abrogating the franking privilege. For that exercise of self-denial, however, we have ceased to hope.

Next Saturday will be a great day at Jerome Park. The first races of the year, under the auspices of the American Jockey Club, take place on that occasion, and a more interesting event of the kind has never been witnessed in this country. Horses from all parts of the Union, in which good horses are bred, will contest for the prizes, and arrangements have been made to secure a brilliant success for the meeting. Ladies ought not to lose the opportunity of enjoying a lovely drive to the Park, and witnessing some first-rate races, without running the slightest risk of being annoyed by any of the unpleasant accessories of a race-course. The cars will be found very convenient for men of business. Tickets for the meeting may be obtained now at the offices of the Club, No. 920 Broadway, but no time should be lost in applying for them.

The *Star* calls attention to a case in which a man committed an assault upon a girl, and was allowed to escape by the connivance of Judge HOGAN. The affair was very disgraceful, and the public authorities deemed it necessary to prosecute the offender—that is, the man who committed the assault, not Judge HOGAN. He was a "politician" of the First Ward, named STEPHEN MCGRATH, and of course many of his brother politicians tried to save him. They succeeded with Judge HOGAN, but not with Recorder HACKETT, who always shows that he is proof against improper influences. He sent MCGRATH to the Penitentiary for six months. It is a pity that all the McGraths in the City cannot be tried before Recorder HACKETT, although it might be necessary in that case to enlarge the accommodation afforded by the Penitentiary.

They have a new invention in London. The Police there have discovered a private "hell" for little boys, and Mr. THOMAS BURNS, of No. 26 Wilson-street, Finsbury-square, has been held to answer for allowing his premises to be used for the purpose. It actually appears that youthful sinners of from nine to fifteen years of age have been in the habit of gathering at Mr. BURNS' hospitable mansion and gambling for money. This beats young America hollow. We have apparently had something like a Juvenile Burglars' and Footpads' Society in New-York, if we may judge from recent events and disclosures, but a private gambling-house for children is a novelty to which, with all our progress, we certainly can thus far supply no parallel.

The Commissioners of Docks have commenced their investigations not a moment too soon. Judging from the facts elicited during yesterday's inspection, it seems probable that had their visit been much longer delayed, they would have had one pier less to examine. The state of the East River pier at the foot of Twenty-third-street seems critical enough to require immediate steps for its preservation, should that be considered desirable, while the sanitary outrage of throwing manure into the dock beside it, resulting from the combined carelessness of contractors and cartmen, is gross enough to demand the prompt interposition of the Board of Health.

Among the curiosities of religious intolerance, none is more notable than the fact that the people most inclined to persecute others are those who have lately escaped persecution themselves. It was so in the early days of New-England, no less than in the old England which the pilgrim fathers had left. And now we have another illustration of the same perversity among a section of the Christian population of Turkey, who but lately released from the fear of Mahometan oppression, have commenced an insane crusade against the Jews. The atrocities perpetrated appear to have been worthy of the palmy days of Spanish Catholicism, and serve to remind the student of history that a key to the problems of the darkest ages may still be found amid the civilization of the nineteenth century.

Sanitary Superintendent MORRIS' report to the Metropolitan Board of Health, yesterday, relative to fat-melting establishments in the City, must be regarded as an apology for an intolerable nuisance. How any man with a nose can declare that the process of boiling refuse matter at the Rendering Company's dock on the North River is wholly inoffensive, it is difficult to understand. The stench that arises from these places in the hot days of July and August is horrible beyond description, as the inhabitants of those localities have frequently testified. There seems to be but one way out of this difficulty of disposing of offal, and that is by compelling the butchers to "render" it on the spot where the animal is killed, or else to provide that the work be done on Barren Island, as in former days. The health of the City should not be exposed to further danger from this source.

WASHINGTON.

Rejection of the Sandwich Island Treaty—Further Consideration of the Tax Bill—The Income Tax—Spotted Tail's Complaints—Arrival of Red Cloud and his Chiefs and Great Men—Their Appearance and Behavior.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The Senate was almost wholly devoted to the consideration of the Sandwich Islands Reciprocity treaty, today, in Executive Session. Mr. CORBETT made a speech in its favor, and Mr. MORRILL, of Vermont, against it. The principal argument against the treaty was that there is no reciprocity in it, and that it inures almost entirely to the benefit of the islands, and gives us very little in return. The vote being taken, the treaty was rejected—yeas 20, nays 19, not two-thirds.

CHANGE IN THE JUDICIAL CIRCUITS.

The morning hour of the Senate was occupied in the discussion of the bill to change the boundaries of the Judicial Circuits of the United States. A number of amendments were offered to the bill—one to separate Connecticut from the New-England or First Circuit, as provided in the bill, and keep it with the New-York Circuit, as now. This was rejected. It was attempted to remove Virginia from the Third Circuit and add it to the Fifth Circuit; and to take Tennessee from the Fifth Circuit and add it to the Fourth Circuit, but the effort failed. Mr. DRAKE got in an amendment to modify the acts of Congress in relation to the Supreme Court so as to prevent the Chief-Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States from assuming the title of Chief-Justice of the United States. He contended that Chief-Justice CHASE assumed the latter title during the trial of ANDREW JOHNSON upon his impeachment, and he didn't want the idea to get out that there was such an officer as Chief-Justice of the United States, for which there was no law.

THE TAX BILL IN THE HOUSE.

The House was wholly occupied with the Tax bill today. Its consideration was proceeded with down to the income section without material amendment. At one time the stamp tax on watches was stricken out by yeas 87, nays 74; but a subsequent reconsideration of the question, and a thorough debate upon it, developed the fact that the revenue from this source was over $2,000,000 annually, and so changed the views of the House that the tax was put back in the bill, the motion to strike out failing finally by yeas 80, nays 94. The debate on the income tax indicates a very strong feeling in the House in favor of abolishing the tax altogether. Mr. MCCARTHY, of New-York, opened the discussion in favor of abrogating the tax, which motion he made, and which was opposed by Mr. BLAIR, who favored its continuation. Gen. BUTLER, Judge DAVIS, Mr. COX and Judge KELLEY successively spoke against the tax, and Mr. KERR, of Indiana, and Mr. HAWLEY, of Illinois, came to the support of Mr. SCHENCK, and advocated it. Numerous amendments are pending to increase the exemption to $2,000, to $2,500, and $3,000, and one by Mr. SARGENT of California, to reduce the rate to three per cent., which will probably be agreed to. There is no probability that the section can pass as it came from the Committee. The consideration of the bill will probably be concluded to-morrow.

PRESIDENTIAL FISHING EXCURSION.

Some time during next week the President, with his Private Secretary, Gen. HORACE PORTER, and several others whose names are not yet given, will pay a visit to the Upper Susquehanna for a few days' fishing. Senator CAMERON and Gov. GEARY will receive the distinguished party at Harrisburg.

THE COLLECTORSHIP.

There are no new developments as to the New-York offices today. All that was sent you last night as fact is confirmed. Mr. GRINNELL certainly goes out, Mr. CORNELL remains where he is. Gen. JOHN COCHRANE, Chairman of the Republican General Committee of the City of New-York, arrived here this morning, and had interviews with the Secretary of the Treasury and the President. Something positive about the Collectorship will be developed before the close of the week. Ex-Senator MORGAN and JAS. B. TAYLOR, Esqs., are expected to-morrow.

GRIEVANCES OF SPOTTED TAIL.

SPOTTED TAIL and SWIFT BEAR, with two of the warriors of their tribe, had their first official interview today with Gen. PARKER, Commissioner of Indian Affairs. SPOTTED TAIL stated his grievances to Gen. PARKER in round terms. He said that our Government does not fulfill its treaty promises, and that supplies promised and money owed was not forthcoming at the stated times, and that the white man, wherever he could find many buffaloes or gold, came on the Indian's land, and took the Indians ponies, &c. Gen. PARKER made a lengthy explanation in reference to the difficulties the Indian Bureau had to contend with in obtaining its moneys through Congress, and the difficulties a great Government had in conducting its affairs. He assured SPOTTED TAIL that all the promises made in the treaties would be observed, and they should receive their provisions, &c. He also said that they must not fight among themselves, one band with another, nor must they fight against the people of the United States, nor steal their cattle or horses. SPOTTED TAIL said he was glad that the Great Father was going to treat them right, but took good care not to say that he would discontinue fighting, horse-stealing, &c. They then retired, to have another talk some future day, before seeing the Great Father. Gen. PARKER regards SPOTTED TAIL and SWIFT BEAR as being pretty well broken in. They are great fighters, but have been for some time past peaceably disposed. The last deed that SPOTTED TAIL committed was to kill BIG MOUTH, a chief of another Sioux band.

RED CLOUD AND HIS BAND.

At 6 o'clock this morning the greatest Chief of the Sioux nation, and commanding the largest band in the tribe, arrived in this city in charge of Gen. JNO. C. SMITH, United States Army. His English name is RED CLOUD. He is accompanied by the following Chiefs and chief men from his own band, and some dozen or other bands of the Sioux tribe:

Red Dog, Brave Bear, Little Bear, Yellow Bear, Setting Bear, Bear Skin, Black Hawk, Long Wolf, Sword, Afraid, Red Fly, The One that Runs Through, Buck Bear, He Crow, Living Bear and Red Shirt.

Four squaws accompany them, as follows:

The World Looker, wife of Black Hawk; the Sioux are Women, wife of Yellow Bear; the White Cow Rattler, wife of Sword; Thunder Skin, wife of One that Runs Through.

JOHN RICHARDS, an American interpreter, but who has been living among these bands of the Sioux for the past two years, and a half-breed Sioux named MCCLOSKEY, are the companion interpreters of this party. Gen. SMITH reported his arrival to the Secretary of War at an early hour this morning, and Secretary BELKNAP at once notified Gen. PARKER and placed RED CLOUD and his band under the charge and direction of the Indian Bureau. Gen. PARKER provided them with good quarters at the same house where SPOTTED TAIL and his men are, and the whole party where not long in fraternizing. RED CLOUD, the greatest war Chief of them all, is a perfect Hercules. He is about six and a half feet in height, and large in proportion, indeed, there is not a small man among them. Magnificent buffalo robes, ornamented and bejeweled, are worn by them all. RED CLOUD wears red leggings beautifully worked and trimmed with ribbons and beads, while his shirt has as many colors as the rainbow. His robe was trimmed and crossed with silks and seal stips. RED CLOUD did not bring any of his wives with him, as he was told that it was not the general rule for Congressmen or other great men to bring their squaws here. Gen. PARKER has forbidden the interviewing of this great Chief by the Press. Mr. BEAUVAIS and Col. BULLOCK report to Gen. PARKER that the band are much fatigued with their long travel and need several days rest. They will be left alone to rest and do as they choose until next week. Gen. PARKER will, in the meantime, make arrangements to receive them himself and then to have them see the President, Secretary of War, and Gen. SHERMAN. RED CLOUD and his band, after dinner today, took seats on the balcony in front of their hotel, and appeared much interested in the pale faces going to and from the capitol. The attention of the squaws was frequently called by the men to the pale women as they passed along, and the interpreters report that the panier, and the terrible large amount of hair, and small bonnets on the women's heads, were the source of much amusement to RED CLOUD and his brother scalpers.

Dispatch to the Associated Press.

THE BRADLEY-FISHER IMBROGLIO.

Judge HUMPHREYS, of the Supreme Court, District of Columbia, today required Mr. BRADLEY to enter into bonds to keep the peace toward Judge FISHER in the sum of $5,000. Mr. VOORHEES, who appeared for Mr. BRADLEY, who is out of town, said as soon as Mr. BRADLEY returned to Washington he would give the required bail.

THE NEW-YORK CARTAGE BUREAU.

The following is an extract from a letter of the Secretary of the Treasury to Collector GRINNELL:

"The result reached by me, after a careful examination of the papers relating to the subject, is that the establishment of what is known as the "Cartage Bureau" in New-York, is an act of doubtful legality, and that as a branch of the Customs revenue service it is not advantageous to the Government or to the business interests of the City. I am, therefore, of the opinion that it should be abolished, with such delay only as may be necessary to reorganize the business in a proper manner."

THE CENSUS.

A circular has just been issued from the Department of the Interior calling the attention of Marshals, and Assistant Marshals especially, to the rules which are intended to govern the enumeration of youth absent from their homes for purposes of education. Only those members of a school or college are to be reported in the town where the institution was situated who belonged to families there resident.

BILLS SIGNED.

The President today signed the resolution to provide for the appointment of an Examiner of Claims for the Department of State, and for additional clerks; also, the act for the relief of the officers and crew of the ship *Nightingale*.

AN APPOINTMENT.

WALCOTT HAMILTON, of Maine, was today appointed Supervisor of Internal Revenue, vice IRA M. HARRISON resigned. Mr. HARRISON had charge of the State of New-Jersey.

CONFIRMATIONS.

The Senate, in Executive Session today, confirmed the nominations of HENRY A. BADHAM, of North Carolina, to be Consul General at Tampico, vice PIKE, declined, and WATSON R. WENTWORTH, to be Collector of Customs at Tappahannock, Va.

NOMINATIONS.

The following nominations were sent in today: E. PESHINE SMITH, of New-York, to be Examiner of Claims for the State Department; JOHN H. COGSWELL, to be Postmaster at Ipswich, Mass.; WM. B. POLLARD, to be Assistant Engineer in the Navy; Capt. PHILIP R. FENDALL, to be Brevet-Major in the Marine Corps; First Lieut. GEO. B. HAYCOCK, to be Brevet Captain in the Marine Corps.

FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

SENATE....WASHINGTON, Wednesday, June 1.

Mr. BAYARD introduced a bill to appropriate money for the repair of United States piers at New Castle, Del. Referred. Mr. CONKLING introduced a joint resolution authorizing the further use in the postal service of an invention for making up mail packages, and to make compensation for the same.

BILLS REPORTED.

Mr. EDMUNDS, from the Committee on Pensions, reported with amendments the House bill to regulate the duties of Pension agents, to provide for the payment of pensions and other purposes.

Mr. EDMUNDS, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported, with amendments the bill to regulate Judicial proceedings in various cases.

The following bills were reported from the Judiciary Committee adversely and postponed indefinitely:

The bill providing for the settlement of the Indian claims by a Commission; the joint resolution declaring void any action of a State Legislature as to constitutional amendments after the Secretary of State has received evidence of their ratification by three-fourths of the States; the joint resolution to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to collect abandoned property and derelict dues belonging to the United States.

Mr. TRUMBULL, from the same Committee, reported without amendment the House bill extending the time in which pension and bounty frauds may be prosecuted.

Mr. NYE, from the Committee on Territories, reported without amendment the House bill to amend a statute of New-Mexico.

Mr. SCHURZ, from the same Committee, reported without amendment the House bill annulling certain acts of Idaho Territory.

THE JUDICIAL CIRCUITS.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the bill to change the Judicial circuits, and continued it till 1 o'clock, when the bill to abolish the franking privilege, which was the special order, was laid aside, and the Circuit bill proceeded with.

Mr. DRAKE offered an amendment to correct what he held to be an illegal and improper designation in the act of 1866, by virtue of which the Chief-Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States wrongfully assumed during the impeachment trial the title of Chief-Justice of the United States when there was no such office. Agreed to.

The Senate Committee's amendments were adopted and the bill passed. The bill constitutes the various circuits as follows:

First—Maine, New-Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut.

Second—New-York.

Third—New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware Maryland and Virginia.

Fourth—Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, and Arkansas.

Fifth—North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama and Tennessee.

Sixth—Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky and West Virginia.

Seventh—Illinois, Indiana and Wisconsin.

Eighth—Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and Missouri.

Ninth—California, Oregon and Nevada.

The Supreme Court Justices, except the Chief-Justice, are required to reside in their respective circuits, and the Chief-Justice is to be known as the Chief-Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States.

At 1:50 o'clock the Senate went into Executive Session, and at 6 o'clock adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

After some discussion as to the order of business, it was agreed by unanimous consent that the Committee on Banking and Currency, which was to have had this day for its business, should, instead of today have next Tuesday.

REPORTS, PETITIONS, &C.

Mr. ARNELL, from the Committee on Education, desired to report back and have put on its passage Mr. LAWRENCE's bill authorizing United States Marshals to appoint women as census-takers, but Mr. WOOD objected.

Mr. STEVENS presented a petition from business men and citizens of Cincinnati relative to taxes on tobacco, and remonstrating against an increase of the tax on smoking tobacco.

Mr. COX presented the petition of the New-York tobacco manufacturers for a uniform tax of sixteen cents per pound on all manufactured tobacco and snuff.

Mr. BUTLER, of Massachusetts, asked unanimous consent to introduce his joint resolution to annex the Republic of Dominica.

Mr. BROOKS, of New-York, objected.

REDUCTION OF INTERNAL TAXES.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of the bill to reduce internal taxes; the question being on a verbal amendment offered by Mr. SCHENCK to the sixteenth section, allowing a discount of ten per cent. on proprietary stamps supplied by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, on the excess over $500, purchased at one time. A long discussion ensued on that provision, participated in by Messrs. Schenck, Lynch, Myers, Randall, Townsend, Logan, Kellogg and Allison. The proposition of those opposing the amendment being that the discount should be allowed on the whole order, instead of on the excess of over $500. Finally Mr. SCHENCK's amendment was agreed to and all the others were rejected.

In the course of a discussion in regard to penalties for washing defaced stamps, Mr. SCHENCK stated that it was the intention of the Committee on Ways and Means to wipe out the whole system of spies and informers, and to allow no more moieties.

The section relating to stamps having been reached, Mr. PETERS moved to strike out of the paragraph as to bank checks, the words "And for any sum exceeding $10 drawn upon any other person or persons, companies or corporations, at sight or on demand."

Mr. WALKER moved to increase the $10 to $100. Agreed to.

Mr. GRISWOLD moved to strike out the whole paragraph.

After discussion, Mr. PETERS' amendment was agreed to, and the discussion was renewed on Mr. GRISWOLD's motion, which was rejected, leaving the paragraph as follows:

"Bank check, draft or order for the payment of any sum of money whatsoever drawn upon any bank, banker or trust company, two cents."

Mr. HOLMAN moved to strike out section 20, containing schedule B, relating to stamps, which was rejected after discussion.

The House then passed to the succeeding sections. Sections 21 and 22 were transposed. An additional section was inserted, providing that in States whose respondents are allowed to testify, the same right shall exist for persons charged with violation of this law.

The House having reached schedule C, as to stamps on medicine, &c., Mr. STOUGHTON moved to strike out the paragraph requiring one cent stamps on boxes of matches. Agreed to by yeas 87, nays 74.

Mr. KELLY moved to reconsider the vote. The tax was one, he said, which nobody felt, and which brought to the Treasury nearly two millions dollars.

Mr. RANDALL opposed the motion to reconsider, and stated that the tax was most extravagant and exorbitant, a gross of boxes costing without tax only 37 cents, and the tax upon that being $1 44.

After further discussion, the vote was reconsidered by yeas 87, nays 78, and then the motion to strike out was negatived by yeas 80, nays 94.

On motion of Mr. SCHENCK, the thirty-third section was struck out, it being provided for elsewhere.

The Income Tax.

Section 35, in relation to the income tax, having been reached, Mr. McCARTHY moved to strike it out, and argued that it was not necessary to the revenue or to the strengthening of the national credit. The income tax bore upon its face the evidence that it was only intended for a war tax, its existence being limited to five years. There was a general demand for the removal of this obnoxious tax, the collection of which was marked by fraud and falsehood. The people demanded that it should not be renewed, but left to die a natural death, and to pass away into the future, as all the evils growing out of the civil war were passing away.

Mr. BLAIR opposed the motion to strike it out. He admitted that there was a great outcry against the income tax, but attributed that to the fact that the men who paid it were of the most influential class. He did not think it possible that there was any popular feeling against the tax, because only a small proportion of the people—only 275,000 in all—paid it. He favored, however, the increase of the exemption from $1,500, as provided in this bill, to two thousand dollars. This would confine it to only about one hundred thousand persons of the class who could afford to pay it. The revenue could not spare it. Every dollar taken off the rich by the removal of this tax would have to be imposed upon the poor. He believed that this was the most just and righteous tax that was imposed, and, therefore, he was opposed to abolishing it.

Mr. KELLY moved to strike out all the sections and provisions relating to the income tax.

Mr. COX moved, after some debate, to reduce the rate from five to three per cent. Lost.

Mr. HAWLEY moved to increase the exemption from $1,500 to $2,500. He declared himself opposed to the repeal of the income tax, but he believed it should be so framed as to fall on the rich and not on the poor.

Mr. KERR moved to put the exemption at $2,000. He was in favor of the reduction of the rate to three per cent., but objected to its repeal because it was a fair tax.

Mr. SCHENCK hoped the amendment offered by Mr. KERR would not prevail, but that he would stand by the section as reported from the Committee on Ways and Means. The amount received from the income tax outside of the tax on dividends paid by associations was about $25,000,000. The increase of exemption to $1,500 would reduce that sum by $5,700,000. The increase of exemption to $2,000, leaving the rate at five per cent., would reduce the tax between $9,000,000 and $10,000,000, leaving less than $16,000,000 to be collected. If the exemption were left at $1,500, and the rate reduced to three per cent., the tax would be reduced $13,000,000, and would produce only $11,471,000. As to Mr. DAVIS' argument, citing the example of Great Britain, he asked who were the honorable legislators of the British Parliament? Persons of large estates and large incomes, and the only wonder was that they should ever impose an income tax at all, because it was a tax upon themselves. Their average income was £5,000 a year.

Without disposing of any of the amendments, the House, at 5 o'clock, adjourned.

AMUSEMENTS.

Miscellaneous.

THE BEETHOVEN FESTIVAL.

We learn with satisfaction that each day brings fresh promises in regard to the attractiveness of the Beethoven Festival. Yesterday formal engagements were entered into with Signor LEFRANC, Signor BRIGNOLI, and Miss CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG, and we are informed that steps were taken which indicate a speedy closing of arrangements with Mme. PAREPA-ROSA. Last evening a first rehearsal of a section of the chorus was had at Steinway Hall, and to-night the training of the numerous bodies continues. There has come a gratifying response from the neighboring towns to the invitation to join in the festival, and Hartford, New-Haven and Waterbury will be especially prominent. The Boston Handel and Haydn Society met Tuesday night to rehearse the music. The Society itself will be here in large numbers. HENRY ERBEN has built a large organ for the festival, it having been found impossible to procure the Boston Coliseum organ in time. This instrument will contain two sets of keys, two and a half octaves of pedals, thirty-one stops and fifteen hundred pipes. In respect of the programme, that embodying the vocal music is not yet complete, but as far as designated the selections for instrumental interpretation, if all familiar, are all of marked impressiveness. WEGNER is to be particularly well represented, his overtures to "Rienzi," to "Tannhauser" and to "Lohengrin" being chosen. MEYERBEER will contribute his "Fäckeltanz" and his "Coronation March." MEHUL's "Chasse du Jeune Henri" and LITOLFF's "Robespierre Overture" are also to be performed. Mr. GILMORE, we believe, is now here, and actively superintending the arrangements.

MISS GOLDSTICKER'S CONCERT.

Miss CARRIE GOLDSTICKER, a pupil, we believe of Mr. CARL ANSCHUTZ, gave a vocal and instrumental concert last evening at Apollo Hall. The room was comfortably filled, and Miss GOLDSTICKER's singing afforded decided pleasure. The lady is young, evidently endowed with good musical ability, and gifted with a ringing soprano voice. Signor LOTTI, Signor RANDOLFI, Signor CHRISTIANI, a pianist of fair executive skill, and HERREN RICHTER and WEINLICH assisted her, and HERR ANSCHUTZ presided at the piano.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN.

The Summer evening concerts, under direction of Mr. THEODORE THOMAS, have now got fairly under weigh, and they offer nightly one of the most pleasing and unobjectionable entertainments to be had in the Metropolis. A satisfactory characteristic of these concerts is the good taste that governs the selections. The music is always of the freshest and the best, and those who are not already familiar with the attractions of Central Park Garden, as set off by Mr. THOMAS' clever management, may be sure in going thither that they will not be disappointed.

THE COMING PRIMA DONNAS.

The European papers still notice the movements of Milles. PATTI and NILSSON with great regularity, but no one of them alludes to the probability of a visit, this year, of Mlle. PATTI. All, however, speak of Mlle. NILSSON's advent as certain, *Le Gaulois* excepted. This journal states, on alleged authority, that the Emperor NAPOLEON has authorized M. PERRIN to offer the Swedish artiste a ten years' engagement on fabulous terms, with a promise of a pension at the close. Similar proposals are usually credited to the Czar of Russia, and with no great appearance of truth, but the system of *communiqués* is one productive of considerable adhesion to facts, in relation to the acts of France's ruler, at all events.

Arrest for Murder.

It will be remembered that some weeks ago the notorious DAVID O'DAY was killed in a bar-room fight, which he had provoked, by PHILIP COONEY, who was acting in self-defense, as all the facts showed to the satisfaction of the Coroner's Jury, which brought in a verdict of justifiable homicide. For some reason which is not yet apparent the case against COONEY has since been pressed by somebody, and an indictment having been found against him for murder, COONEY was last night arrested by Superintendent JOURDAN on a warrant issued by District-Attorney GARVIN, and was committed to the Tombs to await his trial.

The Horse Market.

As is usual when the weather is bad, trade in Twenty-fourth-street is dull. COMAN & FITCH report trade good as to prices, but slack. Their fresh arrivals here are four powerful stylish animals, in matched pairs. J. C. DEYO, Bull's Head Stables, Twenty-fifth-street, reports trade slow. He holds seventeen head on sale. This lot comprises four matched pairs of high excellence, both as to form and style. A. S. CHAMBERLAIN, Bull's Head Stables, Twenty-fourth-street, reports trade steady in business horses. He has a stable full of new-arrived Lower Canada and Western Horses. Prices remain as quoted last week. M. S. CURRY reports trade slow at last week's prices.

THE TURF.

The Prospect Park Fair Grounds Spring Trotting Meeting—Second Day—Tempest Wins the 2:40 Purse and Henry W. Genet the 2:26 Purse.

Yesterday was the second day of the trotting meeting now being held over the course of the Prospect Park Fair Grounds Association. The day looked bright and promising in the morning, but about the time announced for the first race a slight shower fell, which, however, did not continue long and only served to lay the dust of the track. The attendance, however, though select, was not large.

There were two races on the card, the first for horses that had never beaten 2:40, for a purse of $1,000; the winner taking $600, and the second and third horses respectively $300 and $100. The entries were HIRAM HOWE's blk. m. *Tempest*, DAN MACE's blk. m. *New-York Tempest*, J. L. DOTY's b. g. *George W. Patterson*, and L. L. DORSEY's b. s. *No Name*; and all started. *George W. Patterson* is a New-Jersey bred horse, his sire being by that promising sire *Henry B. Patchen*, and in consequence of his having won the purse for 2:44 horses on the Fashion Course two weeks ago, he was made the favorite for this race. The two black mares with the same name (*Tempest*) and *Penobscot Chief* had trotted the previous week on the Union Course, and been beaten, while the bay stallion *No Name* was from Kentucky, and was of the famous *Goldust* stock, which the owner, Mr. DORSEY, maintains to be the best and fastest in America, and has repeatedly offered to match against any other strain of trotting stock in the world. The betting was even on *George Patterson* against the field, but after the first heat it changed. HIRAM HOWE's mare *Tempest* won the first heat in 2:36¼, after a good race with DAN MACE's *New-York Tempest*, Mr. DORSEY's stallion being third, and the favorite last. The pools now sold as follows: *Patterson* $70, MACE's *Tempest* $70, and the field $40. The second heat was declared a dead heat between the two *Tempests*—time, 2:35¼. Although he had not won a heat, *George W. Patterson* was still the favorite, for it was thought he would outlast the others, an opinion which was soon proved to be fallacious. MACE's *Tempest* sold for $35, *Patterson* $115, and the field $80. The third heat was won by MACE's *Tempest*, with *No Name* second and HOWE's *Tempest* third; *Penobscot Chief* and the whilom favorite *George Patterson* distanced; time 2:38¾. The betting was now $100 to $20 on MACE's mare, who won the fourth heat in 2:39½, *No Name* (driven this heat by RODEN) second, and the fifth heat and race in 2:38¾, *No Name* again second. HOWE's *Tempest*, having won a heat, took second money, and *No Name* third.

The second race was for horses that had never beaten 2:26, for a purse of $1,500. The entries DAN PFIFER's b. s. *Henry W. Genet*, DAN MACE's s. m. *Idol*, W. H. BORST's b. g. *John J. Bradley*, and C. HILL's s. g. *W. H. Taylor*. *Genet* had the call in the pool betting, although *Bradley* ran him very close; the race being generally conceded to rest between these two, for the others were not much thought of by the *cognoscenti*. *Genet* had won the 2:28 purse on the Fashion Course two weeks before, beating cleverly a field which comprised *Topsy*, *Dresden*, *General McClellan* and *Western New-York*, and he would have been a much warmer favorite yesterday for the race but for the fact of his having cuffed his knee at exercise and slightly lamed himself, in consequence of which his able trainer, DAN PFIFER, was not very confident of winning the race. He sold in pools for $160; *Bradley*, for $150; and the field, $35.

FIRST HEAT.—*Idol* went off with the lead, with *Taylor* second on a break, *Genet* third and *Bradley* last, and in this order they went around the upper turn. Before reaching the quarter pole, in thirty-eight seconds *Genet* had taken second place, *Idol* leading two lengths at that point, while the favorite was half a length before *Taylor*, and *Bradley* (who was not going for the heat, leaving *Idol* and *Mace* to fight it out with *Genet* and *Pfifer*,) six lengths behind. At the half-mile pole, passed in 1:14½, *Idol* was only half a length before *Genet*, who here led *Taylor* ten lengths. On the lower stretch, *Genet* went past *Idol*, but breaking, the mare re-assumed her lead, and was four clear lengths ahead at the third quarter-pole. Coming up the stretch, *Genet* trotted very rapidly, gaining steadily at every stride, passed *Idol* below the distance, and won the heat by an easy length in 2:31¼, *Taylor* being third.

SECOND HEAT.—Pool betting, $140 for *Genet*; $110 *Bradley*; and $10 the field. The word was given with *Genet* in the rear of the others, *Taylor* in front, but breaking at the turn *Idol* went ahead, and led a clear length at the quarter in 38¾, the favorite there being second, and *Bradley* last. *Genet* gained gradually but surely on *Idol* along the back stretch, and was at her shoulders as the half mile pole was passed in 1.15½. *Bradley* third at that point. On the lower end *Genet* took the lead from *Idol*, and as they swung into the home-stretch he was two lengths in front of *Bradley*, who had taken *Idol's* place. *Genet* fairly out-trotted *Bradley* in coming up the stretch, and carrying him to a break, widening the gap between them, and winning the heat by three lengths; *Idol* a bad third, and *Taylor* last. Time, 2:28½.

THIRD HEAT.—Betting $100 to $30 on *Genet*; the *Bradley* party pluckily taking these odds to a large amount, on account of the confidence his trainer and driver still expressed in his horse. In scoring, *Genet* made two or three breaks, and this still further increased the hopes of *Bradley's* partisans. When the word was given, *Taylor* went off with the lead, *Idol* and *Genet* following, and *Bradley* last but close up. Going around the turn *Genet* out-footed the leading horses, and assuming the lead, he went past the quarter pole in thirty-nine seconds, a length and a half before *Bradley*, who had *Idol* three lengths behind. On the back-stretch, *Genet* put a couple of lengths between himself and his immediate follower, *Bradley*, which he still held at the half-mile pole in 1:15¼. On the lower end *Bradley* gradually gained, and was at *Genet's* wheels at the three-quarter pole. When fairly into the home-stretch, BORST called upon *Bradley*, who is always dangerous on the last quarter, and with a fine burst of speed he collared *Genet*, and looked very formidable for a few moments. Directly, however, PFIFER roused *Genet* to increased effort. He gallantly responded to the call, and drawing away from his antagonist, he beat him to the score by three parts of a length, in 2:29, thus winning the heat and first money. *Bradley* took second and *Idol* third money.

This is the second race this season that the winner has trotted, and in both he has been successful. He is a remarkably handsome true-shaped stallion, bright bay in color, three white legs, and white stripe in face, and with splendid action. He was sired by a son of *George M. Patchen* out of the famous trotting mare *Lady Danvers*. His first appearance on the Turf was at Boston last Summer, where he won his maiden race in a purse for green horses in the remarkably fast time of 2:28, and the day after won the purse for 2:50 horses in almost equally fast time, beating a large field in the hollowest style imaginable. He was there purchased by Mr. CHARLES REVERE, of this City, for the large price of $25,000, who changed his original name of *Danver's Boy* to *Henry W. Genet* after his distinguished friend the Senator. He promises to gain for himself a high position among the fast trotting celebrities, and has a brilliant future before him on the turf, as well as at the stud, where his fine breeding will make him especially valuable. He was trained and driven by that able horseman DAN PFIFER, who deserves credit for the fine condition he had him in, as well as for the admirable manner in which he drove him.

SUMMARY.

PROSPECT PARK—FAIR GROUNDS COURSE, June 1.—Purse $1,000, for 2:40 horses; $600, $300, and $100 for the first, second and third horses:

D. Mace enters blk. m. Tempest (New-York)	2	0	1	1	1
L. L. Dorsey's b. s. No Name	3	4	2	2	2
H. W. Howe's blk. m. Tempest	1	0	3	3	3
M. Roden's b. g. Penobscot Chief	4	5	dis.		
J. L. Doty's b. g. George W. Patterson	5	3	dis.		

Time—2:36¼, 2:35¼, 2:38¾, 2:39½, 2:38¾.

SAME DAY.—Purse $2,000, for 2:26 horses; $900 to the first, $600 to the second, $300 to the third, and $200 to the fourth:

D. Pfifer's b. s. Henry W. Genet	1	1	1
W. Borst's b. g. John J. Bradley	4	2	2
D. Mace's ch. m. Idol	2	3	3
C. Hill's ch. g. W. H. Taylor	3	4	4

Time—2:31¼, 2:28½, 2:29.

Ship-Owners' Association.

The Executive Committee of the Ship-owners' Association of this State held a meeting at their room, at the Merchants' Exchange and News-rooms, Nos. 50 and 52 Pine-street, yesterday afternoon, Mr. EDWARD HINCKEN, the President, in the chair. It was resolved that inasmuch as the wharf-owners of Hunter's Point, Jersey City and Hoboken are presenting bills for increased wharfage, under the authority of the new Wharfage law of this State, relating to New-York City and Brooklyn only, ship-owners be instructed to refuse payment of all bills not in accordance with the Wharfage laws of the States of New-York and New-Jersey. It was also resolved to sustain, in case of litigation on the part of the Pilot Commissioners, the Captain of a vessel that arrived at Sandy Hook lately, in the evening, threw up rockets and took a United States pilot, who came first on board, but declined the services of a State pilot, who came afterward.

The Swiss Forger—Commencement of the Extradition Proceedings.

FRANCOIS FEREZ, the alleged Swiss counterfeiter and forger, who was arrested on Saturday last at Port Jervis by Deputy Marshal KENNEDY, was brought before Commissioner NEWTON yesterday, on an application of L. P. DE LUZE, the Swiss Consul, for his extradition. The accused was charged with having at various times during the year 1869 defrauded several residents of the Swiss Confederation, including Messrs. BARBEZAT, MERSER & Co., of Briensel, KAUFMAN & STEUBIN, of Chouxdefonds, and MACON & STREITIN, of Chauxdefonds, by means of false vouchers, and also with having forged a promissory note of AUGUST PANDEL for 2,000 francs, one of AUGUST DUBAIL for a similar amount, and one of A. BOICHAT for fifty francs. The counsel for the prisoner denied the jurisdiction of the Commissioner in the case, on the ground that the warrant of arrest had been issued by Commissioner SHIELDS, and had been returned before the latter official. He moved to transfer the proceedings before Commissioner SHIELDS, which was granted. The examination was then adjourned until today at 11 A. M.

DASTARDLY HOMICIDE.

A Youth Beaten to Death at His Own Door.

An assault that will terminate in the death of an estimable young German, was committed on Monday night, about 9 o'clock, in Worth-street, near Hudson-street, but first came to the knowledge of the Police last evening. It appears that PHILIP DOHN, aged twenty-one years, lived with his younger brother JOHN and his widowed mother at No. 15 Worth-street. The neighborhood is infested with a gang of young desperadoes whose ill-will was incurred by the DOHN brothers, because of their refusal to associate with them and the loafers frequently threatened them with violence. Of late these threats had been more frequent, and the mother, becoming justly alarmed for the safety of her sons, kept a strict watch upon them, and by her desire they always returned home early in the evening. Monday they were out until 9 o'clock, and Mrs. DOHN, seeing a large party of the ruffians lying in wait for them, went out into the street to meet them and give warning of their danger. She was too late, however, for just as she stepped into the street, her sons, who were about to enter their home, were pounced upon by the desperadoes. JOHN escaped comparatively unhurt, but the first blow PHILIP got being by a brick, in the back, and that being instantly followed by one from a loaded club on the head, he was felled to the sidewalk and surrounded by his enemies, who must have carried him away, as he was not seen again by his family for two hours, when he was found lying at the door, bleeding profusely and insensible. A physician was at once summoned, but no aid could be given the sufferer, who yet remains delirious. There is no hope of his recovery.

The Police were at last notified, and Coroner FLYNN was summoned last evening to make an ante-mortem examination in the case; but as PHILIP was not in a condition to give his testimony, it was of little avail. None of the miscreants engaged in the wanton attack have yet been arrested, but Capt. PETTY is upon their track, and is confident of his ability to apprehend them.

At a late hour of the night the efforts of Capt. PETTY were partially successful in the arrest of JOHN NEIDMEYER, a ringleader of the gang who was apprehended by Detective FIELDS, and was locked up in the Fifth Precinct Station-house to await the action of the Coroner.

THE UNJUST STEWARD.

Swindling in the Name of Vanderbilt—A New Way of "Raising the Wind."

A young fellow, about twenty-four years of age, has been hanging about town for the last four or five weeks representing himself as the post-steward of VANDERBILT's line of steamers, and a man of considerable influence with the Commodore himself. His tactics, although clumsy, have been specious enough to catch "flats," and he has flourished accordingly. Mr. JOSEPH AMOUR, the individual referred to, claims Gibraltar as his birth-place, and is evidently of Spanish origin, speaking English with a strong foreign accent. Under the pretense that VANDERBILT had purchased the steam-ship *Guiding Star*, now lying at Pier No. 46 East River, to replace the *Eagle*, and that he himself had been appointed chief steward of her, this fellow has deluded no end of respectable men with the idea that he had the power of getting situations for them on board. No billet in the ship appeared to be beyond the reach of his influential patronage. To one gentleman he promised the post of assistant purser; to another that of baggage-master; to a third that of pantry-man, and several others were made happy by seeing their names duly enrolled on a printed copy of the ship's articles as waiters, under-stewards, &c. Mr. AMOUR, too, was, by his own account, a landed proprietor, and a married man as well. He had just paid some $25,000 for an estate in Connecticut, and displayed the portraits of a lady and child as the "counterfeit presentments" of his own better half and his son and heir. VANDERBILT he looked upon as a second father; he had served under him in the navy as his private and confidential servant, and would keep his auditors spell-bound with an endless variety of apparently well-authenticated anecdotes of the Commodore's liberality and largeness of heart. As for smuggling, the most famous exploits of "Will Watch" himself would not "hold a candle" to the deeds of "derring-do" as performed by this bold Hidalgo. BUTLER and his spies did not in the least trouble *him*—for he could "run" his contraband goods under their noses without suspicion. Every great man in the City, according to his story, had dealings with him in cigars and other excisable commodities; among others (*proh pudor!*) Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER, to whom, he alleged, he had sold 10,000 choice Havanas last trip, at $200 per thousand—intended as a present to President GRANT! There was one mystery, however; although the steward's pocket was always apparently well-lined with broad gold pieces, which were again and again ostentatiously displayed before an admiring and envious crowd of the needy, there was too often a lamentable deficiency of scrip; but sometimes he did not care about changing his specie, and, again, the purser was in Harlem, and the "office folks would not pay till his return," so that accommodating friends would willingly lend small sums from time to time, the credit of the head steward of a first-class steamer being always undoubted. And so the sun of prosperity shone upon him, but the inevitable eclipse was at hand. Having borrowed money from several of the poor fellows at the Frankfort House to whom he had promised situations, he suddenly "vamoosed the ranche." Inquiry was made, and the humiliating truth became patent. Mr. AMOUR was a humbug and a swindler. He has no situation in the Commodore's service—no patronage, no estate, no stamps. His specie consists of a few gilt anti-slavery medals. He is, in fact, a loafer of the first water. Discharged from the *Morro Castle* some time ago for misconduct, he now lives upon his wits and on the credulity of the poor dupes whom he succeeds in victimizing. His career, however, is likely to be short lived, a warrant being out for his apprehension on the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses from a poor fellow only three weeks in America, who he has eased of his last dollar and left utterly destitute.

His description is as follows: Height about five feet six inches, age twenty-four, complexion dark, eyes black, hair black, side-whiskers black, speaks English with foreign accent, talks loud and fast, wears light gray shooting-coat, low-crowned black felt hat, watch and chain and blue silk tie. We have no doubt, if he comes under the clutches of Judge DOWLING, he will meet with his deserts, and get a job at stone-cracking on the Island as a Summer pastime.

New-Jersey Railroad Company—Annual Meeting—Election of Officers—Movement Toward Closer Consolidation.

The annual meeting of the New-Jersey Railroad Company was held yesterday at the office of the Company, at the depot in Jersey City.

The following gentlemen were unanimously elected officers for the ensuing year:

President—R. W. Stiles, of Morristown; Vice-Presidents—Moses B. Bigelow and Mahlon Delano.

Secretaries—Abraham Voorhis and John P. Jackson.

Board of Directors—D. S. Gregory, Henry R. Remsen, Ferdinand Suydam, George R. Chetwood, Alfred L. Dennis, Isaac W. Scudder, Martin A. Howell, Nehemiah Perry.

Mr. P. BLACK then made a motion that a Committee be appointed to consider the advisability of closer consolidation between the several Companies composing the consolidated companies. As the matter stands at present, each company has its own separate set of officers. The companies merely club profits and divide them *pro rata*. The directors of each company make up the Board of Directors of the consolidated Company. The movement, of which Mr. BLACK's motion is the growth, proposes to have the several companies merged into one Company, and contemplates the control of all the companies by one set of officers. Mr. BLACK believed that an unqualified consolidation would increase the dividends from ten to twenty-five per cent.

Mr. MARTIN HOWELL favored the project.

Mr. DUDLEY J. GREGORY thought that the movement should not be indorsed by the Company without due consideration. He did not favor the one-man power.

A committee of five, consisting of Messrs. P. BLACK, PETER DURYEA, J. R. FORD, R. W. STILES and MAHLON DELANO, was appointed to take the subject into consideration, and to report the result of its deliberations at the next regular meeting of the Joint Board.

Before the meeting adjourned, Mr. ASHBEL WELSH, President of the consolidated companies, made a speech, in which he reviewed the transactions of the companies during the past year. He said that the consolidation had been effected on Jan. 1, 1867. Since that time $7,000,000 or $8,000,000 had been spent in effecting improvements. The capital of the consolidated companies is $20,000,000, the debt $150,000,000, and they control property valued at $10,000,000. The annual receipts are $10,000,000. The stock is in the hands of 3,000 people, none of whom holds more than two per cent.

The strikes in the coal regions have worked a loss to the companies, during the last six months, of from $50,000 to $60,000 per month. In addition to this, the President said that the Newark and New-York Road was taking $120,000 out of the net profits of the Company. But that Company was destined soon to become bankrupt. Mr. WELSH concluded by saying that the future of the consolidated companies was bright and undimmed.

At 1 o'clock the meeting adjourned *sine die*.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

A Vital Difficulty—Appointment of Inspector of Street Cleaning—Neglects in that Department—Important Resolutions of Dr. Carnochan—Report on the Fat-Melters.

The Board of Health yesterday ordered that the ordinances be enforced against fat-melting establishments.

Dr. CHARLES P. RUSSELL, Register of Records, presented, through the Committee on Vital Statistics, a communication representing that, all the clerks in that office having been removed, and he himself being a comparative stranger to its duty, he found it impossible to properly discharge the important duties devolving upon him, and he therefore asked that JOHN BROWNE, CHARLES SANDFORD, THOMAS J. COX and one other of the former clerks be retained for a time. The recommendation was adopted and these clerks retained for one week.

Dr. THOMAS COTTON, on motion of Commissioner BRENNAN, was appointed Inspector of Street Cleaning, at a salary of $2,500, and the same Commissioner offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Inspector of Street Cleaning collate the Police reports of streets not cleaned as the contract for street-cleaning requires, so as to show briefly the weekly omissions in each ward, and that he specify what streets or parts of streets in each ward most urgently require to be cleaned oftener than the contract specifies, and that these reports be presented to the Board at each of its stated meetings.

The Committee on Street Cleaning also presented an abstract of the weekly reports of Police Captains, showing the omission of the contracts to clean the streets during the past week according to contract, which shows that sixteen streets and a number of piers were not cleaned during the week. A communication was received from J. L. BROWN, contractor for street cleaning, asking an ordinance compelling citizens to put out garbage and ashes in separate vessels, which was referred to the counsel and Committee on Law and Ordinances.

Dr. CARNOCHAN, Health Officer, presented resolutions declaring it to be the duty of Congress to provide immediately for the erection of one or more ware-houses "at some point near the anchorage for vessels under quarantine, where merchandise arriving therein may be discharged and freed from infection without delay and without the additional expense now imposed upon the shippers by the discharge of goods upon lighters remote from the wharves of the City."

These resolutions were referred to the Sanitary Committee for consideration to report at the next meeting.

Dr. MORRIS presented a report setting forth the condition of the various fat-melting and bone-boiling establishments in this City, and of the docks and boats of the New-York Rendering Company. Offensive odors escape from all of them, and he recommends that orders be issued discontinuing this kind of business within the City limits, unless these odors are entirely prevented from escaping into the surrounding atmosphere by being utterly destroyed during the process of rendering, and that the refuse from the tanks be not allowed to discharge into the sewers or slips. If such means and apparatus are employed, the doctor says, the business may be conducted without prejudice either to the melters or to the public within the limits of the City.

The report was ordered on file for future action, and the Board then went into the usual secret session.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

German Teachers—Hour of Closing the Schools—Removal of School Trustee John R. Hennessy.

The New-York Board of Education met at 4 o'clock P. M. yesterday, Mr. LARREMORE in the chair.

A communication was read from the German-American School Association, stating that the School Trustees decline to appoint teachers of the German language in the public schools, on the ground that a sufficient number of the parents of scholars do not desire it, and asking that the by-law on this subject may be more clearly defined. It was referred.

A resolution was offered by Mr. LEWIS authorizing the closing of the primary schools at 2 P. M. from the 15th inst., or at 1 P. M. if the noon-day recess is dispensed with. It was adopted.

Mr. PATRICK G. DUFFY was appointed Principal of Grammar School No. 29.

A report was received from Messrs. GROSS, LEWIS and SANDS, the Special Committee, to whom was referred the charge made by ANDREW MILLS, School Inspector in the Fourth District, against JOHN R. HENNESSY, School Trustee in the Seventeenth Ward, of "immoral and disgraceful conduct," in receiving a bribe of $100 to procure an appointment for Miss MARY E. CANNON as teacher in the public schools. The Committee reported that, although the evidence is conflicting, "the charge is sufficiently sustained to warrant his (HENNESSY's) removal from his position," and recommended the adoption of the following preamble and resolution:

Whereas, JOHN R. HENNESSY, a School Trustee of the Seventeenth Ward, by his careless and indiscreet conduct in matters deeply concerning the moral status of our cherished system of public education has seriously compromised his standing and usefulness as a school officer, therefore, be it

Resolved, That said JOHN R. HENNESSY be and he is hereby removed from his position of School Trustee of the Seventeenth Ward, and his place declared vacant.

The report and resolution were adopted by a vote of 8 to 1—Mr. SMYTH voting in the negative.

The sum of $7,280 was appropriated to pay salaries of the schools under the charge of the Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction, including those of the school-ship *Mercury*, the Industrial and the Idiotic schools.

The Board then adjourned.

Cricket—St. George vs. Philadelphia.

The first contest this season between the representative clubs of New-York and Philadelphia took place yesterday on the grounds of the St. George Club, at Hudson City, and the weather proving favorable, a very fine display of cricket was the result. The game began at noon, with St. George at the bat, and before they were disposed of they had obtained 109, of which HATFIELD—the base-ball player—contributed 27 in splendid batting style; CARPENTER 25, CATER 12, BANCE 11, and COOPER and GIBBES 10 each. These scores were obtained against beautiful fielding and fine bowling. On the part of Philadelphia no less than 155 runs were scored, of which PIERSON's 63 and CLAY's 45 were the features. Today the game will be resumed and concluded. We append the score of yesterday's play.

ST. GEORGE.		PHILADELPHIA.	
Bance, c. Pierson, b. Magee	11	Pierson, c. Cooper, b. Norley	63
Carpenter, b. Bradshaw	25	Barclay, c. Cater, b. Norley	11
Cooper, c. West, b. Bradshaw	10	Clay, c. and b. Norley	41
Norley, c. J. Hopkins, b. Bradshaw	0	Magee, c. and b. Norley	0
Bowman, b. Magee	0	E. Hopkinson, c. Norley, b. Hatfield	0
Brown, c. Pierson, b. Magee	0	J. Hopkinson, c. Bance, b. Norley	12
Fortun, b. Magee	2	Bradshaw, b. Norley	12
Cater, b. Magee	12	Newbold, run out	2
Hatfield, b. Magee	27	West, b. Carpenter	0
Gisborne, c. Stewartson, b. Bradshaw	7	Stewartson, c. Gisborne, b. Norley	2
Gibbes, not out	10	McElroy, not out	3
Byes 2, leg-byes 3	5	Byes 4, leg-byes 3, wides 2	9
Total	109	Total	155

Umpires—Messrs. DOYLE and HARRIS.
Scorers—Messrs. FARNSHAW and CHADWICK.
Time of Game—Five hours and ten minutes.

Probable Homicide in the Fourth Ward.

ANDREW J. FLINT and EDWARD DOUGLAS, both of No. 78 Oliver-street, on Tuesday afternoon entered a liquor-store at the corner of South-street and James-slip, and encountered MICHAEL O'BRIEN, who endeavored to engage them in a quarrel. DOUGLAS and FLINT left the place and went up the street. O'BRIEN followed and struck DOUGLAS a powerful blow on the side of the head with his fist, knocking him down insensible. An officer came up and arrested O'BRIEN, but while en route to the Police Station FLINT intimated that he would not make a charge, and DOUGLAS was taken home. During the night DOUGLAS became worse, and was removed to the hospital, when the surgeon intimated that he was in great danger. O'BRIEN was therefore rearrested and taken, yesterday morning, before Justice HOGAN, at the Tombs, where he was held to await the result of DOUGLAS's injuries. FLINT was sent to the House of Detention as a witness. The Coroner was also summoned to take DOUGLAS' ante-mortem deposition, should he recover from his present comatose state.

"Lord" Industrial School.

The annual Spring festival and exhibition of the Lord Industrial School took place yesterday at the new school-room, No. 207 Greenwich-street. A large number of ladies and gentlemen were present. Rev. Dr. COTTON SMITH presided, and appropriate addresses were delivered by Rev. Mr. MINGENS, D. EDWIN HAWLEY, Esq., and others. A number of the pupils gave recitations, dialogues, &c., displaying a considerable amount of oratorical talent and culture. At the close of these exercises the children were treated to a bountiful supply of ice-cream and cake. This school has been established about fourteen years, and is entirely supported by the generosity of gentlemen doing business in the First Ward. The school has an attendance of about 160 boys and girls, who, besides being educated, are partly clothed and fed. The home influences of many of these little ones is of the most pernicious character, and for them there is no place like school. In Miss FLAGG they have not only an accomplished teacher, but a faithful counselor and friend.

CLOSE OF THE TERM.

Yesterday's Proceedings in the Court of General Sessions—Summary of Cases.

The Court of General Sessions was adjourned, yesterday, for the May term, which commenced early last month, and which has witnessed the disposition of a large number of criminal cases. Previous to the adjournment, Recorder HACKETT sent HENRY SEAMON to State Prison for five years for having broken into the house of FREDERICK TURNER, at No. 50 First-avenue, with intent to steal. He was caught in the act of forcing open a bureau drawer belonging to the defendant. THOMAS CASEY, having been tried and convicted of breaking into the liquor-store of JOHN DONNALLY at No. 482 West Thirty-sixth-street, and of stealing $128 worth of property therefrom, received a sentence of three years' imprisonment in State Prison. The evidence showed that he entered the place in company with several confederates at a late hour in the night, and that he was heard rummaging in the money-drawer and in the cellar by the owner, who occupied a room in the store as a bedroom, and who remained very quiet during the burglary from fear of being attacked by the marauders. Three brothers, named JAMES MARION, THOMAS MARION and JOHN MARION, were placed on trial on an indictment charging them, together with FRANK NEILSON, otherwise Schultz, with having broken into the molding factory of JOHN MATTHEWS, in East Fifty-seventh-street, stealing therefrom $1,000 worth of property. Some of the stolen articles were found by Policeman PHILIP LAMBRECHT in a room jointly occupied by the accused. The jury rendered a verdict of guilty, after which JAMES and THOMAS MARION were sent to State Prison for four years. JOHN was sent to the same place for four years and six months. NEILSON pleaded guilty, and was subsequently sentenced to State Prison for four years and six months. All four of the prisoners were represented to have been implicated in a burglary which took place at the residence of HAMLIN BABCOCK, in East Seventy-sixth-street.

A motion was made by Assistant District-Attorney FELLOWS for the discharge of the Petit Jury, during which he spoke of the expeditious and excellent manner in which the latter had discharged its duties. In granting the motion, Recorder HACKETT complimented the jury on the sound judgment which had been shown in its verdicts. The Court then adjourned until Monday next, at which time the June term will commence.

Indictment of Delinquent Lottery-Dealers.

Orders have just been received from Washington directing the Collectors of the various districts in this City to take active legal measures against such lottery-dealers, large and small, as refuse or neglect to comply with all the requirements of the Internal Revenue act which relate to their business. Within a few days past Mr. MARSHALL B. BLAKE, Collector of the Seventh District, has apprehended about fifty delinquent dealers, and has reported them to District-Attorney PIERREPONT for indictment. They have all been indicted, with two or three exceptions, and are now awaiting trial in the United States Circuit Court.

Man's Inhumanity to Woman.

At the Jefferson Market Police Court, yesterday, before Judge COX, CHRISTOPHER RIORDAN was put forward by Officer DUNNE, of the Eighth Precinct, charged with a felonious assault on LAURA ADAMS, who resided at No. 125 Mercer-street. It appeared that the parties lived together as man and wife, and yesterday morning, having had an altercation, the prisoner beat her terribly, causing a premature confinement and seriously endangering her life. She was removed to Bellevue Hospital, where she now lies in a precarious condition. The prisoner was remanded to await the result.

Personal.

Gen. HENRY E. TREMAIN, the present Chief Deputy Marshal under Gen. SHARPE, is expected to resign in a few days, and to resume the practice of law. The most prominent candidate named for his position is Mr. ELISHA C. TUCKER, now acting as Chief Clerk in the United States Marshal's Office. Mr. TUCKER served under Ex-Marshals BARLOW and HARLOW, and received great credit for the manner in which he performed his public duties. He is recommended for the position by several Republican leaders.

Hon. E. C. Banfield, Solicitor of the Treasury, Washington; J. F. Pearson, of Buenos Ayres; Charles A. Lovett, of Hong Kong, and Hon. William Windom, of Winona, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel. Judge Barto, of Trumansburg, is at the Albemarle Hotel. Ex-Congressman Alfred Ely, of Rochester, is at the Coleman House. Hon. J. R. Russell, of Florida; Hon. A. Langdon, of Pennsylvania; W. M. Whitney, of Albany; Hon. J. F. Spencer, of Wisconsin, and Hon. Springer Harbough, of Pittsburg, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel. Hon. W. Lounsberry, of Kingston; Gen. E. D. Baker, of the United States Army; Hon. C. H. Kunkel, of Baltimore, and P. Dunning, Esq., of Wisconsin, are at the Metropolitan Hotel. Hon. N. Washburn, of Minnesota, is at the New-York Hotel.

BRENTANO has received the *Graphic*, *Punch*, *Illustrated London News*, *Nature* and the *Saturday Review* at his commodious store in Union-square. Also, the *Portfolio*, No. 5—an excellent number of an excellent work—and the *Argosy*.

THE POLICY-HOLDERS of The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New-York are requested to attend a meeting, to be held in the rooms formerly occupied by the Open Board of Stock Brokers, No. 16 Broad-street, on THURSDAY, June 2, at 3 o'clock P. M., to consider matters of interest and importance to policy-holders in that Company. JAMES W. McCULLOH, Esq., lately engaged in investigating the affairs of that Company, and Hon. JOHN L. V. PRUYN and Judge DAVIES, Trustees of the Company, have been invited to address the meeting.

NEW-YORK, June 1, 1870.

WM. BLANCHARD,
WM. H. NEWMAN,
S. BARSTOW FRENCH,
R. ATKINSON,
HENRY A. BARLING,
WM. H. GUION,
THOS. R. MINTURN,
EDWARD ROWE,
JOHN G. DALE,
JAMES M. MOTLEY,
A. WENDT,
HERMANN STUTZER,
SAMUEL NIMMONS,
GEORGE D. CRAGIN,
A. J. SERGEENT,
JOHN H. POOL,
R. W. CAMERON,
AMERTON YALE,
E. B. GRANT,
JOHN A. CLUSSMAN,
And many others.

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SPRING AND SUMMER SUITS,
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—Advertisement.

NEW-YORK WEEKLY TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY TIMES will be published THIS MORNING, and may be had at the counter of the publication office, in wrappers, ready for mailing. Price FIVE CENTS.

Among other features of interest are presented the following:

Foreign Intelligence.

Proposition in the Spanish Cortes to Abolish Slavery; The King Question Yet Unsettled; The French "Derby;" The Portuguese Ministry; The Ecumenical Council; Devastating Fire in Canada; Conflagration in Constantinople; Troubles in Liberia.

Political Affairs.

Summary of the Proceedings of Congress—Relief for the Veterans of 1812; The State Election; Condition of the Republican Party; Political Events in June.

General Topics.

The Fenian Fiasco—The Fight at Trout River—The Retreat—Canada Not to be Invaded Again—Fenian Reinforcements Stopped by United States Troops; San Domingo—Anxiety Regarding Annexation; The Darien Expedition; A Colored Cadet at West Point—Reunion of the Graduates in June; Murder of State Senator Stephens in North Carolina; Boat Race at Annapolis.

Local Intelligence.

Assault and Robbery; A New Canal Wanted; A Great Masonic Event; A Sad Case of Suicide; A Skeleton in the City Hall; Rev. H. W. Beecher on "The Right Observance of the Sabbath;" Disturbance in a Colored Church.

Agricultural.

Sheep; Dissolving Bones; Surface Manuring; Steam Plows; The Horse Market; Full Report of the Proceedings of the Farmer's Club.

Editorial Comments.

Democratic Infelicities; Alas, Poor, Yorick! Cause and Effect; Our Coast and Harbor Defenses; Why the Reduction of Taxes is not Larger; A New Agency for Extending Empire; The Ninth Census; What Shall We Do Next? Fight the Second; Enforcing the Fifteenth Amendment; The Currency Bill; Taxation in Congress; The Duty of the Churches to the Indians; Married Women's Rights in Connecticut; Laissez Aller.

The Markets.

Specially-prepared Summaries of Financial, Commercial, Live Stock and Produce Movements.

The WEEKLY TIMES will be sent to subscribers in any part of the country for TWO DOLLARS a year. Five copies, $8; ten copies, $15; twenty copies, $25. An extra copy to getter up of club of ten or twenty subscribers, and a splendid steel engraving of the late HENRY J. RAYMOND.

How to Look Young—Sixteen.—Don't paint or use vile hair restorers, but simply apply HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM upon your face, neck, and hands, and use LYON'S KATHARION upon your hair. The Balm makes your complexion pearly, soft, and natural, and you can't tell what did it. It removes freckles, tan, sallowness, ring-marks, moth-patches, &c., and in place of a red, rustic face, you have the marble purity of an exquisite belle. It gives to middle-age the bloom of perpetual youth. Add these effects to a splendid head of hair produced by the Katharion, and a lady has done her best in the way of adornment. Brothers will have no spinster sisters when these articles are around.

The Gorham Manufacturing Company,
SILVERSMITHS,
PROVIDENCE, R. I.,

continue to manufacture, in addition to their extensive assortment of Sterling Silver-ware, new and elegant Dinner, Dessert and Tea Services, of their well-known ELECTRO PLATE.

THE BASE is NICKEL SILVER, remarkably hard and white, upon which is a deposit of pure Silver, of such thickness that for extreme durability it possesses all the advantages of Solid Silver—at one-fourth the price.

The characteristic features of this ware are, the Nickel base, the sonorous ring of the metal, the thickness of the plate, the elegance of the designs and beauty of finish and ornamentation, rendering it so exactly similar to Solid Silver as to be undistinguishable from it.

It excels all other plated ware in the market, whether of American or foreign manufacture.

Purchasers are invited to examine the assortment for sale in this City by
TIFFANY & CO., No. 550 Broadway.

GORHAM MFG CO The Electro Plate is stamped this Trade Mark.

The Sterling Silver is for sale by retail dealers generally throughout the country.

Removal.

LORIN BROOKS & SONS, Boots and Shoes, have removed to No. 438 Broadway, four doors from Howard-st.; are selling their fine stock of Boots and Shoes at popular prices.

Hair Dye, Hair Dye, Hair Dye.—The genuine W. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE is the best in the world—the only perfect dye—harmless, reliable, instantaneous, black or brown. Sold everywhere, and properly applied at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond-st., New-York.

Specialties, Wedding and Visiting Cards, Note Paper, Monograms, &c. EVERDELL'S elegant styles cheapest in the City. 302 Broadway.

Patents Obtained in the United States and all foreign countries by MUNN & CO., No. 37 Park-row., publishers *Scientific American*.

Boots and Shoes of Every Variety at Reduced prices. C. C. RICHMOND, 573 Broadway.

Trusses.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, (Established 20 years,) 2 Vesey-st., Astor House.

MARRIED.

GILLENDER—CROPSY.—At Richmond, S. I., on Wednesday, June 1, by Rev. I. H. Sinclair, ARTHUR GILLENDER, of New-York, to ELLIE, youngest daughter of J. R. Cropsy, Esq., of Richmond, S. I. No cards.

GLENNEY—DE FREEST.—On Wednesday, June 1, 1870, at the Reformed Dutch Church, corner of Lafayette-place and 4th-st., by Rev. James M. Ludlow, WILLIAM P. GLENNEY to ANNIE E. R. DE FREEST, all of this City.

Albany and Troy papers please copy.

HOWARD—LEWIS.—At Church of the Holy Trinity, Brooklyn, on Wednesday, June 1, by Rev. Chas. H. Hall, D. D., LOUIS EMERSON HOWARD to ELLA CLEVELAND, daughter of John W. Lewis, both of Brooklyn.

HOLT—HUNT.—On Wednesday, the 1st inst., at St. Ann's Church, by Rev. Dr. Robert S. Howland, Mr. GEO. H. HOLT to Miss LOUISA B. HUNT, daughter of Simon B. Hunt, of this City.

LEE—BOSWORTH.—On Tuesday, May 31, at the residence of Judge Bosworth, the bride's father, by Rev. J. P. Thompson, GEORGE CARLTON LEE, of this City, to STELLA LOUISA BOSWORTH.

OGDEN—SMITH.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, June 1, by Rev. Norman Seaver, D. D., at the residence of the bride's parents, No. 51 Pierrepont-st., WILLIS L. OGDEN to ELLEN L., daughter of Hon. Cyrus P. Smith.

WOODWARD—BLACKBURNE.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, May 31, at the residence of the bride's mother, No. 70 Sands-street, by Rev. Fred. A. Farley, D. D., assisted by Rev. A. P. Putnam, [illegible] WOODWARD to ELIZABETH C., daughter of the late Robins C. Blackburne, Esq.

DIED.

ANDREWS.—At Winona, Minn., on Wednesday, 1st inst., Dr. J. R. ANDREWS, of this City.

Due notice of the funeral will be given.

BUCKLEY.—At Marlborough, N. Y., Wednesday, June 1, JOHN BUCKLEY, in the 85th year of his age.

Notice of the funeral will be given hereafter.

CHICHESTER.—On Monday, May 30, Mrs. AGNES M. CHICHESTER, widow of the late Abner Chichester, of this City, in the 76th year of her age.

Funeral services at the residence of her son-in-law, T. F. Thomas, No. 161 West 36th-st., on Thursday morning, 2d of June, at 10 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

The remains will be taken to Jamaica for interment.

COUILLARD.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday evening, May 29, ANNIE C., eldest daughter of Matilda G. and the late Capt. Joshua Couillard, aged 19 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, Bergen-st., fourth house east of Grand-av., on Thursday, June 2, at 12 o'clock M.

FAILE.—On Tuesday morning, May 31, at his residence in Woodstock, Westchester County, after a long and painful illness, EDWARD FAILE, of the late firm of Faile, Williams & Co.

His friends and those of his father-in-law, George Greer, are invited to attend the funeral services at St. Ann's Church, Morrisania, on Thursday at 3¼ P. M. Carriages will be in waiting at the Mott Haven Depot to meet the 2¼ Harlem train from 26th-st.

JACKSON.—June 1, at his residence, No. 27 West 18th-st., LUTHER JACKSON, of this City, in the 81st year of his age.

Funeral services will be held at the Fourth-avenue Presbyterian Church, corner 4th-av. and 22d-st., on Friday, June 3, at 3 P. M. His friends and those of the family are respectfully requested to attend without further invitation.

LORD.—Tuesday night, May 31, AMANDA, wife of Dr. Benjamin Lord, of this City.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence, No. 34 West 28th-st., on Friday, June 3, at 4 o'clock.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HATS.
PRICES DOWN.
GENTS' CASSIMERE DRESS HATS AT
FIVE DOLLARS!!!
WARNOCK & CO., No. 519 BROADWAY.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES & JEWELRY SELLING AT REDUCED PRICES, also taken in exchange and bought for cash. GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 513 Broadway, under the St. Nicholas Hotel, between Broome and Spring streets, formerly No. 415 Broadway.

PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD, CONN.

ASSETS, DEC. 31, 1869, $5,081,970 70, BEING $158 OF ASSETS TO $100 OF LIABILITIES. INCOME FOR 1869, $2,423,979 00.

Ordinary and non-forfeiting Life and Endowment Policies issued on the most favorable terms.

This Company combines the two great systems of Life Insurance, viz.: HALF NOTE, with percentage dividends, and ALL CASH, WITH CONTRIBUTION DIVIDENDS. Dividends on the half-note plan have been 50 PER CENT. Dividends on the contribution plan BEGIN WITH PAYMENT OF SECOND PREMIUM. NO RESTRICTIONS ON TRAVEL OR LOCATION IN THE UNITED STATES OR EUROPE. NO EXTRA RATES FOR INSURING THE LIVES OF WOMEN, OR OF RAILROAD EMPLOYES.

Persons desiring Life Insurance are invited to investigate the many advantages offered by the liberal terms of policies, low rates of premiums, and large dividends of this Company. Applications for insurance or agencies can be made to any agent of the Company in the principal cities, or to the Home Office, at Hartford, Conn.

E. FESSENDEN, Pres., J. F. BURNS, Sec.

Active solicitors wanted for New-York City and vicinity. Apply at Branch Office, No. 153 Broadway, New-York. A. C. GOODMAN, Resident Director.

VERMONT SPRING WATER.

The great remedy for cancerous and scrofulous diseases, kidney complaints, and all impurities of the blood. See pamphlets.
SAXE & CO., Proprietors, Sheldon, Vt.
W. H. SCHIEFFELIN & CO., Agents, No. 170 William-st., New-York.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.

The mails for Europe during the week ending Saturday, June 4, 1870, will close at this office on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 12 M., and at all Stations as follows, viz.: A and B, 11:40 A. M.; C and D, 11:20 A. M.; E and F, 11:05 A. M.
P. H. JONES, Postmaster.

NOTICE.

The Free Labor and Intelligence Bureau, under the charge of the Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction, has removed to Nos. 8 and 10 Clinton-place, one block west of Broadway, where parties can be furnished with first-class help of both sexes free of charge. JAMES DONAHUE, Superintendent.

MONTHLY GRAND RALLY.—THE MARINERS' TEMPLE MARINE TEMPERANCE SOCIETY will hold their monthly meeting in the commodious church, corner of Oliver and Henry sts., a few doors from Chatham-square, THIS (Thursday) EVENING. WALLACE P. GROOM, Esq., will address the meeting. Master Willie, a lad of eight Summers, will make a temperance speech, and will also assist Misses Lydia and Libby Davis in singing Temperance songs.

Exercises commence 7¾ o'clock. SEATS FREE.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

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THE SUNDAY MAGAZINE,
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and No. 449 Broome-st., New-York.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

The great feature at the Exchange, yesterday, was the sale of the Dyckman estate, which was begun at 12 o'clock, under the direction of V. K. STEVENSON, SON & CO., B. P. FAIRCHILD, Auctioneer, and continued until after 4 P. M. The attendance, both of buyers and spectators, was large, and the competition was brisk, each lot being immediately bid upon as soon as offered. The sale was about half concluded yesterday, 434 lots being disposed of. The remainder of the property will be sold today, the sale commencing at noon, and continuing until the whole number of lots, 902 in all, are knocked down. The 434 lots sold yesterday realized over $200,000, the location of which and price per piece will be found in detail in the summary. The largest purchasers were as follows: Geo. E. Daniels, B. C. Cornell, J. W. Pinchot, H. J. Ralph, George Demorest, J. Brown, H. Potter, Mr. Beebe, Mr. Evans and M. P. Bush. The sale was successful and the price per lot in most instances fair, although from the eligible location of the property the buyer is sure to realize a handsome profit on the investment.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. sold five lots on Willoughby-avenue, in Brooklyn, at $1,075 per lot.

Today, in addition to the Dyckman sale, ROBERTS & MCGUIRE offer a large lot of improved City property, and A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BROTHER sell a valuable property located at Bloomfield, N. J.

The sale of JOHNSON & MILLER, on Tuesday, of Linden Park at Staten Island, was a most satisfactory one, and all the lots offered were disposed of. Over 1,500 persons attended the auction, and the excursion was both well conducted and pleasant. The lots brought good prices, the entire property selling for over $32,000. A detailed account of the transactions will be found below.

Summary of Yesterday's Sales.

NEW-YORK—THE DYCKMAN ESTATE.

By V. K. Stevenson, Son & Co.—B. P. Fairchild, Auctioneer.

1 lot n. e. corner Broadway and Dyckman-st., 25x about 139	$2,075
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, 25x about 137	1,525
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, 25x about 136	1,250
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, 25x about 135	1,225
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, 15x about 185	1,425
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, 26x about 184	1,450
2 lots e. s. Broadway, adjoining, each 25x about 183, $1,550 each	3,100
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, 25x about 183	1,525
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, same size	1,650
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, same size	1,925
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, same size	1,950
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, same size	2,050
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, 39x about 183	3,050
1 gore lot s. e. corner Broadway and Academy-st., 38 ft. front, depth about 196 ft.	1,650
1 lot n. e. corner Broadway and Academy-st., 25 x about 137	1,350
2 lots e. s. Broadway, adjoining, each about same size, each $850	1,700
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, about same size	800
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, 25x about 189	1,025
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, about same size	1,000
2 lots e. s. Broadway, adjoining, each about same size, $875 each	1,750
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, about same size	950
3 lots e. s. Broadway, adjoining, each 25x about 193, $1,100 each	3,300
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, 25x about 194	1,250
2 lots e. s. Broadway, adjoining, each 25x about 195, $1,400 each	2,800
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, 25x about 196	1,250
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, 25x about 147	1,025
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, about same size	925
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, about same size	850
1 lot s. e. corner Broadway and Hawthorn-st., 25x about 147	1,350
1 lot n. e. corner Broadway and Hawthorn-st., 25x about 170	1,550
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, about same size	1,225
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, about same size	1,050
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, about same size	1,000
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, 25x about 189	1,150
2 lots e. s. Broadway, each about same size, $1,200 each	2,400
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, about same size	1,150
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, about same size	1,275
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, about same size	1,250
3 lots, e. s. Broadway, adjoining, each about same size, $1,225 each	3,675
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, about same size	1,175
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, about same size	1,150
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, about same size	1,125
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, 25x about 151	1,050
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, about same size	1,100
1 lot e. s. Broadway, adjoining, about same size	1,125
1 lot s. e. corner Broadway and Emerson-st., adjoining, about same size	1,625
2 lots n. s. Dyckman-st., 137.7 ft. e. Broadway, each 25x100, each $950	1,900
6 lots n. s. Dyckman-st., adjoining, each same size, each $750	4,500
4 lots n. e. corner Dyckman-st. and Vermilyea-av., each 25x100, $350 each	1,400
4 lots n. s. Dyckman-st., adjoining, each same size, $300 each	1,200
4 lots n. s. Dyckman-st., adjoining, each same size, $340 each	1,360
11 lots w. s. Vermilyea-av., 100 ft. n. of Dyckman-st., each 25x150, $500 each	5,500
5 lots w. s. Vermilyea-av., adjoining, each 25x about 169, $350 each	1,750
8 lots e. s. Vermilyea-av., 100 ft. n. of Dyckman-st., each 25x50, $280 each	2,240
4 lots e. s. Vermilyea-av., adjoining, same size, $300 each	1,200
4 lots e. s. Vermilyea-av., adjoining, same size, $295 each	1,180
3 lots w. s. Vermilyea-av., 100 ft. w. of Academy-st., each 25x150, $385 each	1,155
2 lots w. s. Vermilyea-av., adjoining, same size, $400 each	800
7 lots w. s. Vermilyea-av., adjoining, same size, $650 each	4,550
6 lots e. s. Vermilyea-av., 100 ft. n. of Academy-st., each 25x150, $205 each	1,230
6 lots e. s. Vermilyea-av., adjoining, same size, $230 each	1,380
6 lots w. s. Vermilyea-av., 100 ft. n. of Hawthorne-st., each 25x150, $405 each	2,430
6 lots e. s. Vermilyea-av., adjoining, same size, $425 each	2,550
12 lots w. s. Vermilyea-av., 100 ft. n. of Hawthorne-st., each 25x150, $280 each	3,390
4 lots s. w. cor. Academy-st. and Vermilyea-av., each 25x100, $550 each	2,200
1 lot s. s. Academy-st., 100 ft. w. of Vermilyea-av., 37x100	550
4 lots s. e. cor. Academy-st. and Vermilyea-av., each 25x100, $250 each	1,000
4 lots s. s. Academy-st., 100 ft. w. of Vermilyea-av., same size, $225 each	900
8 lots n. w. cor. Academy-st. and Vermilyea-av., same size, $325 each	2,600
4 lots n. e. corner of Academy-st. and Vermilyea-av., same size, $200 each	800
4 lots n. s. of Academy-st., adjoining, 100 ft. e. of Vermilyea-av., same size, $180 each	720
4 lots n. w. corner of Academy-st. and Post-av., each 25x100, $300 each	1,200
4 lots n. s. of Academy-st., adjoining, 100 ft. w. of Post-av., same size, $245 each	980
8 lots n. e. corner of Academy-st. and Post-av., same size, $305 each	2,440
8 lots w. s. of Sherman-av., 100 ft. n. of Dyckman-st., each 25x150, $265 each	2,120
8 lots w. s. Sherman-av., adjoining, same size, $240 each	1,920
4 lots s. w. corner Sherman-av. and Academy-st., each 25x100, $275 each	1,100
4 lots n. w. corner Sherman-av. and Academy-st., same size, $220 each	880
12 lots w. s. Sherman-av., 100 ft. w. of Academy-st., each 25x150, $250 each	3,000
4 lots s. w. corner Sherman-av. and Hawthorne-st., each 25x100, $225 each	1,020
4 lots n. e. corner Sherman-av. and Academy-st., same size, $250 each	1,000
6 lots e. s. Sherman-av., 100 ft. n. of Academy-st., each 25x160, $275 each	1,650
6 lots e. s. Sherman-av., adjoining, same size, $300 each	1,800
4 lots s. e. corner Sherman-av. and Hawthorne-st., each 25x110, $365 each	1,460
4 lots n. w. corner Sherman-av. and Hawthorne-st., each 25x100, $310 each	1,240
6 lots w. s. Sherman-av., 100 ft. n. of Hawthorne-st., each 25x150, $315 each	1,890
6 lots w. s. Sherman-av., adjoining, same size, $325 each	1,950
4 lots s. w. corner Sherman-av. and Emerson st., each 25x100, $315 each	1,260
4 lots n. e. corner Sherman-av. and Hawthorne-st., each 25x110, $325 each	1,300
6 lots e. s. Sherman-av., 100 ft. n. of Hawthorne-st., each 25x160, $375 each	2,250
6 lots e. s. Sherman-av., adjoining, same size, $365 each	2,190
4 lots s. e. corner Sherman-av. and Emerson-st., each 25x110, $365 each	1,460
4 lots s. w. corner Hawthorne-st. and Vermilyea-av., each 25x100, $400 each	1,600
4 lots s. s. Hawthorne-st., 100 ft. w. of Vermilyea-av., same size, $375 each	1,500
4 lots s. e. corner Hawthorne-st. and Vermilyea-av., same size, $240 each	960
4 lots s. s. Hawthorne-st., 100 ft. e. of Vermilyea-av., same size, $200 each	800
4 lots s. w. corner Hawthorne-st. and Post-av., same size, $425 each	1,700
4 lots s. s. Hawthorne-st., 100 ft. w. of Post-av., same size, $280 each	1,120
4 lots s. e. corner Hawthorne-st. and Post-av., same size, $390 each	1,560
4 lots s. s. Hawthorne st., 100 ft. e. of 10th-st., same size, $310 each	1,240
7 lots n. w. corner Hawthorne-st. and Vermilyea-av., same size, $410 each	2,870
4 lots n. e. corner Hawthorne-st and Vermilyea-av., same size, $290 each	1,160
4 lots n. s. Hawthorne-st., 100 ft. e. of Vermilyea-av., same size, $300 each	1,200
4 lots, n. w. corner Hawthorne-st. and Post-av., same size, $445 each	1,780
4 lots n. s. Hawthorne-st., 100 ft. w. of Post-av., same size, $345 each	1,380
6 lots w. s. of Post-av., 100 ft. n. of Academy-st., each 25x150, $450 each	2,700
6 lots w. s. of Post-av., adjoining, same size, $625 each	3,750
6 lots e. s. of Post-av., 100 ft. n. of Academy-st., same size, $300 each	1,800
6 lots e. s. of Post-av., adjoining, same size, $455 each	2,730
6 lots w. s. of Post-av., 100 ft. n. of Hawthorne-st., same size, $400 each	2,430
6 lots w. s. of Post-av., adjoining, same size, $405 each	2,430
4 lots s. w. corner of Post-av. and Emerson-st., each 25x100, $415 each	1,660
4 lots n. w. corner Naegle-av. and Academy-st., each 25x110, $305 each	1,220
6 lots w. s. Naegle-av., 100 ft. n. of Academy-st., each 25x160, $240 each	1,440
6 lots w. s. Naegle-av., adjoining, same size, $380 each	2,280
4 lots s. w. corner Naegle-av. and Hawthorne-st., each 25x110, $370 each	1,480
6 lots s. w. corner Emerson-st. and Vermilyea-av., each 25x100, $400 each	2,400
1 lot s. s. Emerson-st., adjoining, 150 ft. w. of Vermilyea-av., same size	580
4 lots s. e. corner Emerson-st. and Vermilyea-av., same size, $295 each	1,180
4 lots s. s. Emerson-st., 100 ft. w. of Vermilyea-av., same size, $290 each	1,160
4 lots s. s. Emerson-st., 110 ft. e. of Sherman-av., same size, $375 each	1,500

BROOKLYN.

By A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co.

5 lots n. s. Willoughby-av., 125 ft. w. of Tompkins-av., each 20x100, $1,075 each	$5,375

STATEN ISLAND—LINDEN PARK.

By Johnson & Miller.

Brick mansion and 6¾ acres of land, Remsen-terrace	$8,750
4 lots, Nos. 1 to 4, Old Town road, 3 lots 25x119x 49x107	860
4 lots, Nos. 41 to 44, Old Town road, 25x100	560
4 lots, Nos. 5 to 8, Wilson-st., 25x100	460
2 lots, Nos. 45 and 46, Wilson-st., 25x100	220
4 lots, Nos. 47 to 50, Wilson-st., 25x100	270
4 lots, Nos. 51 to 54, Wilson-st., 25x100	360
4 lots, Nos. 9 to 12, Wilson-st., gore lots	440
4 lots, Nos. 13 to 16, Wilson-st., gore lots	320
5 lots, Nos. 17 to 21, Wilson-st., gore lots	250
4 lots, Nos. 55 to 58, Wilson-st., 25x100	420
4 lots, Nos. 79 to 82, Wilson-st., 25x100	400
2 lots, Nos. 83, 84, Wilson-st., 25x100	220
2 lots, Nos. 85, 86, Wilson-st., 25x100	200
4 lots, Nos. 87 to 90, Wilson-st., 25x100	400
4 lots, Nos. 22 to 25, Wilson-st., 25x100	380
2 lots, Nos. 26, 27, Wilson-st., 25x100	200
4 lots, Nos. 28 to 31, Wilson and Newberry sts., 25x110	300
4 lots, Nos. 59 to 62 Remsen-st., 25x100	360
4 lots, Nos. 92 to 95 Remsen-st., 25x100	600
4 lots, Nos. 96 to 99 Remsen-st., 25x100	400
4 lots, Nos. 101, 102 and 94 Remsen-st. 25x100	420
4 lots, Nos. 63 to 66 Remsen-st., 25x100	400
4 lots, Nos. 67 to 70 Minna-st., 25x100	400
4 lots, Nos. 113 to 116 Remsen-st., 25x100	320
4 lots, Nos. 117 to 120 Remsen-st., 25x100	360
2 lots, Nos. 121 and 122 Remsen-st., 25x100	200
4 lots, Nos. 126 to 129 Remsen-st., 25x100	320
4 lots, Nos. 130 to 133 Remsen-st., 25x100	280
2 lots, Nos. 134 and 135 Remsen-st. and Linden-lane, 25x100	300
3 lots, Nos. 123 to 125 Remsen-st.	210
3 lots, Nos. 136 to 138 Minna-st., 25x100	195
8 lots, Nos. 139 to 146 Remsen-st. and Evergreen-av., 25x100	520
4 lots, Nos. 210 to 213 Remsen-st. and Evergreen-av	300
4 lots, Nos. 214 to 217 Remsen-st. and Evergreen-av., 25x100	240
4 lots, Nos. 218 to 221 Remsen-st. and Evergreen-av., 25x100	260
4 lots, Nos. 173 to 176 Minna-st., 25x100	260
4 lots, Nos. 177 to 180 Pelton-st., 25x100	280
6 lots, Nos. 222 to 227 Pelton-st., 40x20x100	720
1 lot, No. 228 Pelton-st., 25x100	50
3 lots, Nos. 157 to 159 Minna-st., 25x100	150
3 lots, Nos. 170 to 172 Pelton-st., 25x100	270
8 lots, Nos. 71 to 78 Minna-st., 25x100	680
4 lots, Nos. 147 to 150 Minna-st., 25x100	360
4 lots, Nos. 160 to 163 Pelton-st., 25x100	280
4 lots, Nos. 151 to 153 Pelton-st., 25x100	170
4 lots, Nos. 153 to 156 Minna-st., 25x100	360
8 lots, Nos. 166 to 169 Minna-st., 25x100	380
5 lots, Nos. 181 to 185 Pelton-st., 25x100	275
4 lots, Nos. 186 to 189 Pelton-st., 25x100	200
5 lots, Nos. 190 to 194 Pelton-st., 25x80	300
5 lots, Nos. 195 to 199 Pelton-st., gores	200
2 lots, Nos. 321 to 322 Evergreen-av., 25x110	84
2 lots, Nos. 323 to 324 Evergreen-av., 25x110	110
2 lots, Nos. 325 to 326 Evergreen-av., 25x110	250
85 lots, Nos. 232 to 316 Evergreen-av., 25x100	2,500
4 lots, Nos. 327 to 330 Evergreen-av., 25x110	480
4 lots, Nos. 331 to 334 Evergreen-av., 25x110	480
10 lots, Nos. 335 to 346 Evergreen-av., 25x100	480
4 lots, Nos. 345 to 348 Evergreen-av., 25x110	400
55 lots, Nos. 349 to 404 Evergreen-av., 25110	1,375

Transfers of Real Estate.

NEW-YORK.

Columbia-st., w. s., 20 ft. n. of Rivington-st., 20x49.8	$20,000
6th-st., s. s., 209 ft. e. of Avenue B, 16.8x97	10,400
25th-st., s. s., 170 ft. e. of 1st-av., 20x98.9	1,500
28th-st., s. s., 300 ft. w. of 9th-av., 18.4-12x98.9	3,750
50th-st., n. s., 275 ft. w. of 9th-av., 16.8x100	11,583
57th-st., s. s., 95 ft. e. of 6th-av., 25x100	14,000
57th-st., s. s., 120 ft. e. of 6th-av., 50x100	36,000
82d-st., n. s., 178 ft. w. of 3d-av., 25.6x102.2	2,800
82d-st., s. s., 300 ft. w. of 10th-av., 92.11x102.2x94	40,000
85th-st., n. s., 175 ft. e. of 2d-av., 50x102.2	6,000
104th-st., s. s., 150 ft. w. of 4th-av., 25x100.11	1,800
132d-st., n. s., 80 ft. e. of 5th-av., 20x99.11	17,000
St. Nicholas-av., w. s., 192 ft. s. of 13th-st., 100x 252	10,000
1st-av., w. s., 40 ft. s. of 31st-st., 24.9x75	19,000
1st-av., w. s., 74 ft. n. of 30th-st., 24.8x75	20,000
2d-av., e. s., 25 ft. s. of 36th-st., 24.8x100	30,200
6th-av. and 27th-st., s. w. corner, 24.8x65	35,000
Leases Recorded.	
6th-av., No. 352, 3 years, per year	$1,200
6th-av., No. 354, 3 years, per year	1,200
6th-av., No. 356, 3 years, per year	2,500
Avenue A and 6th-st., n. w. corner, 21 years, per year	625
5th-av. and 15th-st., s. e. corner, 21 years, per year	6,500
Christopher-st., No. 174, 3 years, per year	1,000
Cannon-st., No. 133, 5 years, per year	750
Delancey-st., No. 287, 3 years, per year	1,050

KINGS COUNTY.

Brooklyn.	
Clove road, w. s., near Sackett and Union sts., 2 roods, 7 perches	$800
Dean-st., n. s., 150 ft. e. of Powers-st., 25x100	4,100
DeGraw-st., n. s., 314 ft. w. of Bond-st., 30x100	12,000
DeGraw-st., n. s., 351 ft. w. of Bond-st., 18.8x100	6,000
Floyd-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of Throop-av., 100x100	3,200
Floyd st., s. e., 260 ft. e. of Tompkins-av., 20x100	5,500
Hopkins-st., n.s., 450 ft. e. of Hopkins-st., 25x100	1,225
Kent-st., s. s., 100 ft. e. of Union-av., 25x100	2,800
Kent-st., s. s., 200 ft. e. of Union-av., 25x100	5,400
Madison-st., n. s., 80 ft. e. of Franklin-av., 19.4x60	250
Powers-st., n. w. s., 16 ft. n. e. of Wyckoff-st., 16.8 x78	4,350
Sackett-st., n. e. s., 433 ft. n. w. of Smith-st., 17x 100	6,750
Scholes-st., n. s., 145 ft. e. of Morrell-st., 22x50	4,100
Warren-st., n. s., 324 ft. w. of Nevins-st., 34x100	18,000
Warren-st., n. s., 201 ft. w. of 5th-av., 20x100	1,100
Wolcott and Dwight sts., n. w. corner, 20x80 } Dwight-st., w. s., 40 ft. from Wolcott-st., 20x80 }	345
Wolcott-st., n. s., 80 ft. w. of Dwight-st., 20x100	155
1st-st., e. s., 75 ft. s. of North 7th-st., 25x100	7,500
North 2d-st., s. s., south part, lot No. 67, map No. 506, 24x88	3,000
4th and South 7th sts., s. e. corner, 100x80x62x6x 38x86	1,000
11th-st., s. s., 105 ft. w. of 4th-av., 100x125	7,500
38th-st., n. e. s., 479 ft. s. e. of 8th-av., 100x150	2,600
Gates-av., n. s., 445 ft. e. of Bedford-av., 20x100	7,600
Wythe-av., n. e. s., 18 ft. n. w. of Keep st., 18x60	8,500

RICHMOND COUNTY.

New-Brighton.	
Adjoining land of W. McSorley and Garret De Groot, 150x150	$16
Middletown.	
Gore-st., 50 ft. e. of Riker-st., 25x100	$500
Port Richmond.	
Simonson-av. and Lydia-st., s. w. corner, 47.6x 137.6	$425
Southfield.	
Wood road, adjoining Oak-st., 50x168	$2,000
On road from Eltingville to Beach, adjoining land of E. J. Roberts	1,200
On road from Eltingville to the Beach, adjoining land of E. J. Roberts, 4 569-1,000 acres	1,650
Near Gifford Station, adjoining land of Philip Hooker, ½ acre	150
Westfield.	
Washington-av., adjoining land of Isaac Winant, no dimensions	$175
Near Roesville, on Washington and Winant avs, ½ acre	2,000

NEW-JERSEY.

Newark.	
Sherman-av., s. s., 109 ft. w. from D. Scott's property, 75x100	$1,600
Bergen-st., e. s., 100 ft. s. of Bank-st., 50x100	950
Miller-st., s. s., 200 ft. w. of Halstead-av., 25x100	1,000
Jacob-st., w. s., 200 ft. s. of Gold-st., 25x100	300
Orange and Gold sts., n. e. corner, 50x100	8,000
Fairmount-av., e. s., 100 ft. n. of Gold-st., 24x100	650
Orleans-st., w. s., 146 ft. n. of Warren-st., 23x90	1,380
Orange.	
West-st., w. s., 175 ft. s. of Maple-av., 70x531	$600
Forrest-st. n. s., adjoining Allen's prop., 50x150	1,375
South Orange.	
B. Baldwin to J. Vose, 296x1,335.10x53x236	$2,000
J. Whiting to J. Vose, 2 81-100 acres	11,000
West Orange.	
J. Butcher to J. Thompson, 5 67-100 acres	$20,000
Belleville.	
B. Brown to P. Caffery, 198x57x378x75	$500
Public road to Newark, w. s., 60x200	1,800
Woodside.	
Bird-av., adjoining Bird's prop., 50x120	$400
North Bergen.	
Corner Palisade and Paterson avs., 50x100	$6,800
Hoboken.	
Washington-st., G. A. August's lots, 50x100	$3,600
Bayonne.	
E. s. of 30th-st., corner of Avenue B, 184x136	$1,200
Guttenberg.	
Hudson-av., L. Becker to C. Fisher, 25x100	$350

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—ONE BLOCK of ground at Harlem, at foot of 122d-st., between Avenue A and the Harlem River, with large fire-proof buildings and water front on Harlem River. The property is particularly desirable for manufacturing purposes on a very large scale, having boilers, engine and shafting with extensive wharf accommodations where vessels can load and unload. Will be sold on favorable terms or leased for five years. Apply to JOSIAH MACY'S SONS, 189 and 191 Front-st.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—A NEW TWO-STORY ATTIC and basement house, with two-story extension; all the improvements; ground, 37 feet 6 inches by 100, on Pulaski-st., south side; first house from Marcy-av., Brooklyn, Long Island; terms easy. De Kalb-avenue cars pass the street. Enquire on the premises.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE AT LONG BRANCH—AN elegant double cottage containing fourteen rooms, and having all the conveniences of a first-class City residence; handsomely and completely furnished; located near Mansion House and Continental Hotel, and convenient to railroad depot; price, with furniture, $23,000; terms easy. Inquire of A. D. VAN DOREN, Long Branch, or B. F. CURTIS, No. 594 Broadway, New-York.

FROM THE LOTS ON THE BANKS of Dundee Lake, to be sold at auction on MONDAY, most beautiful views can be obtained of the lake and river, the town of Passaic, Garrett Rock, Paterson and the entire valley, overlooking twenty miles of country. Maps and free tickets to be had of A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., No. 6 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT RIVERDALE, ON THE banks of the Hudson, an elegant residence, with all modern improvements; stable, carriage-house, &c.; about seven acres of land, well laid out in lawn, garden, &c.; fine water-front, and extensive view, both up and down the river and inland. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES and farms, a great variety, beautifully situated one hour from N. Y., for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season, or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, 243 Broadway, N. Y., 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—HOUSE AND furniture with four acres of land, barn, ice-house, &c., at Hempstead, L. I.; plenty of fruit; healthy, easily reached, rapidly improving in value; suitable for a business man or as an investment; terms low. Apply to WM. & E. A. CRUIKSHANK, 806 6th-av.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE AND FARM for sale at Glen Cove, L. I.; 100 acres, good house and out-buildings. Apply to EDWARD SIMPSON, No. 167 Front-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A LARGE cottage, with an acre of land, at North Hempstead, 2½ miles from Mineola Depot, L. I. Apply at No. 122 East 41st-st.

AT THE DUNDEE LAKE SALE, ON MONDAY, there will be offered an ornamental cottage house, containing nine rooms, with one acre of land, very nicely improved, and only seven minutes' walk from Clifton Station. Free passes can be obtained of A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., No. 6 Pine-st.

YONKERS PROPERTY FOR SALE or exchange; furnished and unfurnished houses to let. J. YOUMANS, Agent, Yonkers.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

AT YOUR OWN TERMS OF PAYMENT, AND VERY CHEAP—Two most beautiful COUNTRY HOMES, close to the City, with ALL City conveniences—gas, water, bath-rooms, stationary wash-tubs, bells, speaking-tubes, &c., &c.; fine plots of ground; high and very healthful location; accessible from up town or down town in forty-five or fifty minutes nineteen times a day each way, between 5 A. M. and midnight, by the best railway and cars in the country. GO and SEE the houses. Particulars of ALBERT COGSWELL, No. 245 Broadway, New-York.

FARM OR COUNTRY-SEAT FOR SALE—AT IRVINGTON, N. J.—One mile from South Orange Depot, a commodious frame dwelling with twenty acres of land, under good cultivation. The house is well built; has thirteen rooms; there is also a large carriage-house and barn; the place is finely shaded and well fruited; has also pure water, and is beautifully located. Price, $30,000. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

NEW-HAMBURG, ON THE HUDSON. —For sale or to let "Sonneck," a desirable country residence, furnished; terms easy. Apply to G. C. SATTERLEE, No. 172 Broadway.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

TO LET OR LEASE.

The large and well-furnished mansion, including fifty acres of highly-cultivated lawn, gardens, orchards and woodland, with numerous walks and carriage drives, situated near Hunt's Point, distant ten miles from the City Hall.

The out-buildings consist of extensive carriage-house and stables, barns, greenhouses, gardener's and gate cottages, gas-house, &c., all in complete order, and supplied with every convenience for the residence and homestead of a gentleman of taste and leisure, or for one doing business in the City. The place is directly on the new Southern Boulevard, and is accessible at all hours by cars and steam-boat, or by drive through Central Park.

To a good tenant it will be let or leased for two years at a low rent, during the absence of the owner abroad.

Applications to Box No. 1,470 Post-office, New-York.

SUMMER RESIDENCES.

TO LET, for the season, a furnished cottage of eight rooms, beautifully located by the sea-side, with coach-house, stables, &c., and abundance of fruit trees of every kind; at a convenient distance from the City with daily access both ways; both fresh and salt water bathing. Address HIGHLANDS, Box No. 164 *Times* Office.

IRVINGTON, ON HUDSON.—TO RENT, furnished, for season or year, a comfortable, first-class house, just put in complete order; ten rooms beside kitchen offices; nearly two acres of shaded grounds and garden, with stabling for three horses. Or a site of two acres of the most eligible ground in Irvington, both for location and view, adjoining the above, for sale, with a long lease of the above premises. Apply at No. 40 West 38th-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE IN STRATFORD, Conn., for rent or for sale; the village is one of the most beautiful on the Sound shore; the house has eleven rooms; is neat and convenient, pleasantly situated, and near depot. Apply to JAMES E. MITCHELL, Stratford.

TO LET—FURNISHED—A LARGE HOUSE, with lawn, garden, stables, &c., on Central Park-av., near Woodlawn Depot, Harlem Railroad, twelve miles from 26th-st. Apply to S. M. VALENTINE, No. 165 Front-st.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET,

IN

TIMES BUILDING.

Fine, handsome offices on second and third floors. Inquire of GEORGE JONES, *Times* Office.

TO LET—A PARLOR FLOOR, SUITABLE for physician or dentist; 34th-st., near Broadway; also a flat; six rooms; choice location. Everett Library, No. 888 6th-av.

DESK-ROOM TO LET IN NO. 5 BEEKMAN-st., Room No. 7, first floor.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—SEVERAL LOW-PRICED houses immediately, between Madison and Sixth avs. and from 20th to 50th sts. Apply to J. ROMAINE BROWN, No. 1,280 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

B. P. FAIRCHILD, Auctioneer.

CONTINUATION OF EXECUTOR'S SALE.

V. K. STEVENSON, SON & CO.—B. P. FAIRCHILD, auctioneer.

WILL SELL AT AUCTION,

THIS DAY, (Thursday,) June 2, 1870, at 12 M., at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the executors of Isaac Dyckman, deceased, nearly

ONE HUNDRED ACRES,

IN UPWARD OF

1,000 LOTS ON BROADWAY,

HARLEM RIVER, 9TH AND 10TH AVS., 206TH TO 211TH STS., inclusive, and other contiguous streets and avenues, part of

THE DYCKMAN HOMESTEAD.

This splendid property is admirably located and adapted to immediate improvement. The streets and avenues through it have been permanently established by law.

IT IS NEW-YORK CITY PROPERTY.

There is no better place to make investments.

The rapid growth of the City makes it doubtful if so magnificent a chance will ever again be offered to buyers for permanent or speculative investments.

Sale positive; title indisputable; sixty per cent. on bond and mortgage. Examine the property. Do not lose the chance and repent too late.

For maps and descriptive pamphlets, with terms of sale and directions to reach the property, apply to the Auctioneers, No. 11 Pine-st., or to LOCKWOOD & CROSBY, Counsel for Executors, No. 133 Nassau-st.

O. H. PIERSON, Auctioneer.

BY A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BROTHER,

AUCTIONEERS AND DEALERS IN NEW-JERSEY REAL ESTATE,

MONDAY, JUNE 6,

AT 12 M. ON THE PREMISES,

THE MOST ATTRACTIVE SALE OF THE SEASON.

90 MAGNIFICENT VILLA PLOTS

ON

DUNDEE LAKE,

PASSAIC, N. J.,

within seven minutes' walk of station, and only forty minutes from New-York by the Erie Railroad, with seventeen trains daily.

This property is absolutely unexceptionable. Extensive views, splendid drives, and fine fishing, boating and bathing in the lake.

There will also be offered a neat cottage containing eight rooms, one acre of land with stable.

Free tickets by the 10:15 train.

Liberal collation before the sale.

Should the day prove stormy the sale will take place on the 9th inst. at the same hour.

Maps and passes can be had of the auctioneers.

NO. 6 PINE-ST.

O. H. PIERSON, Auctioneer.

BY A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., auctioneers and dealers in New-Jersey real estate, No. 6 Pine-st., New-York.

SATURDAY, JUNE 4,

AT 1 P. M., ON THE PREMISES,

Positive sale, by order of Messrs. Danold and Bogert, of

SIXTY VILLA PLOTS

AT

PASSAIC VILLAGE.

These lots are handsomely situated on very high ground, on both sides of Bloomfield-av., with flagged walks to the Erie Railway Station, within walking distance of the Paterson and Newark Railroad Station, and within TWO MINUTES' WALK of the DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

The famous Passaic County Mineral Spring is but five minutes' walk from the property.

70 PER CENT. MAY REMAIN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

In consequence of an unexpected delay in the completion of the bridge of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company, over the Passaic River, it will be impossible to run a train over that road on the day of sale. Arrangements have been made, however, with the Erie Railway Company, by which parties wishing to attend the sale will be taken to Passaic by that road.

Collation on the arrival of the train.

For maps, passes and full particulars, apply to the office of the auctioneers, No. 6 Pine-st.

O. H. PIERSON, Auctioneer.

BY A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., auctioneers and dealers in New-Jersey real estate, No. 6 Pine-st., New-York.—THURSDAY, June 2, 1870, at 12 o'clock M., at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 11, Broadway, New-York City, positive sale of a DWELLING AND TWENTY-EIGHT ACRES OF LAND at Bloomfield, Montclair, N. J., offering opportunity for a desirable investment. This property is most beautifully situated, one and a half miles from the Bloomfield Station, on the Paterson road, extending nearly across to and connected by an avenue with the Telegraph road, bringing it within three-quarters of a mile of the Montclair Station. The ground is high, commanding extensive views, and excellently calculated for villa sites, and a contemplated avenue is proposed and surveyed, crossing it at the highest point. The dwelling is Gothic in style, is in good order, and contains eleven rooms. Possession given immediately. The land is partially planted, &c., and has abundance of fruit, also a living stream upon it. For further particulars, and for visiting the property, apply to W. H. HARRIS & CO., Montclair, N. J.; MOORE & PIERSON, Bloomfield, N. J.; A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., No. 6 Pine-st., New-York.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

Will be sold at the Exchange Sales-rooms, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on the 13th day of July, 1870, at 12 o'clock M., all the property lately belonging to the Cambridge Silver Mining Company, bankrupt, to wit: The celebrated Murphy Mine and other ledges formerly belonging to the Twin River Company, in Twin River Mining District, Nye County, State of Nevada, known as "Murphy Ledge and S. M. Co.," "Twin Ledge & Co." and "Green Ledge & Co."

Also, about twelve hundred acres in mill and wood land, together with a twenty stamp mill, hoisting works, buildings and a large stock of supplies, particulars of which will be given on day of sale.

The Murphy Mine has already yielded over $700,000 in bullion. Terms twenty per cent. on day of sale and balance within ten days thereafter.—Dated May 30, 1870.

JOHN H. BIRD,

Assignee, &c.,

No. 127 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

E. A. LAWRENCE, AUCTIONEER.

LAWRENCE, OAKLEY & FLEURY

Will sell at auction, on the premises,

TUESDAY, JUNE 7, 1870,

At 12 M.,

On easy terms, and absolutely to the highest bidder,

351 VALUABLE LOTS,

Beautifully located, five minutes' walk from depot,

FLUSHING, L. I.

FORTY TRAINS DAILY

TO AND FROM NEW-YORK.

TIME, THIRTY MINUTES.

Combining with its accessibility and many advantages of churches, schools, gas, &c., all the advantages of a City residence and country home.

Take boat at 34th-st., East River, 10¼, or James-slip 10¼ A. M.; thence by special train direct to the property.

Maps and free tickets at Auctioneer's office, No. 10 Pine-st., and by E. F. MEAD, No. 314 3d-av., under Bull's Head Bank.

BENJAMIN P. FAIRCHILD, Auctioneer.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

By order of WILLIAM M. TWEED, Esq.,

Commissioner of Public Works.

Will be sold at public auction, on TUESDAY, June 7, 1870, at 10 A. M., at the vestibule of the City Hall, in the City of New-York, all buildings and parts of buildings taken by the Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment, appointed by the Supreme Court, for the widening and extension of Laurens-st., from Canal-st. to Waverley-place, in the City of New-York.

Which said buildings and parts of buildings are laid down on a certain map on file in the office of the

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS,

NO. 237 BROADWAY.

For further particulars apply at the office of the auctioneer, No. 9 Beach-st.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.

FRIDAY, JUNE 3, AT 12 M., AT Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, Supreme Court sale, under the direction of Philo T. Ruggles, Esq., referee, valuable residence on 47th-st.

WEST FORTY-SEVENTH-STREET.—Three-story and basement brown-stone house and lot, No. 133 West 47th-st., north side, between 6th and 7th avs.; lot 20x100.5; house 20x50; in good order, and contains all the improvements; rents for $2,500; neighborhood first-class.

FINANCIAL.

A SAFE INVESTMENT.

First Mortgage Bonds of the Chicago, Cincinnati & Louisville Railroad Company.

These bonds are part of the first and only issue of the Company for $1,000,000, covering its entire property, and are at the rate of $13,700 per mile. Of the whole amount $600,000 have been already placed, leaving but $400,000 to be sold. They are 7 per cent. coupon bonds due in 1897, interest payable 1st January and July in New-York. The Road is in operation. It is 73 miles long, extending from La Porte on the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern to Peru, where it connects with the Toledo, Wabash and Western and the Peru and Indianapolis Roads. It runs through one of the finest sections of Indiana, and makes a connecting link in the best through line from Chicago to Indianapolis, and thence to Cincinnati and Louisville.

We confidently offer these bonds as a desirable security to investors, AS THE NET EARNINGS OF THE ROAD FROM THE OPENING HAVE BEEN IN EXCESS OF THE INTEREST ON ITS BONDED DEBT, AND ARE CONSTANTLY INCREASING. Besides it is designed to extend the Road to Lake Michigan at New Buffalo or Michigan City the coming season, which will also greatly increase its earnings.

J. A. UNDERWOOD & SON,
No. 18 Exchange-place.
CALDWELL & CO.,
No. 27 Wall-st.

HOME INVESTMENT.

FIRST MORTGAGE SEVEN PER CENT.

SINKING FUND BONDS OF

Long Island RR. Co.

These Bonds, the entire debt of the Company, are less than $14,000 per mile, are secured also by a large property at HUNTER'S POINT, with a paid up capital of $3,000,000, and can be registered. They are due in 1898; interest payable May and November.

Price, 90 and interest. For sale by

O. E. WOOD,

NO. 23 NASSAU-ST.,

where copy of mortgage can be seen.

EIGHT PER CENT. BONDS

OF THE

CITY OF MONTGOMERY,

CAPITAL OF THE STATE OF ALABAMA, AT 90 PER CENT. AND ACCRUED INTEREST.

HOWES & MACY, Bankers,

NO. 30 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,

Offer for sale the bonds of the City of Montgomery, Ala., 18 years to run, bearing interest at EIGHT (8) per cent. per annum, with coupons attached, payable 1st of January and July, both principal and interest payable in the City of New-York.

These bonds ($500,000) five hundred thousand dollars, are the only debt against the city, and are regarded as first-class security and very desirable for investors. Further particulars may be had of

BANKING HOUSE OF

Geo. Opdyke & Co.

35 NASSAU ST.

CORNER OF CEDAR ST.

FOUR PER CENT. interest allowed on current accounts, subject to check at sight.

PRIME INVESTMENTS for trust and other funds always on hand.

INVESTMENT ORDERS promptly executed for Governments, Gold, Bonds and other Securities.

COLLECTIONS WANTED ON CHICAGO, KEOKUK, DES MOINES, IOWA CITY, ST. JOSEPH, and other points in the Western States.

MUNROE & CO.,

AMERICAN BANKERS,

NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,

NO. 8 WALL-ST.,

New-York,

Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers in all parts of Europe, &c. Exchange on Paris.

SISTARE,

NO. 24 NASSAU-ST.,

Offers New-York Sevens, (7,) About Twenty Years to Run, In Exchange for United States Government 6s,

THEREBY ADDING TEN PER CENT. (10) TO THE PRINCIPAL OF THE PARTY MAKING SUCH EXCHANGE.

BOGERT & WHITE,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

No. 13 Broad-st., New-York.

ELEVENTH WARD BANK.

NEW-YORK, May 28, 1870.

The annual election for Directors of this institution, for the ensuing year, will be held at

THE BANKING-HOUSE,

Avenue D, corner of 10th-st.,

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 8, 1870.

Polls open from 12 M. to 2 P. M.

CHARLES E. BROWN, Cashier.

CORTLANDT L. PARKER,

BANKER,

No. 141 Broadway.

Dealer in Government Bonds, Railway Securities and Gold.

INVESTMENT ORDERS PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

MILWAUKEE CITY READJUSTMENT BONDS.

The coupons falling due June 1, 1870, will be paid on presentation at the office of A. GOETTEL & CO., No. 61 Broad-st.

OFFICE OF THE NORTH AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 192 Broadway.

AT THE ANNUAL ELECTION HELD on May 30, the following gentlemen were chosen Directors of this Company for the ensuing year:

JOSIAH LANE,	OLIVER S. CARTER,
WM. WHITEWRIGHT,	WILLIAM BOLTON,
R. M. BLATCHFORD,	OLIVER H. SHEPARD,
CALEB SWAN,	JAMES B. JOHNSTON,
THOMAS W. GALE,	SIDNEY BROOKS,
CHAS. WILLIAMS,	HENRY PARISH,
D. B. FEARING,	JOHN RYAN,
W. BLACKSTONE,	ED. H. R. LYMAN,
ACTON CIVILL,	R. W. BLEECKER,
JOHN AUCHINCLOSS,	JOSEPH SPRAGUE,
	HOOPER C. VAN VORST.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board held 31st May, RICHARD W. BLEECKER was unanimously re-elected President, and WYLLIS BLACKSTONE Vice-President. F. H. CARTER, Secretary.

SECURITY INSURANCE COMPANY, NO. 119 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, May 27, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR twelve Directors of this Company will be held at this office, on MONDAY, the 13th day of June next, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 1 o'clock P. M. [illegible] HARPER, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

H. H. BOODY. D. A. BOODY. H. P. BOODY.

HENRY H. BOODY & CO.,

Bankers AND Railway Agents,

No 12 Wall-st., New-York.

Make Collections, pay Coupons and Dividends, Buy and Sell Governments, Railway Bonds, and other Securities on Commission.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE NEGOTIATION OF RAILWAY AND OTHER CORPORATE LOANS.

N. B.—Interest allowed on deposits.

NEW-YORK, May 2, 1870.

THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY.

OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,

NO. 336 BROADWAY.

CAPITAL - $1,000,000

DEPOSITS, OVER $4,000,000.

PAYS 4 PER CENT. INTEREST ON DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK AT SIGHT.

PAYS 5 PER CET. INTEREST ON SPECIAL DEPOSITS FOR SIX MONTHS OR LONGER.

THE COMPANY IS A LEGAL DEPOSITORY FOR MONEYS PAID INTO COURT, AND RECEIVES MONEYS IN TRUST.

DARIUS R. MANGAM, President.

B. L. SOLOMON, First Vice-President. BENJ. F. BANCROFT, Second Vice-President.

JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.

VERMILYE & CO.

BANKERS,

16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION

RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD,

MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

The Undersigned Offer for Sale

The First Mortgage Eight per Cent.

GOLD BONDS

OF THE

St. Joseph and Denver City R. R. Co.

Interest payable February and August. Price, 97½ and accrued Interest in Currency. Pamphlets, with Map, &c., furnished on application.

W. P. CONVERSE & CO.,
Commercial Agents, No 54 Pine-st.
TANNER & CO.,
Fiscal Agents, No. 49 Wall-st.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,

Indorsed by the State of Georgia,

Bearing Seven Per Cent. Interest in Currency.

A LIMITED AMOUNT FOR SALE ON FAVORABLE TERMS.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,

NO. 32 WALL-ST.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.,

NO. 18 WALL-ST.,

Issue letters of credit for

TRAVELERS,

Available in all the principal cities of Europe, through

DREXEL, HARJES & CO.,

NO. 3 RUE SCRIBE,

PARIS.

LEVY & BORG,

NO. 20 BROAD-ST.,

are now prepared to buy and sell SOUTHERN SECURITIES, and make a specialty of the same.

J. & W. SELIGMAN & CO.,

BANKERS,

No. 59 Exchange-place, corner Broad-st.,

New-York,

Issue Letters of Credit for travelers payable in any part of Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia and America.

Draw Bills of Exchange and make telegraphic transfers of money on Europe and California.

AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO.,

BANKERS,

NO. 70 BROADWAY,

NO. 33 RUE DU DIX DECEMBRE, PARIS,

Issue letters of credit for travelers in Europe, draw bills of exchange on the City Bank of London and on Paris, and the principal cities of Germany and Italy.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 59 WALL-ST.,

issue COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

NOTICE.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW-YORK, NEW-YORK, May 21, 1870.

An election of nine trustees of this Company, to take the places of the class whose term of service expires by limitation pursuant to the charter, and of one trustee to fill a vacancy in another class, will be held at the office of the Company on MONDAY, the 6th day of June next.

The polls for the election will be open from 12 o'clock noon till 2 o'clock afternoon.

J. M. STUART, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE COMMERCIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, NO. 157 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, May 11, 1870.

AT AN ELECTION HELD ON 9TH inst., the following gentlemen were elected Directors of the ensuing year:

DAVID DOWS,	JOHN VAN ARSDALE,
HOWEL HOPPOCK,	HENRY ANSTICE,
MULFORD MARTIN,	OGDEN HAGGERTY,
STEPHEN WRAY,	MATT. VASSAR, JR.
WILLIAM A. MARTIN,	JOHN H. BROWER,
WM. H. JOHNSON,	JESSE HOYT,
J. J. VAN NOSTRAND,	JOHN CASTREE,
PETER McMARTIN,	JOHN HALSTED,
SAMUEL J. BERRY,	B. H. VAN AUKEN,
JOSEPH FOULKE,	WARREN HARRIOT,
JAS. O. SMITH,	JAMES THOMPSON,
HENRY B. COWLES,	A. S. HAMMERSLEY,
JOHN GIBNEY,	RICH. B. DUYCKINCK,
FERD. DUYSTERS,	WALTER W. PRICE,
JOHN D. JONES,	C. L. SHARPSTEIN,
EDWARD ELSWORTH,	DAVID MURRAY,
C. K. SUTTON,	DANIEL O. ARCHER,
J. S. T. STRANAHAN,	BENJ. P. KISSAM,
GEORGE LELAND,	THOS. M. HOOKER,
M. V. B. FOWLER,	BENJ. STEPHENS.

And at a subsequent meeting of the Board, held this day, M. V. B. FOWLER was unanimously elected President, and DAVID QUACKINBUSH appointed Secretary. JOHN CASTREE, Chairman.

OFFICE OF CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, NO. 52 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, April 6, 1870.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stock and bond holders of the Chicago and North-western Railway Company for the election of a Board of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before them, will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Chicago, on THURSDAY, the 2d day of June next, at 1 o'clock P. M.

The transfer-books will be closed on the 27th day of April, 1870, at 2 P. M., and reopened on the 4th day of June next, at 10 A. M.

A. L. PRITCHARD, Secretary.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD, NO. 111 LIBERTY-ST., NEW-YORK, May 7, 1870.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the New-Jersey Rail and Transportation Company, for the election of directors and the transaction of business, will be held in the Company's depot, Jersey City, WEDNESDAY, June 1, 1870, at 11 o'clock A. M.

FRED. W. RANKIN, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE BROADWAY AND 7TH-AV. R. R. CO., CORNER OF 51ST-ST. AND 7TH-AV., NEW-YORK, May 30, 1870.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCK-holders of the Broadway and Seventh-avenue Railroad Company, for election of Directors, will be held on MONDAY, June 13. Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 o'clock P. M. Transfer books will be closed from June 5 to 15.

JOHN KERR, President.

LOST.—CERTIFICATE NO. 2,991, FOR ONE hundred shares New-York Central and Hudson River Consolidated Stock, (blue tint,) in the name of Cammann & Co. All persons are cautioned against negotiating the above, as transfer has been stopped and new certificate applied for.

CAMMANN & CO., No. 8 Wall-st.

ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY CAU-tioned against negotiating certificate No. 18,349, in name of GEORGE BREITENSTEIN, issued by the New-York Life Insurance and Trust Company, dated April 5, 1870, for $1,700, upon which $1,300 has been paid. Said certificate having been lost or stolen, payment thereof has been stopped, and a new certificate applied for. GEORGE BREITENSTEIN.

FINANCIAL.

INDIANAPOLIS, BLOOMINGTON AND WESTERN RAILWAY

SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD LOAN.

The bonds are in denominations of $1,000 each, secured by a first mortgage on 205 miles of road, from Indianapolis, the largest city and most important railroad center in the State of Indiana, to the City of Pekin, in Illinois.

ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY MILES of the line are now IN FULL OPERATION, equipped with new first-class rolling stock, and already EARNING MUCH MORE THAN THE INTEREST ON THE WHOLE ISSUE OF BONDS. The balance, thirty-five miles, is being rapidly constructed, is nearly all graded, and UNDER CONTRACT TO BE FINISHED DURING THE PRESENT MONTH.

There are thirty-six depots on the line, LOCATED IN CITIES AND TOWNS THAT CONTAIN, IN THE AGGREGATE, A POPULATION OF ONE HUNDRED AND NINETY THOUSAND, averaging over 920 to each square mile, within a radius of half a mile of the track; and WITHIN TWENTY MILES OF THE TRACK THERE IS A POPULATION OF ABOUT SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND.

It passes through the counties of Marion, Hendricks, Montgomery, Fountain, Warren and Vermillion, in the State of Indiana, and Vermillion, Champaign, De Witt, Piatt, McLean and Tazewell Counties, in Illinois, on the line of the old emigrant State road, which was laid out in the best portion of those States before the time of railroads, was then the main line of Western travel, and consequently became more thickly settled than other sections of the West, as the numerous cities, large villages, and products of these counties demonstrate.

Besides the large agricultural productions of this section the manufacturing interest is very extensive in the large towns, and is rapidly increasing.

The coal-mines at Danville on this line are extensively and profitably worked, and FURNISH BUSINESS FOR OVER THREE HUNDRED COAL CARS on this line at present, and MORE THAN TWICE THAT NUMBER WILL BE REQUIRED to carry coal on completion of the remaining link.

From the present earnings on 170 miles it is safe to assume that the LOCAL BUSINESS ALONE WILL BE AMPLE NOT ONLY TO PAY THE BONDED DEBT, BUT LARGE DIVIDENDS ON THE STOCK.

In addition to the population and wealth of the country, and all that is necessary to support a first-class road and make it a profitable investment through local traffic, it forms a grand central trunk line FOR THROUGH BUSINESS, NOT SURPASSED BY ANY ROAD OF EQUAL LENGTH IN THE WEST.

At Indianapolis it connects by main lines with the cities of Columbus, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Cincinnati—and with the Pennsylvania Central, Baltimore and Ohio, Chesapeake and Ohio, and other important railroad lines. At Pekin, the western terminus, connections are made with Peoria, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington and Omaha. At Bloomington with the Illinois Central Road, which runs north-west 600 miles to Fort Dodge, Iowa. A very large business will be done with this line. At Danville it connects by rail with Toledo on Lake Erie. A map will show all these to be very important connections in making through lines over this route.

THE LOAN IS PLACED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY BY THE PRESENT EARNINGS FROM LOCAL TRAFFIC ON ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY MILES, which must necessarily be doubled when the trains run through.

THE BONDS ARE CONVERTIBLE at the option of the holder into stock at par at any time, which adds greatly to their value. They may be registered at the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, if desired.

Coupons payable April and October, free of tax.

Total issue $5,000,000—$2,000,000 of which are placed in trust with the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company to redeem and cancel $2,000,000 bonds issued to the Danville, Urbana, Bloomington and Pekin Railroad, now merged into this road, making the loan only $3,000,000, OVER HALF OF WHICH HAS BEEN SOLD IN EUROPE AND THIS MARKET. The balance we offer at 92½ and ACCRUED INTEREST. At this low price the Bonds, being so amply secured, will be quickly marketed.

We have been thoroughly posted in regard to the road from the start, have closely inspected it from time to time during construction, and being familiar with the wealth and resources of the country, the responsibility and integrity of the officers and directors of the Company, and the present earnings of the road, it is with pleasure that WE RECOMMEND THE BONDS AS ONE OF THE CHEAPEST AND SAFEST INVESTMENTS IN THE MARKET, sure of a high standard among the best railroad securities in the country.

All marketable securities received in exchange at market rates. Bonds delivered to all points FREE OF EXPRESS CHARGES.

TURNER BROTHERS,

BANKERS, NO. 14 NASSAU-ST.

1st Mortgage

8 PER CENT. GOLD BONDS,

Indorsed by the State of Alabama,

FOR SALE ON FAVORABLE TERMS BY

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,

BANKERS AND FINANCIAL AGENTS FOR THE STATE OF ALABAMA,

NO. 32 WALL-ST.

7 PER CENT. GOLD LOAN

(FREE OF U. S. TAX)

OF THE

Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Minnesota R. R. Co.'s

FIRST MORTGAGE

50 YEAR CONVERTIBLE BONDS,

A LIMITED QUANTITY FOR SALE

AT 90 AND ACCRUED INTEREST.

The greater part of the road is already completed, and shows large earnings, and the balance of the work is rapidly progressing.

We unhesitatingly recommend these Bonds as the safest and best investment in the market.

United States Five-twenties, at current prices only, return five per cent. interest, while these pay eight and one-quarter per cent. in gold; and we regard the security equally good. HENRY CLEWS & CO., No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.

WHITEHOUSE & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Have removed from No. 29 William-st., to No. 55 Exchange-place and will continue to buy and sell Governments, Gold, Stocks and Bonds on Commission as heretofore.

UNION PACIFIC SECURITIES.

FIRST MORTGAGE, 6 Per Cent., Gold; LAND GRANTS, 7 Per Cent., Currency; INCOME BONDS, 10 Per Cent., Currency; and STOCK, bought and sold. J. S. STANTON, No. 25 Broad-st.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC R. R. CO., SECRETARY'S OFFICE, NO. 13 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, April 28, 1870.

TO HOLDERS OF CHICAGO AND ROCK ISLAND RAILROAD BONDS.—This Company are prepared to exchange their First Mortgage Sinking Fund Seven per cent. Bonds, due in 1896, for the bonds of the Chicago and Rock Island Company, maturing July, 1870. The bonds offered in exchange are secured by a First Mortgage on the entire road and equipment, extending from Chicago to Council Bluffs, including the Washington Branch, being altogether 552 miles in extent.

J. F. TRACY, President.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT an election will be held at the office of the New-York Bridge Company, corner of Fulton and Front sts., in the City of Brooklyn, on MONDAY, the 6th day of June next, at 12 o'clock M. of that day, for fifteen directors of said Company for the then ensuing year. HENRY C. MURPHY, President.

JOHN P. ATKINSON, Secretary.

Dated May 3, 1870.

OFFICE OF THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST CO., NO. 26 EXCHANGE-PLACE, CORNER WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, May 23, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR NINE Directors of this Company will be held at this office on TUESDAY, the 14th day of June next. The poll will be open from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.

GEO. P. FITCH, Secretary.

BILLIARDS.

PHELAN & COLLENDER

Manufacturers of

STANDARD

AMERICAN BILLIARD TABLES.

WAREROOMS AND OFFICE,

NO. 738 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

BILLIARDS.

W. H. GRIFFITH'S combination cushions and tables can only be bought at his factory, No. 40 Vesey-st. Tables cut down. Cloths, balls, cues and cue-tips for sale.

MACHINERY.

FOR SALE—TWO HYDRAULIC PRESSES, with pumps, in complete order. JOHN B. PUDNEY, No. 73 Hudson-st.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ARMORY OF THE 22D REGIMENT.

WOOD BROTHERS

have removed their entire stock of fine

PLEASURE CARRIAGES,

embracing every variety for City, Park and Road Driving, to the Armory of the Twenty-second Regiment,

14th-St., between 6th and 7th Avs.

Attention is called to the fact that these Carriages are fresh stock, exclusively of their own manufacture, of the newest designs and most perfect finish, made for the present season to stock their new ware-rooms, No. 740 Broadway, but, owing to the late accident that necessitates the rebuilding of their warehouse, have been removed to the above Armory, on 14th-st., and are to be

SOLD AT COST OF PRODUCTION.

Elegant Close Coaches - - -	$1,000
Landaus - -	$1,500 to 1,650
Clarences - -	1,400 to 1,650
Wagons - -	350 to 400

THESE CARRIAGES HAVE NO SUPERIOR IN ELEGANCE, DURABILITY OR FINISH.

Prices fixed, and every Carriage offered for sale is equal in quality to those built to order.

GUARANTEES MADE GOOD IN EVERY CITY OF THE UNION.

THEY ALSO OFFER

PONY CARRIAGES, New Designs, for - - - - - - -	$150
PONY CARRIAGES, With Rumble Seat for Servants - - -	200

A HANDSOME BLACK HAMBLETONIAN HORSE FOR SALE—Stylish, fast and prompt; fully warranted; afraid of nothing; long tail. Can be seen at livery stable, 27th-st., corner of Broadway.

FOR SALE—A "CHAR-A-BANC," OR WAGonette; very stylish; nearly new; char-a-banc will carry nine persons and be sold very cheap. Can be seen at No. 140 West 28th-st. Apply at No. 98 Front-st., upstairs.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF BRIGHT BAY CARriage horses, sixteen hands high, $1,500; one set of medium double phaeton harness, $60; one lady's saddle, $25. Inquire at owner's stable, No. 120 East 32d-st.

AUCTION SALES.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, ON THE EVENINGS OF THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, JUNE 2 AND 3, AT 7½ O'CLOCK EACH EVENING, AT THE

LEEDS ART GALLERIES,

Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway, south-west corner of 12th-st.,

SUPERB GALLERY OF FIRST-CLASS OIL PAINTINGS JUST RECEIVED FROM EUROPE, THE CONSIGNMENT OF

A. D'HUYVETTER, OF ANTWERP,

COMPRISING SOME OF THE MOST ELEGANT PAINTINGS

EVER OFFERED IN THIS MARKET AND TO BE SOLD POSITIVELY WITHOUT RESERVE, BY ORDER OF CONSIGNOR.

Among them will be found the works of—viz.:

E. Verboeckhoven,	D. De Noter,	Roffiaen,
B. C. Koekkoek,	H. Schaefels,	Kuwasseg,
L. Schaefels,	Robbe,	W. Vester,
Huysmans,	Geerts,	Walraven,
C. F. De Vogel,	T. A. Rust,	Pecrus,
M. A. Koekkoek,	Leroy,	W. Wheelwright,
Herzog,	Aug. Coomans,	A. Eversen,
Jacob Jacobs,	H. Von Seben,	Portiege,
H. & L. De Buel,	De Keyser,	De Steuvel,
Toussaint,	Samschroeder,	Zelis,
Verscauier. Jr.,	Marohm,	A. Mauve,
Dillens,	F. Kruseman,	De Vos,
T.H.B. Koekkoek	Sponler,	Newhuys,
Le Bret,	F. Kluyver,	Neeteson.

ALSO, A NUMBER OF FINE PICTURES BY FAVORITE AMERICAN ARTISTS.

THEY WILL BE ON EXHIBITION ON AND FROM MONDAY 30TH INST., DAY AND EVENING, AS ABOVE.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE IN BANKRUPTCY OF DEBTS TO CLOSE ACCOUNTS.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, June 2, 1870, at 12½ o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-rooms, No. 111 Broadway, New-York. SALE BY ORDER OF RICHARD WARREN, ASSIGNEE:

Note of E. D. Webb, Treasurer of the Springfield Deep Run Coal Mining and Manufacturing Company, for $2,680, and protest $1 27, New-York, June 29, 1867, for three months' account against said Company, of $335.

Note against C. C. Foster, New-York, Oct. 19, 1868, three months, $500.

Note against C. C. Foster, New-York, Dec. 14, 1868, three months, $500.

Due-bill against George W. Brown, no date, $200.

Judgment against Mrs. M. K. Williams, Pennsylvania, Nov. 13, 1866, for $5,147 32.

Book debt against Ancram Iron Company, June 17, 1869, $1,000.

Certificate 200 shares Harvey Steel and Iron Company's stock, par $10.

Certificate 10 shares Neptune Insurance Company, par $100, with an indorsement of ten per cent. paid, and also five per cent. paid.

Two Scrip Certificates Continental Insurance Company, $5 each, 1863 and 1864.

One Scrip Certificate Resolute Fire Insurance Company, $5, 1864. RICHARD WARREN, Assignee.

GEO. BARKER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.—ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, MIRRORS, PIANO-FORTE, BRONZES, CLOCKS, OIL-PAINTINGS, &C., TO BE PEREMPTORILY SOLD TO CLOSE THE BUSINESS.

GEO. BARKER will sell by auction on THURSDAY, June 2, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 4 Brevoort-place, 10th-st., one door west of Broadway, elegant household furniture, consisting of velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, French plate pier and mantel mirrors, black-walnut and rose-wood parlor suites in crimson, green and striped reps, black-walnut and gilt chamber and library suites in silk reps, mahogany piano-forte, rose-wood and black-walnut bedsteads, bureaus, lounges, wardrobes, book-cases and wash-stands, Turkish chair and lounge in crimson plush, rockers, center-tables, library and dining-room chairs in hair-cloth, fine oil-paintings, hair and hair-top mattresses, &c. Also, for account of whom it may concern, two elegant bronzes, figures, diamond watch and three ormolu card-receivers.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

FRIDAY, JUNE 3, AT 10 A. M., AT THE Sales-room, corner Willoughby and Pearl sts., Brooklyn.—Large assortment of parlor, chamber and dining-room furniture, mattresses, china, fancy goods, rose-wood pianos, &c. Also, at 3 P. M., moquet, velvet, Brussels and three-ply and ingrain carpets, &c.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.

BY T. R. MINTURN, BROWN & CO. —THIS DAY, Thursday, June 2, at 11 o'clock, within cellar, No. 45 Water-st.:

120 boxes fresh Sorrento Oranges.
800 boxes fresh Sicily Lemons.

SAVINGS BANKS.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,

Corner 3d-av. and 26d-st.

Open daily from 10 to 3, and on the evenings of MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Six Per Cent. interest paid on sums from $1 to $5,000.

INTEREST FROM THE FIRST OE EACH MONTH.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK.

No. 58 Bowery, south-west corner of Canal-st.

Money deposited NOW will draw interest from July 1, at the rate of Six Per Cent. on all sums exceeding $5.

Interest paid or credited in July and January of each year.

Bank open every day from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAYS and SATURDAYS from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.

Nos. 396 and 398 Canal-st., corner Laight-st.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ON $5 TO $5,000.

ASSETS, $7,366,680 76.

N. J. HAINES, JOHN McLEAN, President.
W. S. WHITLOCK, G. S. CHAPIN, Treasurer.
Vice-Presidents. T. S. ARMOUR, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE AMERICAN MERCHANTS' UNION EXPRESS CO., NO. 113 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, May 18, 1870.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this Company, at their regular quarterly meeting, held this day, have declared a semi-annual Dividend of Three per Cent. on its outstanding capital stock, payable July 15, 1870, out of its net earnings prior to the 1st inst.

The transfer-books will be closed on the 25th day of June next, at 3 o'clock P. M., and reopened at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 16th day of July next.

J. N. KNAPP, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE RATHBONE OIL TRACT COMPANY, NEW-YORK, June 1, 1870.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE RATH-BONE OIL TRACT COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of seven cents per share on the capital stock of the Company, payable at the office of the Union Trust Company, No. 73 Broadway, on and after SATURDAY, the 11th day of June inst. Transfer-books will be closed on Monday, June 6, and reopened June 12. A. L. PURVES, Secretary.

BLIVEN PETROLEUM COMPANY, NEW-YORK, May 30, 1870.

DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND OF TWO AND one-half per cent., from the earnings, will be paid ON DEMAND at the office of the Company, No. 245 Pearl-st., New-York.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

F. J. DOMINICK, Secretary.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE NEW-YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE have THIS DAY declared an annual Dividend of Seven per Cent., payable at the office of EDWARD CROMWELL, Treasurer, No. 133 Broad-st., on and after June 13. The transfer-books will be closed until that time.

By order of the Board.

STEPHEN W. CAREY, Secretary.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BARGAIN.—COAL-YARD FOR SALE; MUST be sold this week; owner going to Europe; yard well stocked with all kinds of coal; rent paid to October; long lease of yard and low rent. Owner can be seen at yard, No. 473 Cherry-st., between 11 and 3 o'clock.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK, FIXTURES AND lease of the old established jewelry-store, No. 362 Bowery; one of the best locations in the City. For further particulars apply at the store.

SHIPPING.

CUNARD LINE.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Russia, Wednes., June 1	Abyssinia, [illegible], June 9
Aleppo, Wednes., June 1	Java, Wednes., June 15
Nemesis, Thurs., June 2	Tripoli, Wednes., June 15
China, Wednesday, June 8	Calabria, Thurs., June 16
Palmyra, Wednes., June 8	Scotia, Wednes., June 22

RATES OF PASSAGE.
By the steamers not carrying Steerage:
First Cabin, $130, gold. Second Cabin, $80, gold.
First Cabin to Paris....$145, gold.
Return tickets....$250, gold.
By the steamers carrying Steerage:
First Cabin, $80, gold. Steerage, $30, currency.
Return tickets....$150, gold.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates.

Through Bills of Lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other ports on the Continent, and for Mediterranean ports.

For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's Office, No. 4 Bowling-green.

For steerage passage at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:

VILLE DE PARIS..SURMONT..SATURDAY, June 11
ST. LAURENT.....LEMARIE..SATURDAY, June 25
PEREIRE.........DUCHESNE.SATURDAY, July 9
LAFAYETTE.......ROUSSAU..SATURDAY, July 23

Price of passage, payable in gold, (including wine.)
TO BREST OR HAVRE, First cabin, $140; second cabin, $75.
TO PARIS, (including railway ticket,) $145 and $78.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

American travelers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line avoid both transit by English railways and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

STEAM TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL AND LONDONDERRY.

THE ANCHOR LINE

Favorite Clyde-built passenger steamers are intended to sail as follows:

INDIA............June 4	DACIAN.........June 15
IOWA.............June 8	ANGLIA.........June 18
CAMBRIA.........June 11	SIDONIAN.......June 22

and every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY thereafter, from Pier No. 20 North River, at 12 o'clock, noon.

RATES OF PASSAGE PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.
Cabins, to Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry, $65 and $75.
Excursion tickets, good for 12 months, $130.
Steerage, to Glasgow, Liverpool or Derry, $28; intermediate, $33.
Prepaid Certificates from these ports, $32.
Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Havre, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at very low rates.
Drafts issued payable at any bank in Great Britain and Ireland.
For further information apply on the steamers, foot of Dey-st., or at the Company's offices, No. 7 Bowling-green, New-York. HENDERSON BROTHERS.

FOR LIVERPOOL, (VIA QUEENSTOWN,) CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full-powered iron-screw steam-ships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY WEDNESDAY, as follows:

COLORADO, Capt. FREEMAN.....June 8, at 1 P. M.
NEBRASKA, Capt. GUARD.......June 15, at 4 P. M.
MANHATTAN, Capt. FORSYTH...June 22, at 1 P. M.
MINNESOTA, Capt. WHINERAY..June 29, at 4 P. M.
IDAHO, Capt. PRICE..........July 6, at 11½ A. M.
NEVADA, Capt. GREEN.........July 13, at 4 P. M.

Cabin passage, $80 gold.
Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 Broadway,) $30 currency.
For freight or cabin passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall-st.

FOR LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.—Inman Line of Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF BROOKLYN....Saturday, June 4, 9 A. M.
CITY OF BRUSSELS....Saturday, June 11, 1 P. M.
CITY OF ANTWERP, (via Halifax,) Tuesday, June 14, 1 P. M.

And each succeeding SATURDAY and alternate TUESDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$75 and $100	Steerage	$30
To London	80 and 105	To London	35
To Paris	90 and 115	To Paris	38
To Halifax	20	To Halifax, N. S.	15

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at reduced rates.
Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.
For further information apply at the Company's Office. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

NATIONAL LINE.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN, From Pier No. 27 North River.
STEERAGE PASSAGE
To Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow, REDUCED TO $28 CURRENCY.
THE QUEEN, THOMSON, Saturday, June 4, at 10 A. M.
FRANCE, Saturday, June 11, at 2 P. M.
ENGLAND, WEBSTER, Saturday, June 18, at 9 A. M.
VIRGINIA, ANDREWS, Saturday, June 25, at 9 A. M.
Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown: Cabin, $75 and $65.
Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow, $32 currency.
Apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

FOR LIVERPOOL FROM BOSTON.

Cunard steam-ship SIBERIA on SATURDAY, June 4.
Cabin passage, gold....$80
Steerage, currency....30
For freight or passage apply to JAMES ALEXANDER, No. 13 Broad-st., Boston, or CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA AND CHINA. FREIGHT AND PASSAGE GREATLY REDUCED.

Through rates, New-York to San Francisco:
First Class. $125 to $170. Steerage. $60.
according to location of berth.
These rates include berths, board and all necessaries for the trip.
Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, ON 5TH AND 21ST OF EACH MONTH, except when those days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.
One hundred pounds of baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendance free.
JUNE 4.—ALASKA, Capt. GRAY, connecting with CONSTITUTION, Capt. CAVARLY.
Steamer JAPAN will leave San Francisco July 1, 1870, for China and Japan.
All freight for San Francisco will go as fast, and be received until 4 P. M. Friday, June 3.
Freight for Central American and South Pacific ports will be received until 4 P. M. on Thursday, June 2, only. All the usual facilities afforded shippers in collecting inland charges, &c.
For freight or passage tickets, and all further information, apply at the office, Pier No. 42 North River. F. R. BABY, Agent.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.
REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month:
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. SLOCUM, June 23.
MERRIMACK, Capt. WIER, July 23.
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. TINKLEPAUGH, Aug. 23.
These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5, Bowling-green, New-York.

SAN DOMINGO LINE

FOR PUERTA PLATA, SAMANA AND SAN DOMINGO CITY.
The United States mail steam-ship TYBEE, Capt. E. A. DELANOY, Will leave Pier No. 4, North River, for the above ports on SATURDAY, June 4, at 3 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.
Sailing regularly every THURSDAY at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. R. ADAMS, June 2.
COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICE, June 9.
MISSOURI, Capt. J. B. EDWARDS, via Nassau, June 16.
For freight or passage apply to S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.

CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.
Atlantic Mail S. S. Co.'s steamer MISSOURI, Capt. J. B. EDWARDS, June 16, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 4 North River.
For freight or passage apply to S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

HAVANA, SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.

New-York and Mexican Mail Steam-ship Line—Sailing every twenty days, from Pier No. 17 East River. The new steamers
CITY OF MERIDA, Capt. DEAKEN, Thursday, June 2, 3 P. M.
CITY OF MEXICO, Capt. TIMMERMANN, Wednesday, 3 P. M., June 22.
For freight or passage apply to F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

FOR MOBILE, VIA FERNANDINA ROUTE.

THE NEW-YORK, FLORIDA AND GULF STEAM-SHIP LINE WILL DISPATCH THE FIRST-CLASS STEAM-SHIP MERCEDITA, Capt. STARKEY,
On SATURDAY, June 4, from Pier No. 29 North River, at 3 P. M. Cargo delivered without lighterage at Mobile.
Is now receiving. Has elegant passenger accommodations.
Insurance guaranteed at one and a half per cent. to Mobile.
Through Rates and Bills Lading given to Selma, Montgomery, and all points in the interior at LOWER RATES than any other line.
Passage to Fernandina, $20.
For Freight or Passage apply to J. F. PATTERSON, Agent, No. 177 West-st., or to R. H. DRUMMOND & CO., No. 94 Wall-st.
Mobile Agents, A. J. INGERSOLL & CO.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can afford the expense of a courier, should never leave Paris without one; their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from multiplicity of cares and troubles respecting passports, examination and conveyance of luggage; in securing the best accommodation, in protecting the traveler from imposition, and an infinity of annoyances to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 3 Rue d'Alger, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

SHIPPING.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA., AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE STEAM-SHIPS, AND CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.
GREAT REDUCTION IN PASSENGER RATES TO ALL POINTS IN THE INTERIOR.
FOUR STEAMERS A WEEK,
TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY.
THE STEAM-SHIPS
GENERAL BARNES, Capt. MALLORY, THURSDAY, June 2, from Pier No. 36 North River, at 3 P. M. LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, No. 88 Liberty-st.
SAN JACINTO, Capt. ATKINS, SATURDAY, June 4, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M. WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green.
HUNTSVILLE, Capt. CROWELL, SATURDAY, June 4, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M. R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st.
VIRGO, Capt. BULKLEY, TUESDAY, June 7, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M. MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents, Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 305 Broadway.

STEAMBOATS.

STONINGTON LINE.

TO BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE,
GREAT INSIDE ROUTE—SHORTEST AND MOST DIRECT.
Fare always as low as by any other line.
The new and elegant Side-wheel steamers STONINGTON and NARRAGANSETT, Capt. WM. M. JONES. Capt. GEO. B. HULL.
From Pier No. 33, foot of Jay-st., North River, at 5 P. M.
Arriving ahead of all other lines.
Tickets sold and state-rooms secured at No. 319 Broadway, corner New Pearl-st., and at Dodd's Express office, No. 944 Broadway. D. S. BABCOCK, President Stonington Steamboat Company.

NARRAGANSETT STEAM-SHIP CO.

FOR BOSTON, Via FALL RIVER, touching at NEWPORT.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS:
The world-renowned steamers BRISTOL, Commander A. G. SIMMONS, and PROVIDENCE, Commander B. M. SIMMONS, having been thoroughly overhauled and elegantly refitted, leave alternately daily (Sundays included) at 5 P. M., from Pier No. 30 North River, foot of Chambers-st.
GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT
On each steamer, every evening, by Hall's Celebrated Boston Brass, String and Reed Bands.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.

THE LARGEST AND MOST MAGNIFICENT RIVER STEAMERS IN THE WORLD.
The ST. JOHN, DREW, and DEAN RICHMOND.
One of the above steamers will leave Pier No. 41 North River, EVERY AFTERNOON (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock, arriving at Albany in time to connect with railroad trains West and North. Returning, leave the steam-boat landing at Albany on the arrival of connecting trains from the West and North. Through tickets can be obtained at the office on the wharf, and baggage checked to its destination; also, at Dodd's Express Offices, No. 944 Broadway, and No. 1 Court-st., Brooklyn.

NARRAGANSETT STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

NEW-JERSEY SOUTHERN RAILROAD LINE FOR LONG BRANCH,
Port Monmouth, Manchester, Farmingdale, Tom's River and intermediate points. The well-known steamers ANTELOPE and ARROWSMITH will leave Pier No. 28 North River, foot of Murray-st., as follows: For passengers, 9 A. M. and 4 P. M.; for freight, 7 P. M. Returning, will leave Port Monmouth, for passengers, 8:17 A. M. and 3:46 P. M.; for freight, 7:19 P. M., or on arrival of trains from the above-named points. JAMES FISK, Jr. President.

$2 TO ALBANY AND TROY.

The day line steam-boats, C. VIBBARD and DANIEL DREW, commencing May 31, will leave Vestry-st. Pier at 8¾ and 34th-st. at 9 A. M., landing at Yonkers, (Nyack and Tarrytown by ferry-boat,) Cozzens, West Point, Cornwall, Newburg, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Bristol, Catskill and New-Baltimore. A special train of broad-gauge cars, in connection with the day boats, will leave on arrival at Albany, (commencing June 20,) for SHARON SPRINGS. Fare $4 25 from New-York and for Cherry Valley. The steam-boat SENECA will transfer passengers from Albany to Troy.

STEAMER D. R. MARTIN.

Capt. JAY L. CLARK, for Huntington, Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Bayville, daily at 4 P. M., from Pier No. 37 East River, foot of Market-st., one block above Catharine Ferry, touching at 37th-st. at 4¼ for passengers only.

NEW ROUTE FROM NEW-YORK TO NEWPORT, R. I.—Open June 1, 1870, via New-Haven, Shore Line, and Newport and Wickford Railroads and steam-boat, also by Stonington steam-boats. Passengers by this line avoid the passage round Point Judith, and reach Newport in 8 hours from New-York, connecting at Wickford with the fine steamer EOLUS, passing 12 miles across Narragansett Bay in about 45 minutes. Leave New-York and New-Haven depot, 27th-st., at 12¼ noon, by express train; arrive at Newport at 8¼ P. M. Leave New-York at 5 P. M. by Stonington steam-boats, foot of Jay-st., N. R.; remain on boats at Stonington until 7 A. M.; arrive at Newport at 9¼ A. M. Will connect with night express train at 8 P. M. from New-York on after July 1. Returning, connect with day express train and Stonington steam-boats. For further particulars apply at depot of New-Haven Railroad, 27th-st., and at office of Stonington steam-boats, Pier No. 33 N. R. Fare as low as by any other line.
THEODORE WARREN, Gen. Passenger Agent.

SHREWSBURY, RED BANK AND LONG BRANCH.—The steamer SEA BIRD will leave New-York, foot of Warren-st., as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.		LEAVE RED BANK.	
Friday, 3d	6:30 A. M.	Thursday, 2d	7 A. M.
Saturday, 4th	11 A. M.	Friday, 3d	10:30 A. M.
Tuesday, 7th	9 A. M.	Monday, 6th	9 A. M.
Wednesday, 8th	10 A. M.	Tuesday, 7th	1 P. M.
Thursday, 9th	11 A. M.	Wednesday, 8th	2 P. M.
Friday, 10th	12 M.	Thursday, 9th	3 P. M.

TROY LINE FOR ALBANY AND TROY—LOW FARE—Only $1 50, being nearly $2 less than rail and 75 cents less than any route, and same reduction to Buffalo and the West, and to Saratoga and the North, from Pier No. 44 North River, north of Spring-st., daily, (Saturdays excepted,) at 6 P. M. Sundays, $2. Passengers by this route for Saratoga avoid the inconvenience of change of cars. Through tickets and baggage checked to all points. J. W. HANCOX & SONS.

FISHKILL AND CORNWALL.—Steamboat WALTER BRETT, from Pier No. 43, foot of Spring-st., TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 2 P. M., landing at Cold Spring; WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at 5 P. M., landing at Cornwall only. First-class accommodations for passengers. State-rooms for invalids if desired. Freight received every day, with ample room for horses and carriages.

POWER'S LINE FOR HUDSON—THE REGULAR LINE—The only line connecting with the Hudson and Boston and Boston and Albany Railroads. The commodious steamers NUHPA and REDFIELD leave foot of Christopher-street EVERY EVENING, Sundays excepted, at 6 o'clock. Freight taken at low rates. Fare $1; Berths free.

FOR HUDSON, ATHENS AND INTERMEDIATE PLACES.—The clipper steam-boat NEVERSINK leaves foot of Warren-st., every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 5 o'clock P. M., for the above places. Fare, $1.

NEWBURG, POUGHKEEPSIE AND RONDOUT—Landing at Cozzens, West Point, Cornwall, New-Hamburg and Milton. The steam-boat MARY POWELL (on and after SATURDAY, May 14,) will leave Vestry-st. pier at 3½ P. M. daily.

FOR BRIDGEPORT AND ALL POINTS on Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroads; fare $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 12 noon and 12 every night, (Sundays excepted.)

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND THE NORTH.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3¼ and 11 P. M. Train leaves the wharf, New-Haven, for Northern stations at 5 A. M.

FOR STAMFORD AND GREENWICH.—The steam-boat STAMFORD leaves Pier No. 37 East River daily at 3, and foot of 37th-st. at 3½ P. M.

FOR NORWALK AND DANBURY.—Steamer NELLY WHITE leaves daily, foot of Market-st. at 2:45, and 37th-st. at 3 P. M.

CARPETS.

SMITH BROTHERS,
SUCCESSORS TO
SMITH & LOUNSBERY,
AT THEIR NEW STORE,
NO. 738 BROADWAY.
CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS,
RUGS, MATS, MATTINGS, &c., &c.
NEW STYLES DAILY RECEIVED.
SOLD AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
GOODS MADE UP AND LAID AT SHORT NOTICE.

HELP WANTED.

WOOD ENGRAVERS WANTED.

Two good engravers wanted immediately to go to Western Pennsylvania. Apply by letter, inclosing specimens of work, stating pay expected, &c. Address ENGRAVER, Box No. 114 *Times* Office.

WANTED—AT BOOKHAM'S, NO. 335 4TH-AV., of all nations, all experienced, tidy young girls, and those lately landed; a number of professed and other cooks, nurses, seamstresses, laundresses, house-workers. Excellent situations ready.

WANTED—A BOY TO HELP A PAPER-hanger; none but those who understand the work need apply. Call at No. 447 Broadway, before 9 A. M.

WANTED—A GOOD SEAMSTRESS, WHO understands cutting and fitting; foreigner preferred; unquestionable reference required. Call between 9 and 11 A. M. at No. 7 West 38th-st.

WANTED—TWO RESPECTABLE COLORED women—one as cook, the other as waitress; both must thoroughly understand their business, and bring the best of references. Apply at No. 30 West 37th-st.

WANTED—FOR THE COUNTY, A GIRL TO cook, wash and iron for a small family; good City references required. Apply at No. [illegible] West [illegible]-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PERSON, a situation as first-class chamber-maid; best of City reference for years from her last employer; has no objection to go to the country with a respectable family. Can be seen for two days at No. 140 West 41st-st., corner of Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman as cook in a private family; is willing to assist with the washing and ironing; has the best of City references from her last place. Call for two days at No. 221 West 31st-st., between 7th and 8th avs., top floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION as chamber-maid and waitress, or chamber-maid and do plain sewing; no objection to go a short distance in the country; best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 134 West 40th-st., corner of Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT Protestant woman as good cook and baker; will assist in the washing if required; will go a short distance in the country with a family; City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., near 7th-av., first floor, front room.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO GIRLS; one as cook, and to do washing and ironing; the other chamber-work and waiting, and assist with the washing and ironing; understands fluting; no objection to the country. Call at their present employer's, No. 24 East 35th-st., between Madison and Park avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN THE COUNTRY as chamber-maid, or chamber-maid and seamstress, or would like to mind growing children; has first-class City reference. Can be seen at No. 206 West 33d-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT English girl, to do general housework or to cook, wash and iron, where they keep but one in help; good City reference. Apply at No. 130 Clinton-place, 8th-st., in the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SCOTCH Protestant woman as cook; understands cooking in all its branches; has no objections to the country; has good City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 145 Hester-st., between Chrystie-st. and Bowery.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT BY A DRESS-maker and seamstress, Protestant; can cut and fit, and operate on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine; by the day or week, in private families; reference. Call at No. 241 West 22d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation as first-rate plain cook; willing to do the common washing; no objection to go a short distance in the country for the Summer; good City reference. Call at No. 405 East 12th-st., corner 1st-av., for two days.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS PROTESTANT cook, a situation in a private family; would like to go in the country for the Summer; best of reference. Call for two days at No. 349 East 23d-st., first floor, front.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as chamber-maid and plain sewer, or would do chamber-work and fine washing; best City reference. Call for two days at No. 155 West 31st-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, WHO thoroughly understands her business, a situation as cook; can give the best of City reference; can be seen from 10 to 3. Call at No. 409 7th-av., between 32d and 33d sts., first floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN GIRL, Protestant, a situation as chamber-maid; can do plain sewing; wishes a situation in a private family; country preferred. Call for two days at No. 102 East 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG girl as chamber-maid and seamstress, or as nurse and seamstress; has no objection to go to the country for the Summer; best of City reference given. Call at No. 409 7th-av., between 32d and 33d sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as chamber-maid; native; has four years' reference. Call for two days at No. 229 East 45th-st., between 2d and 3d avs., second floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON, A situation as good cook, good washer and ironer in a private family; no objections to go a short distance in the country; good City references. Call at No. 344 West 26th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as competent chamber-maid and to assist in the care of growing children; is very kind and fond of children; refers to present employer, where she can be seen. No. 13 West 37th-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON, A situation as first-class cook in a private family; understands all kinds of nice cooking; would assist with plain washing if required; good City references. Call at No. 234 East 29th-st., near 2d-av.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT young woman, a situation as thorough waitress, or will take chamber-work and waiting; highly recommended; country or City. Call at No. 335 4th-av., new number.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT young woman, a situation as excellent cook; meats, game, soups of all kinds, pastry, creams, jellies; good baker; country or City; best testimonials. Apply at No. 335 4th-av., new number.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class cook; thoroughly understands her business; good City references. Call at No. 325 East 10th-st., first floor.

WANTED—BY A DRESS-MAKER, TO GO IN the country with a family, either to do family sewing or wait on a lady. Call or address No. 1,249 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG girl as chamber-maid, and to assist in waiting, in a private boarding-house; best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 488 6th-av., Room 14.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT woman, a situation as child's nurse; can take charge of a baby from its birth; has five years' City reference. Can be seen at No. 347 East 17th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman as chamber-maid and washer, or as laundress for a small family. Can be seen at No. 120 West 20th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman to go to Europe with a lady as maid, or take care of growing children. Call at her present employer's, No. 231 West 38th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, WORK BY the day; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine; good references. Call at No. 99 4th-st., first floor, between 1st and 2d avs., for two days.

WANTED—BY A SEAMSTRESS, TO GO OUT by the day; understands dress-making and Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine. Can be seen at No. 329 East 29th-st., third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A LADY'S maid; would like to go to the country; best of reference from last employer. Call at No. 135 Madison-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG Protestant girl, a situation as laundress; or will do chamber-work and fine washing; good reference. Call at No. 170 3d-av., near 17th-st.

WANTED—BY A FAMILY LEAVING FOR the country, a good situation for a capable cook; will assist with washing. Can be seen until Thursday noon at present place, No. 129 West 47th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT lady's maid; has references for five years from City and country; can run Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Apply at No. 49 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE COLORED woman, a situation to travel with a lady, or as child's nurse; best of City references. Call for three days at No. 211 West 15th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD German girl to do general house-work. Call at 127 Norfolk-st., between Rivington and Stanton sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl as cook; no objection to assist with the washing; good City reference. Call at No. 776 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG German girl as chamber-maid and waitress. Apply at present employer's No. 261 West 11th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as cook in the country; has the best of reference. Call at No. 101 West 24th-st.

WANTED—BY A GERMAN GIRL, A SITUATION as chamber-maid and waitress; best of reference. Call at No. 240 East 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class cook in a hotel or Summer house; no objection to distance. Call at No. 302 Mott-st., second floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation to cook, wash and iron. Call at 380 1st-av., second floor, back room; good reference.

A FAMILY LEAVING FOR THE country wishes to procure a good place for a capable chamber-maid, or waitress, now in their service. Apply at No. 5 West 22d-st.

SIMMS' OFFICE, NO. 132 WEST 30th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., supplies first-class colored servants, to fill every capacity, direct from the South.

MALES.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a young man who thoroughly understands his business; has the best of testimonials; will be found obliging; has no objection to go in the country. Address J. C., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GARDENER; A YOUNG married man without family, possessing testimonials of efficiency and good conduct, can address COUNTRY GENTLEMAN, Box No. 2,805 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RELIABLE single young man as coachman; is a good groom and careful driver; also, a good vegetable gardener; can milk; has the best reference; country preferred. Address C. G., Box No. 191 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a steady, sober man, who fully understands his business; can milk; is willing and obliging; not afraid to work; no objection to the country. Address M. C., Box No. 215 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a man who thoroughly understands his business; is a good City driver; no objection to the country; best reference. Apply to Mr. HOOVER, No. 363 Broadway.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman and gardener; is willing to make himself useful; has the best of references from his last employer. Address JAMES M., Box No. 190 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class pastry cook, (Swiss;) ornamental bread and pie baker; he speaks English, French and German. Can be seen, or address T. St. N., at No. 114 Hester-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class cook in a private family going to Newport or some part of the sea-shore for the Summer; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 129 West 32d-st.

WANTED—A PORTER'S SITUATION BY A steady, sober man, seven years' experience from his last employer. Address J. M., No. 316 East 21st-st., for two days.

AN AMERICAN GENTLEMAN AND wife, without incumbrance, will take care of a house during the Summer or longer if desired; very best reference furnished; no compensation required. Address for one week HOUSEHOLD, Box No. 174 *Times* Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a respectable Protestant man; understands his business thoroughly; has lived with families of distinction both in England and Ireland, which his reference will certify; no objection to the country; good City reference. Address H. K., Box No. 211 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN, A situation as coachman; is willing to make himself generally useful on a gentleman's place; can milk, and would like to go to the country; good City reference. Address No. 58 West 15th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a steady, sober, industrious, middle-aged man, who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; has no objection to go to any part of the country; has the best of City references. Call or address MICHAEL DONOHOE, No. 158 West 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE SCOTCHMAN, A situation as coachman and groom, or plain gardener; thoroughly understands both branches; would go to Newport or elsewhere, if required; three years' first-class reference from last employer. Address J. G., No. 109 West 46th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young man, (Swiss,) a situation as coachman; is a good groom and driver; has a thorough knowledge of his business in all its branches; is willing and obliging; best City reference. Address COACHMAN, Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE young man as coachman; understands the care and management of horses and carriages, and good City driver; can show good recommendation from last employer. Address R. L., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MARRIED man, a situation as gardener; understands the care and management of horses; long experience in this country; fully capable of taking care of a gentleman's place; good City reference. Address A. M., Box No. 297 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a competent man of long experience in the care and treatment of horses; is a most competent groom and steady driver; five years' reference from his last place. Address L. D., No. 66 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LIGHT porter in a store or office, by a young man; has City reference; is not afraid to work. Address WILLIAM, Box No. 164 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT MAN, A situation as waiter in a private family in the City or country; best City reference from last place. Inquire for B. MOONEY, No. 900 Broadway.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a Protestant man, who fully understands his business in all its branches; no objection to country. Address J. T., Box No. 213 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a Protestant married man without incumbrance; a careful driver of long experience, and good reference. Apply at No. 90 Broad-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class waiter in a private family; understands his business in French and English style; no objection to the country; best City reference. Call at No. 107 West 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENglishman (single) as coachman; first-class experience, with best City reference. Apply for two days, at Club stable, No. 24 West 13th-st. M. J.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TEN FIRST-class farm hands—American, Scotch, English, Irish, Swedes and German, able-bodied, of good habits, at reasonable wages. Apply at 6 Bowling-green.

CLERKS AND SALESMEN.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A HARDware store by a young man with several years experience in the business. Address HARDWARE, Box No. 101 *Times* Office.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK AND PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD.

FROM NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD DEPOT, FOOT OF CORTLANDT-ST.
Change of hours, May 29, 1870.
For West Philadelphia, 8:30 and 9:30 A. M., 12:30, *5, *7 and *9:20 P. M., 12 night.
For Philadelphia, via Camden, 7 A. M. 1 and 4 P. M.
THROUGH TRAINS.
8:30 A. M., great Southern morning express for Baltimore and Washington; for the West, via Baltimore, and for the South, via Baltimore and via Washington, with drawing-room car attached.
9:30 A. M., express for Pittsburg and the West, with silver-palace cars, through to Cincinnati and Chicago.
12:30 noon, express for Baltimore and Washington, and for the West, via Baltimore, with drawing-room car attached.
*7 P. M. daily express, for Pittsburg and the West, with silver-palace cars, through to Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Louisville and Chicago, without change, daily.
*9:20 P. M., daily, great Southern evening express, for Baltimore and Washington, and the South-west and South via Washington, with reclining-chair car and sleeping-car attached.
FOR NEWARK, (Market-st. Station.)
6, 6:30, 7, 7:40, 8:10, 9, 10, 11 and 11:40 A. M.; 12 M.; 1, 2, 3, 3:30, 4:10, 4:30, 5:10, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 7:10, 8:20, 10 and 11:30 P. M., 12 night.
FOR ELIZABETH.
6, 6:30, 7, 8:10, 10, 11:40, A. M.; 12 noon; 1, 2, 3, 3:30, 4:10, 4:30, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 7:10, 8:20 and 10 P. M.; 12 night.
Tickets for sale at the New-Jersey Railroad ticket offices foot of Cortlandt-st., New-York, and in the depot Jersey City; at pier No. 1 North River, and Dodd's express office No. 944 Broadway.
F. W. JACKSON, General Superintendent.
F. W. RANKIN, General Passenger Agent.
*Daily.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.

Trains leave 30th-st. as follows:
8:00 A. M., Chicago express, drawing-room cars attached.
10:30 A. M., Special drawing-room car express for Chicago. No accommodation for way passengers except in drawing-room cars.
11:00 A. M., Northern and Western express, drawing-room cars attached.
4:00 P. M., Montreal express, drawing-room cars attached.
6:00 P. M., First Pacific express, with sleeping-cars through to Watertown, Syracuse and Canandaigua.
8:00 P. M., Second Pacific express, with sleeping-cars attached for Chicago via both L. S. and M. C. Railroads, for Louisville via Indianapolis, and for Buffalo and Rochester. This train will leave at 6 P. M. on Sundays.
11:00 P. M., Night express, sleeping-cars attached.
2:00 P. M., Hudson train.
7:00 A. M. and 5 P. M., Poughkeepsie trains.
9:45 A. M., 4:15 and 6:15 P. M., Peekskill trains.
5:30 and 7 P. M., Sing Sing trains.
6:30, 7:10, 8:50, 10 and 11:50 A. M., 1:30, 3, 4, 5, 5:10, 8:10 and 11:30 P. M., Yonkers trains.
(9:00 A. M., Sunday train for Poughkeepsie.)
WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.
NEW-YORK, May 23, 1870.

SOUTH SIDE RAILROAD OF LONG ISLAND.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
Commencing MONDAY, May 30, 1870, from Roosevelt and Grand sts. Ferries.
8 A. M., Mail and Accommodation to Patchogue.
10 A. M., Babylon Accommodation, and all Stations.
11 A. M., Rockaway Excursion. This train will be put on June 20.
3:30 P. M., Express for Patchogue, connecting with stages for Belleport, Fire Place, and South Haven.
4:30 P. M., Accommodation for Patchogue.
5:30 P. M., Accommodation for Islip, and all Stations.
6:30 P. M., Accommodation for Merrick, and all Stations; on Saturdays, through to Babylon.
8 A. M., and 3:30 P. M. Express connects with boat at Babylon for Fire Island.
All trains connect at Valley Stream for Rockaway, except the 5:30 P. M. from New-York and the 6 A. M. train from Islip.
The Company have erected extensive buildings on Rockaway Beach, for refreshments and the convenience of excursionists.
Tickets to and from the Beach, $1.
For further particulars, see large time tables.
C. W. DOUGLAS, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.

On and after MONDAY next, May 23, 1870, two express trains will leave depot corner of 26th-st. and 4th-av. as follows:
10½ A. M.—Railroad express.
3½ P. M.—Montreal express.
Sleeping coaches on night trains between New-York City and St. Albans, Vt.
J. C. BUCKHOUT, Superintendent.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOTS foot of Chambers-st. and foot of 23d-st., as follows:

Through Express Trains leave Chambers-st. at 8 A. M., 10 A. M., 5:30 P. M., and 7 P. M., daily. Leave 23d-st. at 7:45 A. M., 9:45 A. M., and 5:15 and 6:45 P. M., daily. New and improved drawing-room coaches will accompany the 10 A. M. train through to Buffalo, connecting at Hornellsville with magnificent sleeping-coaches running through to Cleveland and Galion. Sleeping-coaches will accompany the 8 A. M. train from Susquehanna to Buffalo; the 5:30 P. M. train from New-York to Buffalo, and the 7 P. M. train from New-York to Rochester, Buffalo and Cincinnati. An Emigrant train leaves daily at 7:30 P. M.

For Port Jervis and Way, *11:30 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. (23d-st., *11:15 A. M. and 4:15 P. M.)

For Middletown and Way, at 3:30 P. M., (23d-st., 3:15 P. M.;) and Sundays only, 8:30 A. M., (23d-st., 8:15 P. M.)

For Greycourt and Way, at *8:30 A. M., (23d-st., *8:15 A. M.)

For Newburg and Way, at 8 A. M., 3:30 and 4:30 P. M. (23d-st., 7:45 A. M., 3:15 and 4:15 P. M.)

For Suffern and Way, 5 and 6 P. M. (23d-st., 4:45 and 5:45 P. M.) Theater train, *11:30 P. M. (23d-st., *11 P. M.)

For Paterson and Way, from Twenty-third-street Depot, at 6:45, 10:15 and 11:45 A. M.; *1:45, 3:45, 5:15 and 6:45 P. M. From Chambers-street Depot, at 6:45, 10:15 A. M.; 12 M.; *1:45, 4, 5:15 and 6:45 P. M.

For Hackensack and Hillsdale, from Twenty-third-street Depot, at 8:45 and 11:45 A. M.; ‡3:15, 3:45, ‡5:15, 5:45 and ‡6:45 P. M. From Chambers-street Depot, 9 A. M., 12 M.; ‡3:15, 4, ‡5:15, 6 and ‡6:45 P. M.

For Piermont, Monsey, and Way, from Twenty-third-street Depot, at 8:45 A. M.; 12:45, †3:15, 4:15, 4:45 and †6:15 P. M.; and Saturdays only, †12 midnight. From Chambers-street Depot, at 9 A. M.; 1, †3:30, 4:15, 5 and †6:30 P. M.; Saturdays only, †12 midnight.

Tickets for passage and for apartments in drawing-room and sleeping-coaches can be obtained, and orders for the checking and transfer of baggage may be left at the Company's offices, Nos. 241, 529 and 957 Broadway; No. 205 Chambers-st., corner of 125th-st. and 3d-av., Harlem; No. 338 Fulton-st., Brooklyn; depots foot of Chambers-st. and foot of 23d-st., New-York; No. 3 Exchange-place, and Long Dock Depot, Jersey City; and of the agents at the principal hotels.

L. D. RUCKER, General Superintend't. WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass'r Agent.
MAY 2, 1870.

* Daily. ‡ For Hackensack only. † For Piermont only

REMOVAL.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY.—On and after MONDAY, May 30, the business of this Company will be transacted at its offices, No. 71 Broadway.
CHARLES P. HARTT, Treasurer.
New-York, May 30, 1870.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—BEAUTIFUL AND HANDsomely-furnished rooms, with large closets, hot and cold water, gas, bath and board for two gentlemen or gentleman and wife, for $15 and $20 a week, in the first-class house No. 149 East 51st-st., between Lexington and 3d avs.; fine Hall-rooms at $7 and $8.

TWO SINGLE GENTLEMEN MAY obtain pleasant rooms, with or without board, in a private family residing in [illegible], Brooklyn; convenient to ferries; house replete with modern conveniences; references required. Address, with name, H., Box No. 100 *Times* Office.

A LARGE, ELEGANTLY-FURNISHED second-story front room, replete with modern conveniences, to rent without board, to a single gentleman desiring superior accommodations; family private; reference required. Address EAST 19TH-ST., Box No. 138 *Times* Office.

A LADY WHO TAKES BUT FEW boarders has a parlor and bedroom on second floor to rent, to gentleman and wife; also rooms on third floor, to single gentlemen; references given and required. Apply at No. 25 East 9th-st.

A STRICTLY PRIVATE FAMILY in 12th-st., a few doors west of 5th-av., would rent a freshly-furnished room to a single gentleman; a light breakfast furnished, if desired. Address F. B., Box No. 28 *Times* Office.

A PRIVATE FAMILY OCCUPYING their own house, above 23d-st., near 5th-av., will let to a single gentleman a large room, with bath-room adjoining; with or without breakfast. Apply at No. 634 Broadway.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET ON second floor, to single gentlemen, in private family, at No. 45 East 18th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av.; reference exchanged.

NO. 278 4TH-AV., NEAR 22D-ST.—A private family having more room than they require, will rent, with board, delightful rooms, offering home comforts. Summer prices.

PARTIES DESIRING BOARDERS, in City or country, or those wishing board, can secure eligible places or parties by addressing or applying in person to Mr. GEDNEY, No. 878 Broadway.

A NICE FURNISHED ROOM FOR A single gentleman; first-class house and location; bath, &c.; price, $10 per month. Inquire at No. 218 East 10th-st.

NO. 31 WEST 16TH-ST.—TO LET—AN entire floor to first-class parties, either with private table or without board; highest reference required.

A PARLOR AND BEDROOM TO LET, newly furnished, without board, to gentlemen only. Call at No. 157 East 27th-st.

TO LET—WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD, rooms on second floor; private family. Address No. 147 East 27th-st.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS, NO. 149 Waverley-place—To single gentlemen; rooms very desirable; newly furnished; reference required.

PLEASANT NEWLY-FURNISHED rooms for gentlemen, or gentlemen and their wives. No. 24 West 30th-st.

NO. 55 WEST 12TH-ST.—MRS. GREGORY has a few rooms unoccupied, which she will rent with or without board; all first-class.

A SECOND-STORY FRONT AND back room to let, with or without board. Apply at No. 163 East 34th-st.

TO LET—IN A FRENCH FAMILY, WITH or without board, a furnished room, with hot and cold water, &c. Apply at No. 30 East 28th-st.

NO. 40 EAST 26TH-ST.—TWO OR THREE pleasant rooms to rent to gentlemen, with or without board, near Union League Club.

NO. 31 MADISON-AV.—DESIRABLE rooms with first-class board; house fronts the square. Terms moderate.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD FROM 1ST OF MAY.—Pleasant farm-house, well shaded, 80 miles from City, opposite Hyde Park, two miles from river; high land. Terms moderate. Address H. E., Esopus, New-York.

BOARD AT WEST POINT, FOR May and June, or the season. Address A. MEARNS, Sr., Highland Falls, Orange County, N. Y.

BOARD AT CORNWALL.—THE HOUSE open from May 1. JAMES G. ROE.

SUMMER RESORTS.

TAPPAN ZEE HOUSE,
NYACK, ON THE HUDSON.
This attractive Summer resort will be open July 1 for an unexceptionable class of boarders. For particulars address Rev. L. D. MANSFIELD, Proprietor.

OCEAN HOUSE,
NEWPORT, R. I.,
opens for the reception of guests on the 27th of June, 1870. Knowing the want and favoritism of pure filtered rain water for drinking purposes at Newport, the proprietor last Autumn constructed a reservoir with a capacity of six hundred hogsheads, so arranged that all the water used for drinking at the Ocean House will be drawn from this reservoir and filtered, thereby removing all impurities and affording perfectly healthy "drinking water."
Satisfactory prices for rooms given upon application to JOSEPH B. WEAVER, Proprietor, Ocean House, Newport, R. I., or St. James Hotel, New-York.

WEST END HOTEL,
FORMERLY STETSON HOUSE,
LONG BRANCH.
This elegant hotel will be opened on the 20th of June next, having been thoroughly renovated and repaired.
TERMS FOR BOARD, &C.,
Address SYKES, GARDNER & CO., Long Branch.

CHITTENANGO
WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,
Madison County, New-York. First-class hotel now open. Furnished cottages secured by early application. Drawing-room and sleeping cars, via Hudson River Railroad, at 8 A. M. and 6 P. M., without change. For illustrated circular, apply to Capt. WM. D. STEWART, as above, or C. H. OLIVER, No. 7 Beekman-st.

LAKE GEORGE
THE FORT WILLIAM HENRY HOTEL
Will be opened for Summer visitors June 1; persons wishing to engage rooms will please address "The Arlington," at Washington, D. C., or "Fort William Henry Hotel," Lake George. Drawing-room cars by Hudson River Railroad, going through without change. T. ROESSLE & SON, Proprietors.

NORWOOD HOTEL,
AT NORWOOD, BERGEN COUNTY, N. J.,
Forty-eight minutes from Jersey City, via Northern New-Jersey Railroad, foot Chambers-st.; fourteen trains daily; wide-gauge cars. Rooms large and airy; lighted with gas; also telegraph office. E. R. HOUGHTON, Proprietor.

COLUMBIA HALL,
Lebanon Springs, N. Y., will be open on the 15th of June. Transient board, $3 per day; $12 to $20 per week by the season. Send for a circular. HAZARD & CO., Proprietors.

GRAND UNION HOTEL,
SARATOGA.
Open for the season, WEDNESDAY, June 1.
LELAND BROTHERS, Owners and Managers.

HOXIE HOUSE.—THIS HOTEL IS SITUATED at Mystic Bridge, Conn., and is now open for Summer travel; is accessible in a few hours from New-York or Boston. The favorite resorts Watch Hill, Pequot House and Mystic Island are within a short distance. Yachting, rowing, fishing, bathing or pleasure driving are among its attractions. Terms on application. B. F. HOXIE, Proprietor.

THE PAVILION AT SHARON SPRINGS having been greatly enlarged since the close of the last season, will open for guests on the 8th of June. Passenger cars will commence running over the new railroad direct to Sharon Springs on the 15th of June, from the Susquehanna Railroad Depot, Albany. JOHN H. GARDNER & SON.

NEPTUNE HOUSE, NEW-ROCHELLE—Now open; seventeen miles per New-Haven Railroad; trains running most every hour. W. L. FISH.

THE EQUINOX HOUSE, MANCHESTER, Vt., opens June 1. Harlem through trains leave New-York at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M. for Manchester, Montreal, &c. Address F. H. ORVIS.

BOARD WANTED.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—ON THE Sound, within easy distance of the City; board for a gentleman and lady, two small children and two servants, in a farm-house where there are no other boarders; three or four rooms required; state terms. Address L. M., Box No. 109 *Times* Office, New-York.

BOARD FOR THE SUMMER WANTED, for a family of six persons, in a house where there are no other boarders, within twenty miles of New-York. Address with particulars, E. L. JORDAN, No. 158 Broadway, New-York, Room No. 11.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Northern District of New-York.—In the matter of the SARATOGA SELTZER SPRING WATER COMPANY, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—By an order of the Court made herein, I, the undersigned, will sell at public auction, at the Bottling House of the Saratoga Seltzer Spring Water Company, in the town of Saratoga Springs, in the County of Saratoga, on the 23d day of June, A. D. 1870, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, all of the right, title and interest of the Saratoga Seltzer Spring Water Company in and to all its real estate, embracing all its interest in those certain lots of land situate in said town of Saratoga Springs, and known as lots Nos. ten, eleven, thirteen and fourteen of the subdivision of Great Lot No. seven, upon the partition of lot No. twelve in the sixteenth allotment of the Kayaderosseras Patent; and also, at the same time and place, all of the personal property belonging to the said Company. By order of the Court.—Dated Saratoga Springs, May 24, 1870. FREDERICK ROWLEY, Special Receiver.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of PETER C. HARTOUGH, bankrupt.—Southern District of New-York, ss.—At the City of New-York, the 12th day of May, 1870.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate and effects of Peter C. Hartough, of the City of New-York, in said district, who was on the 7th day of January, A. D. 1870, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the said Southern District of New-York. MERRITT A. POTTER, Assignee, No. 30 Nassau-st., New-York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of MICHAEL MYERS, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Michael Myers, of New-York City, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon creditors' petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York City, the 24th day of May, A. D. 1870. RICH. WARREN, Assignee.
my26-law3wTh*

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager....Mr. LESTER WALLACK
SPECIAL NOTICE.—MR. WALLACK begs to announce
THE CLOSING NIGHTS OF THE PRESENT BRILLIANT SEASON,
which will terminate SATURDAY, June 4, and will present a series of attractive pieces.
THIS THURSDAY, June 2, (last time,) Tobin's comedy,
THE HONEYMOON,
(presented in its integrity.)
The characters by Mr. J. W. Wallack, Mr. Charles Fisher, Mr. J. H. Stoddart, Mr. J. C. Williamson, Mr. Charles Rockwell, Mr. J. W. Leonard, Mr. E. M. Holland, Mr. Peck, Mr. Quigley, Mr. Curran, Miss Madeline Henriques, Miss Louisa Moore, Mrs. Laura Phillips, Mrs. John Sefton.
FRIDAY, June 3,
THE RENT DAY and (last time) IS HE JEALOUS?
SATURDAY MATINEE, June 4,
AMERICANS IN PARIS AND TRYING IT ON.
SATURDAY EVENING (last night of the season,) Lovel's play (last time,)
LOVE'S SACRIFICE.
THE SUMMER SEASON,
WHICH COMMENCES MONDAY, JUNE 6,
will be inaugurated by the engagement of the popular actor,
MR. JOHN BROUGHAM,
who will appear in his own highly-successful drama, entitled
THE RED LIGHT;
OR,
THE SIGNAL OF DANGER.

WALLACK'S.

SATURDAY, JUNE 4.
MATINEE AT 1½ P. M.
Hurlbut's comedy,
AMERICANS IN PARIS,
And the comedietta,
TRYING IT ON.

BOOTH'S THEATER.

23d-st., between 5th and 6th avs.
THIS AND EACH EVENING DURING THE WEEK,
Will be presented a brilliant American Comedy in three acts, by Charles Gayler, Esq., entitled
TAKING THE CHANCES,
For the proper production of which the management have especially engaged
MR. J. H. McVICKER,
For whom the play was expressly written, and who will appear in his original character of
PETER POMEROY,
Supported by a superior cast.
In active preparation, A ROMANTIC DRAMA.
Seats secured SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE, at the box-office of the theatre, or at its branch ticket-office at the music-store of C. H. Ditson & Co., No. 711 Broadway.

WOOD'S MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE

Successor to Barnum's,
BROADWAY, CORNER 30TH-ST.
OPEN EVERY DAY AND EVENING.
Last week of the dramatic season.
Last nights of the WITCHES OF NEW-YORK.
FRIDAY, JUNE 3, MATINEE and EVENING.
Complimentary benefit to Mr. A. L. PARKES.
MONDAY, June 6, MARTINETTI Pantomimists.

THE GREAT MUSICAL JUBILEE

AT THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE COLISEUM,
during the week commencing
JUNE 13, 1870.
The Coliseum will be altered and enlarged to give accommodation for
TWENTY-TWO THOUSAND PERSONS.
The occasion will be notable for presenting the most important Choral Societies in the country, aggregating over
THREE THOUSAND SKILLED SINGERS.
A Grand Jubilee Orchestra of
FIVE HUNDRED AND FIFTY INSTRUMENTAL VIRTUOSI,
a magnificent ensemble of the Stars, Artists and Chorus of
SIX GRAND OPERA COMPANIES,
THE FOUR GREAT REGIMENTAL BANDS,
including GILMORE'S CELEBRATED BAND, of Boston, TWO HUNDRED BRASS AND REED INSTRUMENTS,
A COLOSSAL ORGAN,
together with numerous harmonic adjuncts which, it is believed, will make this
A MUSICAL EVENT
rarely equaled in the world.
BEETHOVEN CENTENNIAL,
to commemorate the centennial of the immortal composer. A
GREAT BEETHOVEN DAY,
devoted to the production of his greatest works, will form a feature of this the Grandest Musical Festival ever given in the world.
The personnel,
THE VAST ARRAY OF ARTISTS, THE MAGNIFICENT PROGRAMMES,
and the
DETAILS IN EXTENSO,
will appear in the morning and evening papers of
SATURDAY, JUNE 4, 1870.
The sale of seats will commence
MONDAY, JUNE 6.
C. W. EASTWOOD, Secretary, No. 8 Union-square.

TAMMANY ALHAMBRA.—14TH-ST.

THE PALACE OF THE WORLD.
SIX NEW STARS. SIX NEW FACES.
First appearance of the great
PEDANTO.
The four dancing blondes. The grand ballet.
ALL THE FAVORITES REMAIN.
100 PICKED ARTISTS. 50 DIFFERENT ACTS.
SATURDAY, matinee at 2½. MONDAY, June 6, the GREAT MAFFIT AND BARTHOLOMEW.

GRAND COMPLIMENTARY TESTIMONIAL
TO
MR. EDWARD PAYSON WESTON,
THE GREAT PEDESTRIAN,
to take place in the Empire City Rink, 3d-av. and 63d-st., on THURSDAY, June 2, 1870.
On this occasion Mr. Weston has promised to accomplish the unparalleled feat of walking fifty miles within ten and a quarter consecutive hours. Mr. Weston will begin his arduous task at noon, terminating at 10¼ P. M. During the evening, to gratify the curious, Mr. Weston will walk one-half mile backward. Grand Promenade Concert, both afternoon and evening, by the Empire City Rink full Military Band. Admission, 50 cents.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN.

EVERY NIGHT.
THEODORE THOMAS'
POPULAR CONCERTS.

MUSICAL FESTIVAL AND BEETHOVEN CENTENNIAL.—SPECIAL NOTICE. Vocal Societies, Solo Artists and Conductors of Specialties will please send in the names of their Concert Morceaux immediately for the entire Repertory, as the programmes are to be arranged for publication on Saturday next.

PNEUMATIC TUNNEL UNDER BROADway. 260 Broadway, corner Warren. Open 10 to 5.

LECTURES

"THE SPIRIT OF LOLA MONTEZ"
Resurrected in the person of her daughter,
EDITHA GILBERT MONTEZ,
Who will lecture at
STEINWAY HALL,
THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 2, 1870,
ON
"EQUALITY OF WOMEN,"
And the wrongs of her distinguished mother,
LOLA MONTEZ.
ADMISSION, ONE DOLLAR.

MUSICAL.

A GREAT OFFER!!!

HORACE WATERS, NO. 481 BROADWAY, will dispose of ONE HUNDRED PIANOS, MELODEONS and ORGANS of six first-class makers, at extremely low prices, for cash, during this month, or will take from $5 to $25 monthly until paid; the same to let, and rent money applied if purchased. New Chickering pianos to rent. Monthly installments received for same.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PIANO CHEAP, call at MERRELL'S ware-room, No. 8 Union-square. Sold on installments or rented; customers suited; large stock; best makers; look before selecting elsewhere.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HENRY J. RAYMOND, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their office, No. 54 Exchange-place, in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of August next.—Dated New-York, the 24th day of January, 1870.
JULIETTE RAYMOND, E. D. MORGAN, } Administrators.
ja27-law6mTh

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Surrogate of the County of New-York, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against THOMAS H. GAYNOR, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at the office of Robert Gillen, Attorney, No. 80 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of August next.—Dated, New-York, the 3d day of February, 1870.
CHARLOTTE A. GAYNOR, Executrix.
EDWARD F. GAYNOR, Executor.
f10-law6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against SARAH DIXON, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his office, No. 63 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 25th day of June, 1870.—Dated New-York, the 16th day of December, 1869. AVERY T. BROWN, Executor.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against SAINT ROSE REYNAL, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his office, No. 67 Water-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 16th day of September next.—Dated New-York, the 14th day of March, 1870. JEAN PIERRE JULES REYNAL, Executor.
mh17-law6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WOOD GIBSON, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his office, at the store of Wood Gibson, Jr., No. 718 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 16th day of September next.—Dated New-York, the 16th day of March, 1870.
JAMES BLAKLEY, Executor.
mh17-law6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WATTS SHERMAN, late of the City of New-York and State of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his office No. 11 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 15th day of December next.—Dated New-York, the 31st day of May, 1870.

CLOTHING.

GENTLEMEN HAVING ANY CASTOFF clothing to dispose of can get a fair price by calling on or addressing JAMES KIRKPATRICK, No. [illegible] Pearl-st., near Chatham.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

Corner 23d-st. and 8th-av.
JAMES FISK, Jr.........Proprietor
The great spectacular and operatic romance, the
TWELVE TEMPTATIONS,
Now in its
SEVENTEENTH WEEK,
Increasing nightly in attraction, will be repeated
EVERY EVENING and SATURDAY MATINEE,
With its
RENOWNED SCENERY, GEORGEOUS COSTUMES,
EXTRAORDINARY MECHANICAL EFFECTS,
EXQUISITE MUSIC, GRAND MARCHES,
UNSURPASSED DOUBLE CHORUS,
MARVELOUS TRANSFORMATION,
With the latest sensation, the
PRISMATIC SHOWER.
Seats secured TEN days in advance at the box-office; also at Schrimer's, No. 701 Broadway, and Erie Railway ticket-office, corner 23d-st. and Broadway.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

Corner 23d-st. and 8th-av.
MUSIC FOR THE MILLION.
GRAND SACRED CONCERT,
SUNDAY, June 5, 1870,
by the famous Grand Orchestra, composed of
125 INSTRUMENTS,
which achieved such a brilliant success at the Academy of Music, on the occasion of the Promenade Reception of the
NINTH REGIMENT,
assisted by a powerful combination of
VOCAL TALENT.
Conductor.........MAX MARETZEK.
Admission, 50 cents.
Doors open at 7. Concert commences at 8 precisely.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATER.

Sole Lessee and Manager....Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY

LAST NIGHTS OF THE GOOD NATURED MAN.	SATURDAY MATINEE at 1. Last GOOD NATURED MAN MATINEE. SATURDAY EVENING at 8, benefit of L. F. HARRISON. Last time but one of THE GOOD NATURED MAN. MONDAY, June 6, benefit of Mr. JAMES ROBERTS, (scenic artist,) and last of THE GOOD NATURED MAN.

TUESDAY, JUNE 7,
First night of
FERNANDE,
The Reigning
PARISIAN SENSATION.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessees and Managers......JARRETT & PALMER
LAST WEEK OF THE
LYDIA THOMPSON TROUPE.
LAST NIGHT OF THE FORTY THIEVES
AND THE
PRETTY HORSE-BREAKER.
FRIDAY, June 3, complimentary benefit to Miss LYDIA THOMPSON, when she will appear in IXION and the LITTLE REBEL.
MATINEE SATURDAY, at 2 o'clock,
IXION AND LITTLE REBEL.
MONDAY, June 6, will be presented, for the first time in New-York, a great military drama entitled
NOT GUILTY.
New company, scenery, effects, music, uniforms, regimental band of the Fifth Infantry, 150 soldiers, marches, drills, drum-corps, &c., &c.

THE FRENCH THEATER—FECHTER.

POSITIVELY LAST NIGHT BUT ONE OF THE FAREWELL SEASON.
MR. CHARLES FECHTER
IN HIS TWO GREAT PARTS,
IN THE CORSICAN BROTHERS,
which will be preceded by the
SHEEP IN WOLF'S CLOTHING.
MISS LECLERCQ..........as....ANNE CAREW
LITTLE MINNIE MADDEN....as..........SYBIL
SATURDAY, JUNE 4,
MR. FECHTER
will appear at a final farewell and only matinee,
IN THE CORSICAN BROTHERS.
The same evening, his last appearance
IN THE LADY OF LYONS.

OLYMPIC THEATER.

THE UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS OF THE AGE.
MRS. JAMES A. OATES
and her
POPULAR BURLESQUE TROUPE.
THREE HOURS OF FUN AND MUSIC.
THE FAIR ONE WITH THE BLONDE WIG
EVERY EVENING.
WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY MATINEES at 2.

BOWERY THEATER.

FAREWELL BENEFIT OF Mr. W. H. WHALLEY. Grand Convention of Dramatic and Musical artists, never equaled in America. An Olio of surpassing brilliance by thirty performers. LA TOUR DE NESLE. A FARCE. MAT O' THE GLEN. TO-MORROW EVENING, TESTIMONIAL BENEFIT TO MR. JOE COBURN.

PRINCESS EDITHA, DAUGHTER of King Leopold and Lola Montez, Countess of Landsfeldt, will lecture at Steinway Hall this THURSDAY, June 2, 1870, at 8 P. M. Subject—*The Equality of Women and the Wrongs of her Distinguished Mother.*

TWO GREAT ART LECTURES BY COL. JAS. FAIRMAN.—May 31—*The Artist's Mission*; June 2—*The Artist's Work*; 8 P. M. Tickets may be obtained at door of church, at Carleton's, corner of Broadway and 25th-st., and at the office of the *Silver Tongue*, No. 143 East 23d-st.

MUSICAL FESTIVAL AND BEETHOVEN CENTENNIAL.—The personnel, the vast array of artists and the entire programmes will appear in the morning and evening journals of SATURDAY next, June 4.

THE TURF.

AMERICAN JOCKEY CLUB.

JEROME PARK.
The Spring meeting, 1870, Will be held on SATURDAY 4th, TUESDAY 7th, THURSDAY 9th and SATURDAY 11th June.
Four or five races each day, commencing at 2½.
Grand Steeple Chase, Hurdle Race, races of heats and dashes.
An immense number of horses in attendance, and splendid sport anticipated.
Extra trains from 42d-st., on Harlem Railroad, at 1 and 1½ each day. A. BELMONT, President.
C. WHEATLY, Secretary.

MEETINGS.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE.—A MONTHLY meeting of this Institute will be held this THURSDAY, June 2, at 7½ o'clock, at its rooms in the Cooper Building.
GEORGE PEYTON, Rec. Sec.

EXCURSIONS.

THE LARGE FIRST-CLASS STEAMboat SLEEPY HOLLOW, unequaled for speed, comfort, and safety, having accommodation for 2,000 people, is now open for excursions; also Dudley's, Myers', and Raritan Beach Groves, Alderney Park and Spring Hill Grove on the Hudson. Barges WALTER SANDS, WILLIAM MYERS, WM. J. HASKETT, MERCHANT and DURANT, with steamboats of all kinds if desired.
J. & E. MYERS,
Corner Morton and West sts., (upstairs.)

GRAND FAMILY EXCURSION TRIPS—Let your families have fresh air; go to Warren-st., Pier No. 29, at 10 A. M., and take the FLORENCE for Yonkers, returning at 1:30 P. M. Fare, 15 cents. Saturdays excepted. Sunday fare, 25 cents.

INSTRUCTION.

A HOME SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

AT GLEN COVE SEMINARY, GLEN COVE, L. I.
J. R. BURWOOD, PRINCIPAL.
Spring term commences April 4. Terms $300 per annum. Music and French the only extras. Right Rev. A. N. Littlejohn, D. D., visitor.

ABROAD.

A graduate of Harvard, and an experienced teacher, wishes to form a class of several boys, to prepare them for college while traveling in Europe; best of reference. Address W. A. L., St. Mark's School, Southboro', Mass.

AN EXPERIENCED GENTLEMAN of the highest respectability, about traveling for three months through Spain and Italy, offers to parents and guardians to take charge of one or two young men desiring to make a student tour for the purpose of instruction as well as amusement. Address Post-office Box No. 476.

CHILDREN.—A LADY IN A QUIET, pleasant home (no children) would like, as boarders, one or two children, to whom kind maternal care will be given; or two young misses, for whom first-class tuition will be provided; terms reasonable. Address Post-office Drawer No. 128, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding School for Boys. The school year will commence Sept. 14. For circulars apply to D. S. ROWE, M. A., Principal.

TEACHERS.

A YOUNG PHYSICIAN DESIRES A position as tutor of academical or medical studies; refers to Professors Rood and Joy, of Columbia College. Address Dr. N. B. E., M. D., No. 341 East 15th-st., New-York.

WANTED—AN ENGLISH LADY WISHES an engagement as governess; her acquirements are English, French, music and drawing; references given from families in this City whose children she has instructed. Address G. S., Box No. 114 *Times* Office.

DRY GOODS.

LADIES VISITING THE FASHIONABLE watering-places should provide themselves with
BATHING SHOES
at CANTRELL'S
No. 241 4th-av.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY OPENING THIS DAY.—Bonnets and Hats, elegant display; Neapolitan Hats; children's Hats, Materials. BINNS' new millinery, No. 647 Broadway, upstairs. Save this, avoid mistake.

MARBLE MANTELS.

DECORATED MARBLE MANTELS, wainscoting, furniture tops, &c., in representation of all foreign marbles, $15 to $1,000. Rich patterns black, engraved in gold. MIDDLEFIELD COMPANY, No. 1,289 Broadway. Branch ware-room, No. 427 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS.—Rich and elegant designs, from $[illegible] up to $250.
T. B. STEWART & CO.,
No. 605 6th-av., between [illegible] and [illegible] sts.

MARBLE MANTELS, GRAVESTONES, tiles, table and plumbers' slabs. Show-rooms with finest assortment of mantels. Prices reduced. A. KLABER, 134 and 136 East [illegible]-st., near [illegible], N. Y.

PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD.

Sixth Day's Session—Text-Books and Course of Study in the Seminary—Report of the Committee on Covenanting—The Bible in the Schools—Secret Societies.

The Reformed Presbyterian Synod reassembled in the church in Twenty-eighth-street at 9 A. M. yesterday with a full attendance of delegates. The report on the Theological Seminary at Alleghany was taken up, and the petition of a portion of the students of the Seminary asking that Turrettin be dispensed with as a text-book gave rise to a lengthy discussion, which terminated in a decision by the Synod that it was inexpedient to make any change in the text-books. There was also some discussion on the recommendation of the Committee that the term of theological study in the Seminary be extended to four years of seven months' session each year, instead of four years of five months' session as heretofore. The recommendation of the Committee was finally adopted, and it was further ordered that a student before entering the Seminary shall have completed a full collegiate course, or in default thereof, shall make up in the Seminary what is lacking of the full term in the college.

A Committee consisting of Prof. Sloan, Dr. Stevenson, A. M. Milligan, H. H. George and Dr. McDonald was appointed to the Convention called by the National Christian Anti-Secret Association, to be held in Cincinnati on the 9th instant.

The Confession and Covenant, as amended and adopted by the Synod on Tuesday, has been printed in form of a circular and was distributed among the members. It is as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON COVENANTING, AS ADOPTED BY THE SYNOD OF THE REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN NEW-YORK, MAY 30, 1870, AND THE FORM AS SENT DOWN IN OVERTURE TO PRESBYTERIES AND SESSIONS.

Confession of Sin.

Believing assuredly that in covenanting with God, and thereby binding our souls by oath to fear and serve Him, we do make a near approach into His august and holy presence, and knowing that they only are approved and accepted, who come with self-abasement, filled with shame and godly sorrow, and ingenuously confessing and forsaking their sin, according to that word, "If we confess our sins, He is faithful and just to forgive us our sins, and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness," (1 John, 1, 9,) we do now give glory to the Lord God of Israel, and make confession unto Him.

We do humbly and sincerely confess and lament that we have not duly valued and improved the unsearchable riches of truth and grace in the Holy Scriptures, by making them our constant, earnest and prayerful study, by accepting Christ in all his fullness of saving blessings, and by seeking for the Holy Spirit in His illuminating and renewing grace to apply to our souls the redemption of Christ, and thus reconcile us unto God, and make us partakers of everlasting life.

We acknowledge with shame, want of faith in God, and in the promises and threatenings of His Word, formality in religious services, pride, selfishness, vanity, conformity to the spirit of the world, lukewarmness, untenderness in our walk, and in our dealings with others, unwatchfulness, sinful security, and want of spirituality in our disposition and deportment. We are chargeable with remissness in the duties of the closet, the family, the prayer-meeting and the sanctuary. We have not hallowed the Sabbath by observing it with the care and sacredness required by the divine commandment. We have shown criminal apathy and unfaithfulness in that we have not cherished love for all men, and especially for the faithful in Christ Jesus, and in that we have not exhorted one another daily, and sought to promote the spiritual growth and holiness of the saints.

We mourn that religion has not been cultivated and practiced in our homes as it should have been. Parents have not felt in any adequate measure their responsibility for the salvation of their children, and in consequence family worship, reading the Scriptures in the household, instruction in the accepted manuals of the faith of the Church, and pleading the covenant and promise of God on behalf of our seed, are mournfully neglected.

We lament that, as professing witnesses for Christ, we have failed, in obedience to His command, to preach the Gospel to every creature, to make known His will and law among the nations, and to administer with fidelity the law and discipline of His own house. While property is hoarded up or wasted upon the luxuries and vanities of life, and in very many cases upon objects pernicious to both body and soul, means are wanting to make known the way of salvation in the dark places of the heathen. We confess and bewail our forgetfulness of the obligations laid upon us by the covenants of our fathers, in that we have often walked contrary thereunto, in not testifying fully and clearly in word and act for the claims of Jesus Christ, the Head of the Church and the Prince of the kings of the earth. We have sinned, too, in that while witnessing for social covenanting as an ordinance of God, binding under the dispensation of the Gospel, we have not as a Church in this country, by our own act, performed the duty.

We humble ourselves in the sight of the Just and Holy One, in view of the many and great iniquities of the land in which we live. The nation refuses to own its responsibility to God, and to the Mediator; to recognize the supremacy of the Bible in national affairs; and to countenance and encourage the true Christian religion. Atheists, infidels, and all classes of vile men, are made constitutionally eligible to the most responsible positions under the Government. Consonant with these essential defects, the history of the Government has been largely one of oppression and injustice toward its aboriginal and colored people, of iniquitous distinction of caste, while Sabbath desecration, prostitution of the oath, official corruption and dishonesty, profanation of the name of God, murder, drunkenness, excess and rioting, violation of the ordinance of marriage, vanity of apparel, sinful extravagance, lying and deceit, are become common and ordinary sins. These and all other transgressions whereof our people and land are guilty, we desire to acknowledge, and to be humbled on account of them, that all men may see that righteousness belongeth unto God, and shame and confusion of face unto us, as appears this day.

And because the promise of mercy is made to those who not only confess, but forsake their sin, we do resolve and engage before the Lord carefully to avoid, for the time to come, all these offenses, together with temptations leading thereunto; and to testify the integrity of our hearts in this resolution and engagement, and that we may be the better enabled in the power of the Lord's strength to perform the same, we do hereby give ourselves in covenant to God, to His Church, and to one another.

Form of Covenant.

We, ministers, elders, deacons and members of the Reformed Presbyterian Church in the United States, with our hands lifted up to the Most High God, do protest by this our oath:

1. That coming into the presence of the Lord God with a deep conviction of His awful majesty and glory, of His omniscience, His purity, His justice and His grace; of our guilt and total depravity by nature, and our utter inability to save ourselves from deserved condemnation to everlasting punishment; with renunciation of all dependence on our own righteousness, as the ground of pardon and acceptance with God, we receive for ourselves and for our children, the Lord Jesus Christ as He is offered in the Gospel to be our Savior—the Holy Spirit to be our Enlightener, Sanctifier and Guide—and God, the Father, to be our everlasting portion; we approve and accept of the covenant of grace as all our salvation and desire, and take the moral law as dispensed by the Mediator, Christ, to be the rule of our life, and to be obeyed by us in all its precepts and prohibitions.

Aiming to live for the glory of God as our chief end, we will, in reliance upon God's grace, and feeling our inability to perform any spiritual duty in our own strength, diligently attend to searching the Scriptures, religious conversation, the duties of the closet, the household, the fellowship meeting and the sanctuary, and will seek in them to worship God in spirit and in truth. We do solemnly promise to depart from all iniquity, and to live soberly, righteously and godly in this present world, commending and encouraging by our example, temperance, charity and godliness.

2. That after careful examination, having embraced the system of faith, order and worship revealed in the Holy Scriptures, and summarized as to doctrine in the Westminster Confession and Catechisms, and Reformed Presbyterian testimony, and, as to order and worship, justly set forth in substance and outline in the Westminster form of church government and directory for worship, we do publicly profess and own this as the true Christian faith and religion, and the system of order and worship appointed by Christ for His own house, and by the grace of God we will sincerely and constantly endeavor to understand it more fully, to hold and observe it in its integrity, and to transmit the knowledge of the same to posterity. We solemnly reject whatever is known by us to be contrary to the Word of God, our recognized and approved manuals of faith and order, and the great principles of the Protestant Reformation. Particularly we abjure and condemn Infidelity, under all its various aspects; Atheism, or the denial of the Divine existence; Pantheism, with its denial of the Divine personality; Naturalism, with its denial of the Divine providential government; Spiritualism, with its denial of the Bible Redemption; Indifferentism, with its denial of man's responsibility; Formalism, with its denial of the power of godliness. We abjure and condemn Popery, with its arrogant assumption of supremacy and infallibility; its corrupt and heretical teachings; its dogma of immaculate conception; its hostility to civil and religious liberty—to the progress of society in civilization and intelligence, and especially its denial, in common with infidelity, of the right and duty of the State to educate in morality and religion by the use of the Bible in schools enjoying its patronage and support.

Believing Presbyterianism to be the only Divinely-instituted form of government in the Christian Church, we disown and reject all other forms of ecclesiastical polity as without authority of Scripture, and as damaging to purity, peace and unity in the household of faith.

We reject all systems of false religion and will-worship, and with these all forms of secret oath-bound societies and orders, as ensnaring in their nature, pernicious in their tendency, and perilous to the liberties of both Church and State; and pledge ourselves to pray and labor according to our power, that whatever is contrary to godliness may be removed, and the Church beautified with universal conformity to the law and will of her Divine Head and Lord.

3. Persuaded that God is the source of all legitimate power; that He has instituted civil government for His own glory and the good of man; that He has appointed His Son, the Mediator, to headship over the nations, and that the Bible is the supreme law and rule in national, as in all other things, we will maintain the responsibility of nations to God, the rightful dominion of Jesus Christ over the Commonwealth, and the obligation of nations to legislate in conformity with the written Word. We take ourselves sacredly bound to regulate all our civil relations, attachments, professions and deportment by our allegiance and loyalty to the Lord, our King, Lawgiver and Judge; and by this, our oath, we are pledged to promote the interests of public order and justice, to support cheerfully whatever is for the good of the Commonwealth in which we dwell, and to pursue this object in all things not forbidden by the law of God, or inconsistent with public dissent from an unscriptural and immoral civil power.

We will pray and labor for the peace and welfare of our country and for its reformation by a constitutional recognition of God, as the source of all power, of Jesus Christ as the Ruler of Nations, of the Holy Scriptures as the supreme rule, and of the true Christian religion, and we will continue to refuse to incorporate by any act, with the political body, until this blessed reformation has been secured.

4. That, believing the Church to be one, and that all the saints have communion with God and with one another in the same Covenant believing, moreover, that schism and sectarianism are sinful in themselves, and inimical to true religion, and trusting that divisions shall cease, and the people of God become one Catholic Church over all the earth, we will pray and labor for the visible union of the Church of God in our own land and throughout the world, on the basis of [illegible]. Considering it a [illegible] of our profession to cultivate a holy brotherhood, we will strive to maintain Christian friendship with pious men of every name, and to [illegible] who pursue the [illegible]. And [illegible] securing this great end, we will by [illegible] application of the principles of truth herein professed, and by cultivating and exercising Christian charity, labor to remove stumbling-blocks, and to gather into one the scattered and divided friends of truth and righteousness.

5. Rejoicing that the enthroned Mediator is not only King in Zion, but King over all the earth, and recognizing the obligation of His command to go into all the world, and preach the Gospel to every creature, and to teach all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost, and resting with faith in the promise of His perpetual presence as the pledge of success, we hereby dedicate ourselves to the great work of making known God's light and salvation among the nations, and to this end will labor that the Church may be provided with an earnest, self-denying and able ministry. Profoundly conscious of past remissness and neglect, we will henceforth, by our prayers, pecuniary contributions and personal exertions, seek the revival of pure and undefiled religion, the conversion of Jews and Gentiles to Christ, that all men may be blessed in Him, and that all nations may call Him blessed.

6. Committing ourselves with all our interests to the keeping of Him in whom we have believed; in faithfulness to our own vows, and to the covenants of our fathers and to our children whom we desire to lead in the right ways of the Lord, and in love to all mankind, especially the household of faith, in obedience to the commandment of the everlasting God to contend earnestly for the faith once delivered to the saints, we will bear true testimony in word and in deed for every known part of divine truth, and for all the ordinances appointed by Christ in His Kingdom, and we will tenderly and charitably, but plainly and decidedly, oppose and discountenance all and every known error, immorality, neglect or perversion of divine institutions. Taking as our example the faithful in all ages, and most of all, the blessed Master Himself, and with our eye fixed upon the great cloud of witnesses who have sealed with their blood the testimony which they held, we will strive to hold fast the profession of our faith without wavering, in hope of the crown of life, which fadeth not away.

Finally, we enter upon this solemn act of covenanting before the Omniscient God, with unfeigned purpose of paying our vow. All sinister and selfish ends and motives we solemnly disavow, and protest that we have no aim but the glory of God, and the present and everlasting welfare of immortal souls. And our prayer to God is and shall be to strengthen us by His Holy Spirit to keep this our promise, vow and oath, and to bless our humble attempt to glorify His name and honor His truth and cause with such success as will bring salvation to our own souls, the wider spread and triumph of truth and holiness, and the enlargement and establishment of the kingdom of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ, to whom, with the Father and the Spirit, one God, be glory in the Church throughout all ages, world without end. Amen.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At the afternoon session a good deal of routine business was done by the Synod, of no general interest to the public. The most important action was the adoption, by an unanimous vote, of the following resolutions:

Resolved, 1. That the education of all the citizens of a State, particularly of a Republic, is a vital condition of good government and national prosperity.

2. That in order to secure the fulfillment of this condition, the Government must take the education of its youth into its own hand.

3. That as all truth is a unit, and as the truths of history, or science, or language cannot be correctly taught out of their relations to moral and religious truth, and as non-religious education, so called, must therefore be positively and necessarily anti-religious, the State as an educator must concern itself with morals and religion.

4. That while we protest against all sectarian education by the State, we also protest against the State's abandonment of her duty by the partition of the school fund among the various sects, and the transfer of her own proper work.

5. That inasmuch as the recognized standard of morals and religion among the American people is the Bible; inasmuch as every nation is not only bound to be religious, but also to perpetuate its religious character; and inasmuch as the education of future citizens in the fear of God and the knowledge of His law is important above all things else to the proper discharge of their duties as citizens, it is the right and duty of the Government to use the Bible in the public schools, and that we now give our voice, with that of the great Christian bodies of the land, against its expulsion.

EVENING SESSION.

There was a large attendance at the evening session, including many ladies. Three hours of the session were consumed in the discussion of a motion to rescind a resolution of a previous Synod suspending Rev. JOHN STOLL, of Indiana, from the ministry for an alleged scandal. A vote was finally taken and the motion was lost, a large portion of the Synod declining to vote on the ground of a want of full knowledge of the facts.

The report of the Select Committee on Secret Societies, condemning all such societies as deleterious in their influence, and disapproving all fellowship with them by members of the Church, was adopted.

The report of the Committee on Finances was read and adopted.

The report of the Board of Education represented that there were thirteen colored students from Mississippi, Georgia, Missouri, Pennsylvania and Ohio now being educated at Northwood, Ohio, ten of whom were supported by the Church. There had been $1,500 expended for this purpose during the year.

At a late hour the Synod adjourned *sine die*.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF.

NEW-YORK.

The proposals for constructing the Minnesota Division of the Northern Pacific Railroad, 228 miles long, were opened yesterday, at the office of the Company, No. 120 Broadway, corner of Cedar-street. The number was extraordinarily large. As soon as the proposals are classified, which will not be for some time, they will be separately considered, after which the contracts will be awarded. Some of the most experienced and well-known railroad builders and contractors in the United States and Canada are among the bidders.

There was a grand exhibition of goods at STEWART'S retail store, Broadway and Tenth-street, during yesterday and last evening. The "dome," which is situated in the southerly, or newest portion of the building, near Ninth-street, was the center of attraction. It was lighted up by 600 gas jets, and all around the octagonal structure were hung the choicest of textile fabrics. The most costly silks, tapestries, &c., of all shades and colors, were on exhibition. Prominent among these was a piece of Gobelin tapestry representing the entrance to the harbor of Marseilles, valued at $10,000. It attracted universal attention. Experts who were present said that probably no establishment in the world is able to exhibit such a quantity and variety of costly goods as were last night to be seen at STEWART'S. The exhibition will be continued today and this evening. About 10,000 people visited the store yesterday.

The arrivals at Castle Garden, yesterday, were the *City of Manchester*, from Liverpool, 812; *China*, Liverpool, 362; *France*, Liverpool, 1,414, and ship *Frihandel*, Bremen, 362. Total, 2,640. The *France* brought 712 Scandinavians. The baggage belonging to emigrants which have arrived during the past few days, has so crowded the dock that it is found difficult to dispose of it, but the employes of the depot are doing their best to pass and check for delivery the baggage as fast as it arrives.

WESTON today undertakes to walk fifty miles in ten and a quarter hours, including half a mile backwards, beginning at noon, at the Empire Rink. This is announced as a complimentary testimonial tendered to the pedestrian by a number of respectable citizens, who are pleased to notice WESTON'S avoidance of the disreputable class of jockeying walkers. The bill announced gives the walker a hard task, to accomplish which will be an achievement worth witnessing.

Collector GRINNELL had not returned from Washington yesterday; consequently, the revenue officers were in the same state of incertitude that they were in on Tuesday, with respect to the tenure of their office. The Collector is expected to be at his post of duty this morning.

The New-York Political Science Society have elected the following as officers for the ensuing term: Charles E. McBride, President; W. A. Stone, First Vice-President; Peter Herder, Second Vice-President; J. W. McLean, Secretary; Francis Karelsen, Treasurer; J. Arrowsmith, Editor.

The statistics about German immigration at this port during the month of May show that among the total number of 44,783 immigrants there were 16,163 Germans, against a total number of 50,280 immigrants, and among them 17,747 Germans during the month of May of last year. From Jan. 1 to May 31, 94,963 immigrants arrived at this port, and among them 34,030 Germans, against a total number of 101,619 immigrants, and among them 40,487 Germans during the same period of last year.

A number of German officers of the State National Guard of this City have resolved to give to the officers of the North-German man-of-war *Arcona*, now in port, a banquet at Ittner's Hotel, on the 7th inst.

At the store of Messrs. BROWNE & SPAULDING, corner of Broadway and Prince-street, three fine silk flags are on exhibition today, which are the work of Mrs. FRANCISCA KLEIN, of this City, and two of which are destined for German societies at Albany.

Drs. CUSHMAN and BEACH yesterday examined the bones found in the old building, No. 265 Rivington-street, and decided that they were portions of several bodies. The doctors therefore arrived at the conclusion that the bones had been operated on by anatomists, and were doubtless concealed where found to save the trouble of disposing of them otherwise.

HENRY PLANT, a sailor, fifty-six years of age, fell yesterday from the fore-yard arm to the deck of the steamer *Georgia*, lying at Pier No. 46 East River, and was instantly killed. The case was referred to the Coroners for investigation.

The Department of Public Parks announce that if the weather be fine there will be music by the Central Park Band on Madison-square, today, from 5 to 7 P. M.

JOHN IRWIN, alias Walter Muson, was committed for trial at the Essex Market Police Court, yesterday, for having a "jimmy" in his possession under suspicious circumstances.

The semi-monthly report of the Castle Garden Labor Exchange sets forth that from May 16 to May 31 there were 2,895 applicants for employment and 3,898 orders of employers for laborers. The number that obtained employment was 1,527, of whom [illegible] were females. The average wages for males was [illegible], and for females [illegible].

Memorial services in honor of the late Mr. WILLIAM W. CORNELL, President of the New-York Sunday-school [illegible], were held last evening at the [illegible] Church, Rev. [illegible], pastor, in the chair. Rev. [illegible] delivered an eloquent panegyric on the life and character of the late Mr. CORNELL. Rev. Mr. WAKELEY then spoke of his [illegible], his determination to be successful in life, and his struggles to attain that end. After some remarks from Rev. D. L. MARKS, the proceedings terminated with religious exercises.

At a stated meeting of Commandery of the State of New-York, Military Order, Loyal Legion, United States, at Delmonico's, corner of Fifth-avenue and Fourteenth-street, last evening, the following officers, elected at the last meeting for the ensuing year, were installed: Commander, Admiral David G. Farragut, United States Navy; Senior Vice-Commander, Brevet Major-Gen. Alexander S. Webb, United States Army; Junior Vice-Commander, Brevet Major-Gen. William H. Morris, late United States Volunteers; Recorder, Brevet Brig.-Gen. Charles A. Carleton, late United States Volunteers; Registrar, James E. Montgomery, United States Navy, Secretary (Lieutenant) to Admiral D. G. Farragut, United States Navy, late Major United States Volunteers; Treasurer, Brevet Major H. Clay Lockwood, late United States Volunteers; Chancellor, Surgeon James B. Morrison, (Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel,) late United States Volunteers; Chaplain, Chaplain William E. Thomas, late United States Volunteers; Council—Major-Gen. Samuel P. Heintzelman, United States Army; Surgeon Henry M. Wells, United States Navy; Brevet Major-Gen. Gordon Granger, United States Army; Paymaster Joseph C. Eldredge, United States Navy; Brevet Major-Gen. Rufus Ingalls, United States Army.

The Mariners' Temple Marine Temperance Society has its grand monthly rally this evening, at the "Mariners' Temple," a large and pleasant church, corner of Oliver and Henry streets. The musical department will be made interesting under the direction of Miss LYDIA DAVIS. The two young children LIBBY DAVIS and Master GROOM, will sing during the evening, and an address will be delivered by WALLACE P. GROOM, Esq. Master WILLIE, a lad of eight summers, will also make a temperance speech, and assist Misses LYDIA and LIBBY DAVIS in singing temperance songs. Seats free.

A meeting of the New-York Liberal Club was held last evening at their rooms in Third-avenue. Mr. HENRY WEHLE presided, and the question of materialism was discussed at considerable length by Mr. BAULCH, Mr. CHARLES MONAN and several other gentlemen. The main point under discussion was whether mind can exist in connection with matter. The Darwinian theory was seriously considered, and by some of the speakers, discussed.

It appears from the certificates of M. J. EVERETT, City Weigher, and of C. T. HARVEY, Chief Engineer, that on Tuesday a "trial car" passed twice safely over the section of the West Side Elevated Railway, comprising the bridge over Houston-street and northerly to Twenty-ninth-street, and that the car with its contents (iron) weighed 15,097 tons.

The German bookseller, E. STEIGER, of this City, offers a prize of $800 for the best historical sketch of "the independent, intellectual life of the Germans in North America, especially with regard to the German-American Press, and its influence on the development of public affairs in the Union."

A passenger by one of the emigrant steamers, who arrived yesterday, had a silk dress concealed in his pantaloons. Upon its discovery by the Custom-house Inspector, the would-be smuggler hid himself away in the hold and was among the last to leave the ship.

School Commissioner TIMOTHY BRENNAN has collected $1,000 for the benefit of the widow and nine children of Mr. JAMES B. TREANOR, late first assistant in the male department of Grammar School No. 29, First Ward. The amount was paid Mrs. TREANOR yesterday.

A man named WILLIAMS was charged before Commissioner SHIELDS, yesterday, on complaint of J. L. OBERWARTH, with having entered into a conspiracy with three other persons, for the purpose of defrauding a deceased Union soldier's mother out of $600, due her as pension money. The accused was discharged on his own recognizance. He will probably be used as a witness against his accomplices.

Col. WHITLEY, chief of the Secret Service Division, filed a libel of information in the United States District-Attorney's office, yesterday, against 7,000 Havana cigars, which, it is alleged, were smuggled into this port.

Mrs. W. B. FRELIGH appeared at the Tombs, yesterday afternoon, to obtain an order from Justice HOGAN for the recovery of her diamond ring from the Property Clerk. She has not had any of the other diamonds restored to her.

BROOKLYN.

An order was issued by Judge PRATT yesterday calling upon Mayor KALBFLEISCH to show cause on Saturday why a peremptory *mandamus* should not be issued to compel him to sign his name to the bonds issued for the first installment of funds required to carry on the work at Prospect Park.

The thirteenth game in the series for the championship of Long Island was played last night in the Billiard Assembly Rooms by ROBERTS and CAMPBELL. There are still two games to be played—one to-morrow night, between ROBERTS and UPHAM, and the final one on Friday evening, between KIRKBY and ROGERS. The game last night was the poorest that has been witnessed during the tournament. CAMPBELL was the victor, winning by 11 points. His average was 6 17-100.

T. B. JOHNSON, described as a professional pool-seller, of No. 246 East Forty-ninth-street, New-York, has been summoned before United States Commissioner JONES to answer to a charge of passing a $50 counterfeit bill at the Fashion Course on the 19th of May.

The Park Commissioners have furnished the $25,000 bail required pending the appeal from the mandamus issued restraining them from granting the Prospect Park Parade Ground for the use of New-York regiments.

Ex-Sheriff CAMPBELL entered upon his duties as Superintendent of Police yesterday, vice JOHN S. FOLK removed by the new Commissioners.

LONG ISLAND.

BALLARD, the Whitestone druggist, was found guilty on both of the complaints against him and sentenced to pay a fine of $10, imprisonment for thirty days, and give bonds of $250 to keep the peace, and also bonds of $250 to abstain from punishing or striking SARAH BURSH. His counsel, Surrogate COVERT, gave notice of appeal, and asked for a stay of proceedings. It was granted, excepting that the Justices demanded that the two bonds for his future good behavior should be given, and also additional bonds for appearance. Before deciding the case, Justice PROVOST called into the case for consultation, Justices QUARTERMAN and HAMILTON, of Flushing, who were of the opinion that the full sentences allowed by law should be inflicted. The feeling of the community is strongly against BALLARD.

Yesterday happy HARRY KEYES started on his third and last attempt to walk from Hunter's Point to Sag Harbor, a distance of 100 miles, on the line of the Long Island Railroad, in twenty-six hours. It will be remembered that two previous attempts have been unsuccessfully made. He started from Hunter's Point at noon, passed Jamaica (10 miles) at 2:25 P. M.; Mineola (19 miles) at 5:7 P. M., and Hicksville (25 miles) at 6:20 P. M. The stakes for which KEYES is walking is $500.

NEW-JERSEY.

In obedience to the order of the Postmaster-General, a mounted letter-carrier has been appointed to deliver the mail in the suburbs of Newark. This change dispenses with the services of three pedestrian postmen heretofore employed on that route. The advent of the equestrian man of letters will be heralded by his blowing a horn.

The trial of CHARLES W. JAY for libel upon DAVID NAAR, editor of the Trenton *True American*, was concluded in the Mercer County Court yesterday. The libel charged by NAAR, upon which JAY was indicted, consisted in the publication of an article in the *Union Sentinel* in which NAAR was charged with being the head of a board of pardon brokers. The jury found a verdict of guilty. Exception was taken by the counsel for the defense on the ground that there were thirty-two discrepancies between the written indictment and the printed libelous matter. The Chief Justice gave it as his opinion that these were fatal errors, and the case was ordered to come before the Supreme Court for argument next Tuesday. The decision will not be rendered until next November.

Yesterday afternoon the General Synod of the Reformed Church of America commenced its annual session in Newark at the North Reformed Church. About 150 members were present. After an organization had been effected, the opening sermon was preached in the evening by Rev. CHARLES S. SITT, D. D., of Kingston, N. Y., the President of the last Synod. Some preliminaries were then arranged, after which the Synod adjourned to this morning.

The Social Club, of New-York, played the Enterprise, of Brooklyn, at the Elysian Fields, Hoboken, yesterday, the game resulting in a victory for the Socials, on a score of 28 to 14. The same afternoon the American Club was victorious over the Friendship, both of New-York. Score—American 62, Friendship 27.

ARMY AND NAVY RECORD.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—A War Department order, issued today, enlarges the Department of the Lakes, by the direction of the President, so as to extend it to Ogdensburg instead of Lake Champlain.

Master Charles O. Allison is ordered to duty at the Portsmouth Navy-yard. The orders of Lieut.-Commander Charles McGregor to the Practice Squadron are revoked, and he resumes his duties at the Naval Observatory.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, June 1.—The market for American Securities and Bonds opened and closed quiet. The course of the market during the day is shown by the following table:

	11½ A. M.	1½ P. M.	4½ P. M.
Consols for money	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Consols for account, ex div.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
U. S. 5-20s of 1862	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
U. S. 5-20s of 1865, old	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
U. S. 5-20s of 1867	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
U. S. Ten-forties	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ill. Cen. R. R. Shares	110	[illegible]	110
Erie R. R. Shares	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
A. and G. W. R. R. shares	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

PARIS, June 1.—The Bourse opened dull—Rentes, [illegible], and closed firm—Rentes, [illegible].

FRANKFORT, June 1.—United States Five-twenty Bonds opened quiet at [illegible] for the issue of 1862.

LIVERPOOL, June 1—1:30 P. M.—COTTON—The market opened quiet and closed steady. Middling Uplands opened and closed at [illegible], and Middling Orleans at [illegible]. The sales of the day have been 10,000 bales, including 2,000 for speculation and export. BREADSTUFFS—The market is quiet. Corn, [illegible] ℘ quarter for European. PROVISIONS—Bacon firmer, but not quotably higher. Pork quiet. Lard quiet. Cheese heavy.

LONDON, June 1.—LINSEED-OIL firmer, but not quotably higher. TALLOW firm. SUGAR afloat quiet.

ANTWERP, June 1.—PETROLEUM opened and closed firm.

HAVRE, June 1.—COTTON opened heavy, both on spot and afloat; Tres Ordinaire, on spot, [illegible] ℘ cwt.

BREMEN, June 1.—PETROLEUM opened flat.

HAMBURG, June 1.—PETROLEUM opened quiet.

HAVANA, June 1.—SUGAR—Market buoyant; sales were made today on the basis of [illegible] reals ℘ arroba for No. 12 Dutch Standard. EXCHANGE—On London, [illegible] ℘ cent. premium; on United States, 60 days' sight, in currency, 9 ℘ cent. discount; in gold, [illegible] ℘ cent. premium; do. short sight, 6 ℘ cent. premium.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

CHICAGO, June 1.—EXCHANGE unchanged. FLOUR dull and unchanged. WHEAT quiet and easier; No. 2 at [illegible]; afternoon market unsettled; No. 2 [illegible], seller June; [illegible] seller last half month. CORN active and excited; sales No. 2 at [illegible]; [illegible] for rejected; in afternoon at [illegible], seller June; [illegible] last half month for No. 2. OATS active; sales at [illegible] for No. 2. RYE quiet; No. 2 at [illegible]. BARLEY dull at [illegible]. HIGHWINES dull at [illegible]. PROVISIONS dull and nominal. LIVE HOGS active; sales at [illegible] for Common to Choice. CATTLE moderately active; sales at [illegible] for butchers' to extra prime shipping steers. RECEIPTS—4,000 bbls. Flour, 20,000 bushels Wheat, [illegible] bushels Corn, [illegible] bushels Oats, 4,200 bushels Rye, [illegible] bushels Barley. SHIPMENTS—2,000 bbls. Flour, 26,000 bushels Wheat, 94,000 bushels Corn, 12,000 bushels Oats, 1,400 bushels Rye, 1,700 bushels Barley, 3,200 Hogs. FREIGHTS firm; Corn 7c., Wheat 7½c., by sail, to Buffalo.

ST. LOUIS, June 1.—TOBACCO active; Planters' Lugs and common Leaf, [illegible]; medium dark Leaf, [illegible]; fair to good manufacturing Leaf, [illegible]; good bright Leaf, [illegible]. COTTON quiet at [illegible]. FLOUR—Spring and low grades of Fall dull; other grades firm; Fall Superfine, [illegible]; Extra, [illegible]; Double Extra, [illegible]; Treble Extra, [illegible]; Family Brands, [illegible]. WHEAT dull; choice Fall lower; No. 2 Spring, [illegible]; No. 2 Red Fall, [illegible]; No. 1 Red Fall, [illegible]; Low to strictly Choice, [illegible]. CORN firmer; Mixed, [illegible]; Yellow, [illegible]; White, [illegible]. OATS firmer at [illegible]. RYE easier at [illegible]. WHISKY firm at [illegible]. PORK quiet at [illegible]. BACON—Order sales of Shoulders at [illegible]; Clear Sides at [illegible]. LARD nominal. CATTLE steady and unchanged. HOGS steady and unchanged. RECEIPTS—Flour, 3,500 bbls.; Wheat, 9,000 bushels; Oats, 15,000 bushels; Barley, 1,000 bushels.

OSWEGO, June 1.—FLOUR active and unchanged; sales 2,000 bbls. at $5 75 for No. 1 Spring; $6 50 for Amber Winter; $7 25@$7 50 for White; $6@$6 25 for Double Extra. WHEAT quiet and unchanged; No. 1 Milwaukee Club held at $1 20; No. 2 do. at $1 15. CORN quiet; nominally [illegible] for Western. OATS scarce. BARLEY inactive. RYE firm and quiet. CORN-MEAL, $2 30 for bolted; $2 20 for unbolted, ℘ cwt. MILL-FEED unchanged; Shorts, [illegible]; Shipstuffs, [illegible]; Middlings, [illegible]. Canal FREIGHTS—Wheat, 8½c.; Rye, 7½c., to New-York; Lumber, $4 25 to the Hudson. Railroad FREIGHTS—Flour to Boston, 63c.; to New-York, 48c.; to Albany, 46c.; Grain and Mill-feed to Boston, $4 30; to New-York, $4 30; to Albany, $4 00 ℘ ton. Lake IMPORTS—14,000 bushels Wheat, 6,600 bushels Rye, 7,000 bushels Peas, 158,000 feet of Lumber. Canal EXPORTS—728 bbls. Flour, 34,700 bushels Wheat, 17,500 bushels Corn, 9,500 bushels Rye, 3,335,000 feet Lumber.

CINCINNATI, June 1.—FLOUR firm and in good demand; Family, [illegible]. WHEAT firm, with a light supply; No. 2, [illegible]. CORN irregular; Ear, [illegible]; held [illegible]. OATS dull at [illegible]. RYE, [illegible]. COTTON dull; Middling, [illegible]. TOBACCO active; sales, [illegible] hhds. at [illegible]. WHISKY unsettled at [illegible]. PROVISIONS nominally unchanged, with nothing doing; holders ask full prices for all articles. EXCHANGE dull at par.

LOUISVILLE, June 1.—FLOUR unchanged. GRAIN unchanged. COTTON heavy; Middling, [illegible]. Bulk MEATS unchanged. BACON unchanged. WHISKY, [illegible]. PROVISIONS quiet. PORK, [illegible]. TOBACCO—Sales, [illegible] hhds., at [illegible] for Lugs, [illegible] for low to good Leaf.

MEMPHIS, June 1.—COTTON quiet at [illegible]; receipts, 242 bales; exports, 1,012 bales. FLOUR dull at [illegible]. CORN dull; Mixed and Yellow, [illegible]; White, [illegible]. OATS dull at [illegible]. LARD nominal. PORK dull at $30 50. BACON—Shoulders, 13½c.; Sides, 18c.

CLEVELAND, June 1.—WHEAT declining. CORN declining; No. 1 Mixed and Yellow, 90c.; No. 2 Mixed and Yellow, 88c. OATS declining; No. 1 State, 54c. RYE firm and unchanged. BARLEY dull and nominal. RESIN—Crude, $5 30 ℘ bbl.; 23c.@23½c. for Refined, ℘ gallon.

NEW-ORLEANS, June 1.—COTTON dull and nominal; Middling, 21¾c.@22c.; sales, 1,000 bales; net receipts, 457 bales; coastwise, 340 bales; total, 797 bales; exports, to Liverpool, 2,301 bales; to Boston, 727 bales; stock, 108,480 bales.

SAVANNAH, Ga., June 1.—COTTON in moderate demand; Middling, 21¼c.; sales, 250 bales; receipts, 464 bales; exports, to Great Britain, 308 bales; coastwise, 271 bales; stock, 25,708 bales.

GALVESTON, June 1.—COTTON—The cable news has caused buyers to withdraw from the market. Good Ordinary, 18¼c.; sales, 500 bales; receipts, 67 bales; exports, coastwise, 39 bales; stock, 26,304 bales.

MOBILE, Ala., June 1.—COTTON quiet but steady; Middling, 21c.; sales, 700 bales; receipts, 96 bales; exports, to Great Britain, 1,349 bales; stock, 23,422 bales.

WILMINGTON, N. C., June 1.—Spirits of TURPENTINE quiet but firm at 34c. RESIN quiet at $1 55@$4 62½; Crude at $1 50@$2 50. TAR dull and unchanged. COTTON firm; Middling, 21c.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 1.—COTTON dull, and but little doing; Middling, 21¼c.; sales, 50 bales; receipts, 297 bales; exports, coastwise, 508 bales; stock, 5,776 bales.

DETROIT, June 1.—FLOUR steady at $6 75@$7 25 for Choice. WHEAT unchanged. CORN weaker at 90c. OATS, 58c. for Western.

AUGUSTA, Ga., June 1.—COTTON dull and lower; Middling nominally 20¼c.@20½c.; sales, 140 bales; receipts, 30 bales.

NORFOLK, Va., June 1.—COTTON quiet; Low Middling, 20½c.; sales, 100 bales; receipts, 249 bales; exports, coastwise, 12 bales; stock, 2,012 bales.

[Advertisement.]

O'NEIL, the Fenian General, recrossed the line into Vermont to look after his hat, it is said; hence his arrest. We felt disposed to blame him for this at first, but when we came to consider that it was one of KNOX'S Hats he was anxious about, we look at it in a different light. Go to No. 212 Broadway, and get a KNOX Hat and be happy.

Weather Report.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, June 1—9 A. M.

Place.	Wind.	Weather.	Ther.
Port Hastings	N. W.	Hazy	77
Portland	S.	Clear	70
Boston	S. E.	Cloudy	65
New-York	S. W.	Clear	70
Philadelphia	S.	Raining	62
Wilmington	S.	Raining	62
Washington	S. E.	Raining	62
Fort Monroe	S. W.	Raining	62
Richmond	S.	Raining	68
Charleston	N. E.	Cloudy	78
Savannah	S. E.	Cloudy	79
Augusta	W.	Clear	73
Oswego	S.	Clear	73
Buffalo	W.	Clear	74
Pittsburg	N. E.	Clear	80
Chicago	N. W.	Clear	73
Louisville	N. E.	Cloudy	73
Mobile	S. W.	Cloudy	80
New-Orleans	S.	Cloudy	80
Key West	E.	Clear	81
Havana	—	Clear	82

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.

Nemesis	June 2	New-York	Liverpool.
Hermann	June 2	New-York	Bremen.
Union	June 4	New-York	Bremen.
India	June 4	New-York	Glasgow.
Queen	June 4	New-York	Liverpool.
City of Brooklyn	June 4	New-York	Liverpool.
FOR MEXICO, HAVANA, AND ASPINWALL.			
City of Merida	June 2	New-York	Vera Cruz.
Morro Castle	June 2	New-York	Havana.
Alaska	June 4	New-York	Aspinwall.
Tybee	June 4	New-York	SanDomingo

Foreign Mails Close at Post-Office.

THURSDAY.

For Europe, via Southampton and Bremen, by the *Bremen*, at 12 M.; supplementary mail for paid letters only on pier foot of Third-street, Hoboken, until 1¼ P. M. For Havana and West Indies, by the *Missouri*, at 2 P. M. For Hayti, (from Empire Stores, Brooklyn,) by the *City of Port-au-Prince*, this A. M.

Closing of Domestic Mails.

North, Poughkeepsie Way	5 A. M.; 2 P. M.
North, through via H. R. R. R. and New-York Central	5 A. M.; 4:30, 9 P. M.
North Way, via Harlem R. R., Chatham Four Corners	7 A. M.
East, via New-Haven	5 A. M.; 1:30, 6 P. M.
East, via Newport	4 P. M.
East, New-Haven Way	5 A. M.; 2:30 P. M.
East, Fall River, rail	5 P. M.
South, Through	7 A. M.; 7:30 P. M.
Philadelphia Way	7 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.
West Mail, through to Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Louisville, Indianapolis, Columbus, Chicago, St. Paul, St. Joseph, Salt Lake and Denver	7 A. M.; 3:00 P. M.
West Mail, through to Cleveland, Toledo, and by A. & G. Western R. R. to Franklin and Meadville, Penn., &c.	5 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.

Passengers Sailed.

JUNE 1—*In steam-ship Russia, for Liverpool*—Mrs. E. Prall, 2 children and servant, Miss F. M. Prall, Miss Anna Sprague, Miss M. A. Prall, Mrs. Hodge, Miss Grierson, Gen. R. B. Potter and wife, 3 children and maid; Geo. Beckett, Chas. Hoyle, Rev. J. B. Morgan, Isaac Jenks, Jr., W. G. Hopper, W. E. Moore, Mrs. Crabtree and son, Miss Louisa and servant, A. Mackintosh, G. Jenks, J. H. Walker, James Stern, Mr. and Mrs. M. Magoony, Jr., Mrs. and Miss Hoyle, A. Friedenberg, Mr. and Mrs. Mark Finlay, L. D. Newell, W. T. Florence, George E. Shute, Ph. Schulhoff, J. B. Nixon, D. E. Stewart, Prof. Henry, Miss Clymer, Miss Henry, Mrs. M. Doyle and child, R. W. Ferguson, T. D. Wilson, E. Lopez, A. Mehaffey, C. H. Jones, W. R. Penniman, W. Bunney, Lloyd Mayer, Dr. Chas. A. Pope, Mr. and Mrs. Pinkney, 2 Misses Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. Joel Wolfe, Miss T. Wolfe, Miss V. Wolfe, Jno. E. Trevor, A. G. Norwood, Mrs. A. G. Norwood, Miss Emily Norwood, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Washington, [illegible] Miss Worthington, [illegible] Mrs. G. W. Carpenter, 2 daughters and son, Miss M. P. Kingsford, Miss L. C. Kingsford, H. C. Southworth, J. L. Hill, Gen. F. McMaster, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Smith, Miss Cerry, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Clapp, Miss L. B. Clapp, H. Frank Clapp, [illegible] Miss D. Fischer, Miss Julia Flynn, Thos. F. Reed, Mrs. Robert McCloskey, Miss Reed, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Brown, Miss H. A. Brown, Miss Helen Brown, G. A. Brown, E. Brown, maid-servant, H. F. Adams, Mr. Cummings, Mr. Raymond, C. D. Borre, Mr. C. Baldwin, A. Pachini, C. F. Semadeni, Hamilton Hastey, Samuel McLean, James McLean, [illegible] Flint, R. H. Minturn, W. Fletcher, H. H. Woodward, A. Kohn, W. Corbyn, [illegible] Gilbert, Master W. Stevens, Edmund Pennington, and Mrs. W. C. Tibbals and child, Mr. and Mrs. J. Blake and maid, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Dexter, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Stevens, J. H. White, Geo. M. Dennis, Jonathan H. White.

JUNE 1—*In steam-ship Nevada, for Liverpool.*—Mrs. John A. Marsh and maid, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Crane, Judge Shea, Mrs. Geo. Shea, Thomas Dennistoun, John Baird, Mrs. Ann Kempton, Mrs. Gruber, Beverly T. Burton, Murray Bush, John Robinson, Rev. Dr. Hancock, Robert Lissolle, Jr., H. C. Lissolle, Miss Boyd, Mrs. L. Huntington, Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Van Sickler, Geo. Schenck, T. M. Becker, Rev. Mr. Payne, D. F. Elliott, Master Geo. Shea, R. C. Lewis, Alexander Lindsey, Miss Shea, Miss Alice Shea, Mrs. Scully, Mme. Assche, Rev. and Mrs. T. Bates, servant and 3 children, Rev. N. Barrows, R. S. Chandler, John Bonsfield, Mrs. John Bonsfield, J. F. Austin, J. S. Wesley, Miss Ella A. Field, Miss Bonsfield, Mrs. F. Greenfield, Miss Bessie Greenfield, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Moore, Rev. and Mrs. Dr. Ewer, D. W. Frith.

JUNE 1—*In steam-ship Aleppo, for Liverpool.*—Wm. M. Golden, A. Armes, E. F. Weeks, W. B. Cutting, Mme. Penson and daughter, Mrs. Boyd and nephew, Jno. D. Gribbon, Master L. Abey, Mrs. and Miss Abey, Mrs. F. Anscomber, Miss Louisa Selden, W. Purcell, R. S. Davis, Jno. Metcalfe, Geo. Cotton, H. Forbes, Manuel Troilton, Angel Toledo, C. Camara and son, C. L. Burr, Edwin Stair, R. H. Stair, Mr. and Mrs. James McQueen and child, M. Timmerman.

Passengers Arrived.

JUNE 1—*In steam-ship France, from Liverpool.*—Mr. and Mrs. Cook and daughter, Mrs. and Miss Taber, Rev. James Chew, wife and 4 children, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Masters, Mr. and Mrs. R. Kelly and child, Mrs. C. A. Lalor, Mr. and Miss Thornton, Mrs. E. Cooper and child, Miss Johnson, Miss Crichton, Miss Hallam and sisters, Miss M. Winslow, Miss White, Charles Crafts, F. M. Wilson, Charles Vivian, Mr. Wood, Mr. Meadows, R. C. Hayden, Wm. Clark, G. W. Goff, Mr. Hackman Schultz.

NEWS PACKAGES FOR THE PRESS.

Captains and pursers of vessels arriving at this port are requested to deliver packages addressed to the New-York Associated Press, only to parties exhibiting the written authority of J. W. Simonton, General Agent.

News packages for the *Journal of Commerce, Times, Tribune, World, Sun, Express, Evening Post, Commercial Advertiser, Staats Zeitung* and *New-Yorker Demokrat*, should also be delivered only to the same parties.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.....4 30 | Sun sets.........7 25 | Moon sets.10 20

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..9 55 | Gov. Island.10 44 | Hell Gate.12 06

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....WEDNESDAY, June 1.

Cleared.

Steam-ships Aleppo, (Br.,) Browne, Liverpool, C. G. Francklyn; Nevada, (Br.,) Green, Liverpool, Williams & Guion; Caledonia, (Br.,) Ovenstone, Glasgow, Henderson Bros.; Georgia, (Br.,) Fletcher, Quebec; South Carolina, Adkins, Charleston, H. R. Morgan & Co.; Novelty, Norman, Philadelphia, Wm. Kirkpatrick; Acushnet, Rector, New-Bedford, Ferguson & Wood; Nemesis, (Br.,) Billinge, Liverpool, C. G. Francklyn; Bavaria, Franzin, Havre and Hamburg, Kunhardt & Co.; M. Massey, Smith, Philadelphia, J. & N. Briggs; Mayflower, Tufts, Philadelphia, Jas. Hand; Brilliant, Holt, Plattsburg, E. Phillips.

Ships Chas. A. Farwell, Moulton, Frontero, Borland, Dearborn & Co.; Roodie, Davis, London, Tapscott Bros. & Co.

Barks Assunti, (Ital.,) Lauw, Cork or Falmouth; James Walsh, Bates, Matanzas, Waydell & Co.; Lavinia, Davis, Antwerp, Brett, Son & Co.

Brigs F. H. Odiorne, Sutherland, Little Glace Bay, G. H. Brewer; Herald, Grady, Cork for orders, George F. Bulley; H. F. Eaton, Reed, Gibraltar for orders, H. Baetjer; Sarah A. Holbrook, (Dan.,) Borstel, St. Thomas, Peniston & Co.

Schrs. Speedy, Lunt, St. Johns, N. F., George F. Bulley; Dandy, (Br.,) Bullard, Harbor Island, J. Eneas; Annie S. Gaskell, Gaskell, Washington, N. C., Overton & Hawkins; Wm. Lancaster, (Br.,) Seeley, St. George, Jed Frye & Co.; Mary D. Ireland, Ireland, Wilmington, N. C., E. D. Hurlburt & Co.; Carrie Walker, McFarland, Jacksonville, Warren Ray & Co.

Arrived.

Steam-ship France, (Br.,) Grogan, Liverpool May 18 and Queenstown 19th, with mdse. and 1,352 passengers to F. W. J. Hurst. May 22, no lat. &c., passed a Br. bark, bound W., showing signal H. P. M. F., (commercial code;) 28th, lat. 41 03, lon. 63 42, passed bark Richard, (N. G.,) from Antwerp for Boston; 30th, lat. 40 44, lon. 68 57, passed steam-ship Erin, hence for Liverpool.

Steam-ship Fah Kee, Steele, Bermuda 3½ ds., with produce and 27 passengers to J. N. Harvey.

Steam-ship Dirigo, Johnson, Portland, with mdse. and passengers to J. F. Ames.

Steam-ship Volunteer, Jones, Philadelphia, with mdse. and passengers to J. Lorillard.

Ship Dinapore, (Br.,) Wilson, Calcutta Feb. 19, and Sands Head 22d, with mdse. to Kirkland & Von Sach. Passed the Cape of Good Hope April 16; crossed the equator May 8, in lon. 36.30. Had light weather the entire passage.

Ship Marcia Greenleaf, (of Brunswick, Me.,) Bates, Newport, Eng., 41 ds., with railroad-iron to order—vessel to James W. Elwell & Co. Came a middle passage, and had light variable winds and squally weather, with torrents of rain; 28th, lat 46, lon. 13 10, sprung rudder and lower maintopsail yard; May 17, lat. 42 35, lon. 50 50, exchanged signals with steam-ship Holland, hence for Liverpool.

Bark Brasiliera, (N. G.,) Wiggins, late Wessels, Rio Janeiro 54 ds., with coffee to E. Pavenstedt & Co. Crossed the equator May 12, in lon. 38; has had fine weather the entire passage; April 28, Chas. Jackson, seaman, of London, died of fever and was buried at sea; Capt. Wessels died of fever at Rio Janeiro.

Bark Reunion, (of Boston,) Tucker, Buenos Ayres 48 ds., with hides, &c., to Miller & Houghton. Crossed the equator May 10, in lon. 40, and since had variable winds.

Bark Eugenie, (of Gibraltar,) Fletcher, Buenos Ayres 56 ds., via Montevideo April 6, with wool and hides to Chas. L. Wright & Co. Has had moderate weather the passage.

Bark Andes, (of Portland,) Sheppard, Matanzas 20 ds., with sugar to order—vessel to master. May 27, off Absecum, and encountered a gale from N. E., lasting 48 hours, and was driven as far S. as Cape Henlopen; lost 2 jibs and staysail.

Bark Abd-el-Kader, (of Boston,) Ryder, Sagua 12 ds., with sugar to Moses Taylor & Co.—vessel to master. Has been 6 ds. N. of Hatteras, with N. E. gales.

Bark Enterprise, (of St. John, N. B.,) McIntosh, Matanzas 19 ds., with sugar to order.

Bark Benedetto, (Ital.,) Cafiero, Naples Jan. 25, via Girgenti, 48 ds., with sulphur to Chamberlain, Phelps & Co.

Bark Medway, (of Liverpool, N. S.,) Cahoon, St. John's, P. R., 13 ds., with sugar and molasses to J. V. Onativia & Co.—vessel to Geo. A. Phillips & Collins.

Bark J. M. Morales, (of Pictou,) McPhail, Matanzas 18 ds., with sugar, &c., to Bird, Perkins & Job. Has had heavy E. and N. E. gales on the passage, and split sails, &c.; sld. in co. with bark Enterprise, for New-York.

Bark Mina, (of St. John, N. B.,) Holder, Montevideo 50 ds., with hides, &c., to Heney & Parker.

Brig Eledona, (of Halifax,) Smith, Matanzas May 16, with molasses to master. Had light northerly winds up to Hatteras; May 28, lat. 36 20, lon. 74, took a pilot from pilot-boat David Mitchell, No. 3, wind E. N. E. fresh and hazy; at 12 midnight tacked ship, wind blowing a gale from E., with heavy rain and a high sea; all possible sail was kept on the ship to work off lee shore; at 3 A. M. wind suddenly increased to a very heavy gale, and before sail could be taken off the ship the jib, foretopmast-staysail and main-staysail were blown away and lost and mainsail and middle-staysail split to pieces; May 27, wind light, made Chincoteague light; May 20, lat 36 30, lon. 74 30, passed a full-rigged brig, with loss of fore and main topmasts, bound N.

Brig Village Belle, (of Parrsboro,) for New-York, loaded; schr. F. H. Oakes sailed for Boston same time; schr. Mary Maria, Outhouse, sailed night of the 12th for Salinas to finish loading, and in going in run ashore, and was reported going to pieces. May 19, lat. 23 37, lon. 69 35, spoke brig Henry & Louise, hence for Port-au-Prince, 15 ds. out.

Brig Mary E. Leighton, Gay, Cardenas 16 ds., with sugar to Brown Bros. & Co.—vessel to Moss & Ward.

Brig Flor del Mar, (of Parrsboro, N. S.,) Pettis, Cow Bay 13 ds., with coal to J. F. Whitney & Co.

Brig L. L. Wadsworth, (of Eastport,) Bailey, Sagua 12 ds., with sugar to order—vessel to J. H. Winchester. Has been 7 ds. N. of Hatteras, with N. E. winds; sld. in company with brig Addie Gilmore, for New-York; May 19, in coming out of Sagua came in collision with brig Caroline, (of Baltimore,) carrying away her stern bulwarks, and she returned to Sagua for repairs.

Brig John Jeffery, (of Liverpool, N. S.,) Nickerson, Humacoa, P. R., 13 ds., with sugar to J. V. Onativia—vessel to Geo. A. Phillips & Collins. Has had fine weather on the passage. Left in port brig Trimana, (Fr.,) for New-York in 3 ds.

Brig Clara Agnes, (of Arichat,) Guion, St. Johns, P. R., 10 ds., with sugar to Sturges & Co.—vessel to Hatton, Watson & Co. Left in port brig Bertha, (Br.,) for New-York, ldg.

Brig La Cayenne, (of Halifax,) Doherty, Aux Cayes 14 ds., with logwood and coffee to Montell & Bartow. Has had light N. and E. N. E. winds the entire passage. Left in port brig Mary Le Blanc, for Boston, ldg.

Brig Argo, (of Lunenburg, N. S.,) Wamsbach, Aquin 16 ds., with logwood to Richard Thackeray. Left no vessels.

Brig Cacique, (Brazil,) Cintra, Rio Grande do Sul 54 ds., with hides to John Bento. Crossed the equator May 4, in lon. 39, and since had fine weather.

Brig Surf, Thompson, Sagua 12 ds., with sugar to order.

Brig Nicolaus, (N. G.,) Pfrempach, Lisbon 40 ds., with coffee to order. Has had heavy E. N. E. gales, with calms and thick fogs during the passage; May 20, lat. 32, lon. 70 20, spoke schr. Daring, from San Domingo for London, 4 ds. out.

Schr. Hamburg, (of East Machias,) Sanborn, Arroyo, P. R., 13 ds., with sugar to J. D. Rivera & Co.—vessel to Chase, Talbot & Co. Has been 7 ds. N. of Hatteras, with light easterly winds the whole passage; left in port schrs. Sabao, Lampson, and Ella M. Pennell, Mitchell, wtg. orders; schr. Jed Frye, Langley, ldg.

Schr. Race Horse, (of Newburyport,) Hughes, Baracoa 13 ds., with fruit to Dollner, Potter & Co. May 27, off Absecum, spoke schr. Seguine, from Bath for Jacksonville; 30th, lat. 38, lon. 73, spoke schr. T. J. Fraser, hence for Baracoa; was up to Barnegat May 27, and with a gale from N. E. lasting 48 hours, during which lost two jibs and was driven in the Gulf Stream.

Schr. Eva H. Lewis, (of Northport,) Lewis, Harbor Island 9 ds., with fruit to Joseph Eneas—vessel to B. J. Wenberg. Has been 6 ds. N. of Hatteras with moderate weather; May 26, lat. [illegible], lon. [illegible], saw [illegible] schrs. [illegible] for New-York.

Schr. [illegible], (of Georgetown, Me.,) Lowe, Harbor Island 11 ds., with fruit to James Douglas. Has been 5 ds. N. of Hatteras, with N. E. winds; left in port schr. [illegible], for New-York in 4 ds.

Schr. [illegible], (of Bridgeton, N. J.,) Mason, Caibarien 10 ds., via Delaware Breakwater May 30, with sugar to [illegible]—vessel to M. L. McCready & Co. Has had light winds the entire passage.

Schr. [illegible], (of Deer Isle,) Greenlaw, Baracoa 10 ds., with fruit to J. & T. Pearsall—vessel to B. J. Wenberg. Has had N. E. gales the entire passage.

Schr. T. D. Wilder, (of Philadelphia,) Holmes, Caibarien 9 ds., with sugar to F. C. Matthiessen & Wiechers—vessel to master. May 27, off Absecum, had a gale from N. E. and was driven S. of Cape Henlopen.

Schr. Petrel, (of Bath,) Curtis, Havana 13 ds., with fruit to Dollner, Potter & Co. Has had northerly winds and calms the entire passage.

Schr. Lotta, (of Baltimore,) Johnson, Arroyo, P. R., 16 ds., with sugar to Burdett & Pond—vessel to A. Abbott. May 23, lat. 31, lon. 71 20, spoke whaling schr. O. M. Remington, cruising, 20 ds. out.

Schr. Arcturus, (of New-Haven,) Goodsell, Harbor Island 11 ds., with fruit to master. May 22, lat. 32 14, lon. 76 15, spoke whaling bark Pacific, cruising. The A. is bound to New-Haven.

Schr. C. P. Young, (of Portland,) Richardson, Matanzas 13 ds., via Delaware Breakwater May 30, with sugar to Mason & Peneaut—vessel to Miller & Houghton.

Schr. Henry Parker, Parker, Georgetown, D. C., for New-Haven.

Schr. J. E. Daley, Wall, Georgetown, S. C., 11 ds., with lumber to M. L. McCready & Co.

Schr. Tryphenia, (of Nassau,) Gardner, Eleuthera 10 ds., with fruit to R. E. Hutchinson & Co.

Schr. Mail, Metcalf, Portland, Me., with lumber to Simpson & Clapp.

Schr. C. P. Edwards, Corson, Bath, with ice to Knickerbocker Ice Company.

Schr. Oliver Schofield, Disoeway, Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. John Mattier, Barlow, Savannah 10 ds., with lumber for New-Haven.

Schr. Deborah Jones, Baker, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. A. Predmore, Predmore, Jacksonville 13 ds., with lumber to master.

Schr. J. P. Wallace, Allen, Gloucester, with fish to Woodruff & Robinson.

Schr. Pearl, Harrington, Saco, with lumber to M. A. Wilder.

Schr. Alligator, McGregor, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. John Crockford, Davis, Elizabethport, for Fall River.

Schr. John Warren, McGar, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. New-Zealand, Cook, Elizabethport, for Newburyport.

Schr. Convert, Adams, Elizabethport, for Fall River.

Schr. Martha Nichols, Small, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Maud Webster, Wentworth, Elizabethport, for Salisbury, Mass.

Schr. C. H. Paynter, Hawkins, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Schr. S. W. Clark, Bell, Elizabethport, for Albany.

Schr. Emily, Morrill, Elizabethport, for Stamford.

Schr. Union, Slagg, Elizabethport, for Stratford.

Schr. Geo. F. Kane, Ward, Bridgeport, for Albany.

Schr. Evelyn, Berger, Stamford.

Schr. Garland, Libby, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Entire, Hennor, Elizabethport, for Fall River.

Schr. Regent, Evans, Virginia.

Schr. F. P. Goodwin, Waterbury, Stamford.

Schr. J. G. Pierson, Ferris, Stamford.

Schr. Pointer, Nichols, Providence.

Schr. Sinaloa, Steele, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Rene, Foster, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Cherub, Johnson, Elizabethport, for Lynn.

Schr. Seraph, Bissell, Elizabethport, for Lynn.

Schr. Henry Cole, Peterson, Virginia.

Schr. H. Booth, Longstreet, Virginia.

Schr. J. D. Sawyer, Soper, Georgetown, D. C.

BELOW—Brig Robert, from Portland for Havana; was struck by a squall on the 6th ult. and totally dismasted, and lost one man overboard. By pilot-boat Washington, No. 22.

WIND—Sundown—Light, S., cloudy.

Sailed.

Steam-ships Russia and Aleppo, for Liverpool; South Carolina, for Charleston; ships Marianna VI., for Lisbon; Charles A. Farwell, for Frontera; bark Azelia, for Gibraltar; brig Nimwaukie, for Oporto; steamships Britannia for Glasgow, Nevada for Liverpool.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Mass., June 1.—Arr. barks Emma F. Secor, Liverpool; Martha A. McNeil, New-Orleans; brig Poinsett, Philadelphia; schr. M. Lawrence, Charleston.

Sld. steam-ship Palmyra, for New-York.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 1.—Arr. Brig Mary Rice, Baltimore; schrs. David Wassen, New-York; Addie Fuller, New-York.

FORTRESS MONROE, June 1.—Passed in for Baltimore, bark Manitou, Humacoa; brigs Prairie Bird, West Indies; Wild Horse, Matanzas; schr. Catawamteak, Mayaguez.

HOLMES' HOLE, May 30—A. M.—Arr. schrs. Gentile, New-York, Rockland; Guiding Star, (Br.,) do., Halifax; James S. Hewett, Newburg, N. Y., for Boston; General Warren, Hoboken, Bath; J. B. Clayton, Elizabethport, Weymouth; J. B. Allen, Nantucket, Philadelphia.

Passed by—bark Rosina, Singapore 103 ds., for Boston.

Sld. brig Rollerson; schrs. Maud Malloch, Ella, F. J. Cummings, Enterprise, Iona, James Lawrence, Golden Eagle, Flight, S. D. Hart, D. H. Bisbee, J. B. Allen and Guiding Star, (Br.)

P. M.—Arr. brig Rocky Glen, New-Orleans, via S. W. Pass 26 ds., Boston; schrs. J. P. Wyman, Cape Haytien, via New-London, for Boston; Jane, Elizabethport, Boston; Emma F. Prindle, New-York, Boston.

Sld. schr. General Warren.

30th, A. M.—Arr. brig James Murchie, Shulee, N.S., for New-York. This morning off the East Chop, was in collision with the schr. Lacon, of Calais, and had bowsprit sprung and jib-boom broken, damage to schr. trifling; also arr. schrs. George Savage, Port Johnson, for Salem; Mary A., New-York, do.; Pioneer, (Br.,) do.; J. B. and F. L. Hoboken, Portsmouth, N. H.; E. G. Irwin, Baltimore, for Salisbury, Mass.; Lacon, Hoboken, Boston.

NEW-ORLEANS, La., June 1.—Arr. bark Ville de St. Lo, 107 ds. from Hong Kong, with 167 coolies.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 1.—Sld. steamer Japan, for Hong Kong and Yokohama, with $801,000 in treasure, $62,000 of which is for Japan; ship Cremorne, for Liverpool; bark River Thames, for Mazatlan.

Arr. ship Samuel Cearns, from Newcastle, N. S. W.

SAVANNAH, Ga., June 1.—May 31, arr. steamship Montgomery, New-York; ship St. James, Newport.

June 1, brig Valero, New-York; schr. Chimo, Richmond, Me.

Cld. schrs. Adelina, Portland; C. J. Palmer, Matanzas.

WILMINGTON, N. C., June 1.—Cld. steamer William P. Clyde, New-York.

Foreign Ports.

HAVANA, June 1.—The steam-ship George Cromwell sailed at noon today for New-York.

Spoken, &c.

May 22, lat. 31 40, lon. 76, spoke whaling bark Pacific, (of New Bedford,) cruising. Had taken 600 barrels of oil, and were all well.

May 27, lat. 33 45, lon. 72, spoke the brig Edwin Kennedy, (of and from Boston,) for Mobile.

April 21, lat. 49 59, lon. 11 30, spoke the bark Samuel D. Carlton, (of Boston,) from Cardiff for Hong Kong.

EUROPEAN MARINE NEWS.

Arrivals Out.

QUEENSTOWN, June 1.—The steam-ships City of Cork and Idaho, from New-York, arrived here yesterday on the way to Liverpool.

SOUTHAMPTON, June 1.—The North German Lloyd steamer Donau, from New-York for Bremen, arrived here at 1 o'clock this morning.

LONDONDERRY, June 1.—The steam-ship Hibernian, of the Allan line, Quebec for Liverpool, arrived at this port today.

7 Per Cent. Gold Interest

(FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX)

FIRST MORTGAGE

SINKING FUND BONDS

OF THE

West Wisconsin R. R. Co.

FIFTEEN YEARS TO RUN FROM JANUARY, 1870, AND CONVERTIBLE INTO STOCK AT PAR.

LAND GRANT OF OVER 1,000,000 ACRES FROM GOVERNMENT,

upon which, together with the Road and all its property, these Bonds are a First Mortgage.

EXEMPTED FROM TAXES UPON ITS LANDS FOR 15 YEARS.

70 MILES FINISHED AND RUNNING,

from which income is derived, with rapidly-increasing receipts.

An air-line from St. Paul's to Milwaukee and Chicago. These Lands estimated worth $8,000,000. Total amount of mortgage when Road is completed, $4,000,000. The Road is divided into four sections, and $1,000,000 Bonds are issued upon completion of each section. As these lands are sold, the proceeds are held by the Trustees as a Sinking Fund for the liquidation of the bonded debt. These Bonds, we confidently assert, are the safest and cheapest security offered in this market. The price at present is 90 flat, but will probably be raised in a few days to 90 and accrued interest. The coupons are payable January and July, making them the first year, with accrued interest and gold at 115, a 12 per cent. investment, and about 9 per cent. thereafter. Pamphlet, with full particulars, and map can be obtained at the office of

WHITE, MORRIS & CO.

BANKERS AND FINANCIAL AGENTS OF THE COMPANY, NO. 29 WALL-ST.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF

REAL BRONZE

DOOR KNOBS AND TRIMMINGS.

These goods are cast in PURE BRONZE METAL by a newly-patented process of metallic compression, from patterns elegantly engraved and chased, and the work is so PERFECT, combining both beauty and durability, that we confidently offer them to the public as an article superior to any heretofore made, either in America or abroad.

RUSSELL & ERWIN MANUF'G COMPANY,
Nos. 45 and 47 Chambers-st.

POMEROY'S

"FINGER-PAD" TRUSS.

So called because it imitates the pressure of the human finger in retaining a rupture or hernia. Awarded the first premium of the American Institute in October last. Call and examine, or send for descriptive pamphlet.

W. POMEROY & CO.,
No. 544 Broadway, New-York.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY OF CUBA.—Prizes paid in gold, information furnished, highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO., bankers, No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

COMPOSITE

Iron Works Co.

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(FORMERLY CHASE & CO.,)

EXCLUSIVE MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT COMPOSITE IRON-WORK,

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IMPROVED WIRE-WORK,

FOR BANK, COUNTER AND OFFICE

RAILINGS, LAWN, COTTAGE

AND FARM FENCES.

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IRON, ZINC AND BRONZE.

VASES, FOUNTAINS, STATUARY,

STABLE FITTINGS, &c.

No. 109 Mercer-st., near Prince-st.,

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SUMMER SUITS.

STOCK NOW COMPLETE.

PRICES LOWER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE.

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CLOTHING-HOUSE,

NOS. 70 AND 72 BOWERY, near Canal-st.

BOWEN & STONE,

Advertising Agents,

NO. 5 BEEKMAN-ST., NEW-YORK.

REPORT OF

GEORGE W. MILLER,

SUPERINTENDENT OF THE INSURANCE DEPARTMENT OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK,

OF HIS EXAMINATION OF THE SPECIAL CHARGES AGAINST THE OFFICERS AND TRUSTEES,

AND THE GENERAL CONDITION OF THE AFFAIRS OF THE

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF NEW-YORK.

This comprehensive and able document, containing a summary of the various charges which have been circulated in the community against the Trustees and officers of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, and their complete refutation by the highest authority in this State, may be had on application to the Company at its office, Nos. 144 and 146 Broadway, and will well repay perusal by all persons interested in this great institution. It should be in the possession of every policy-holder. The following brief extracts indicate the tenor of the Report.

"Very soon after entering upon the discharge of the duties of Superintendent of the Insurance Department, rumors came to my knowledge, soon followed by direct charges, of malfeasance in the management of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New-York. These charges were of so serious a character, presented with so much distinctness, and urged by such parties, that a thorough investigation into their grounds, and into the general state of the affairs of the Company, seemed by every consideration to be demanded. This Company had so long occupied such a leading position, the interests involved in its solvency and good management were so vast and extended, that while any unnecessary alarm was to be deprecated, it was yet due to the tens of thousands so deeply interested to know from some patient, faithful, official examination, the actual character of the management and condition of the Company. Every effort has been made to make the investigation thorough and complete. It has been continued through a period of about three months. Over six hundred foolscap pages of testimony have been taken, and the books of every description, as well as the assets of the Company, have been carefully examined. It is just and proper, before proceeding to detail the results of my investigations, to state a few facts in relation to the peculiar circumstances under which the examination was commenced and conducted. The principal party who had preferred charges of a specific character against the officers and trustees was Mr. J. W. McCulloh, who kindly furnished a copy of such charges, and who attended and participated in the proceedings throughout. Every facility for the fullest investigation was most cordially afforded to Mr. McCulloh and myself by the officers of the Company."

Here follows the charges *seriatim* and the finding of Superintendent Miller as to each, but the length of the document precludes the publication in these columns in detail. The concluding remarks of the Superintendent are as follows:

"Having undertaken the examination of the affairs of this great Company, (besides the special charges already considered,) I have continued it until, by a personal inspection of the assets, and a general investigation of the methods of business, as well as a review of the history of the Company, I feel prepared to declare as my opinion that the condition and standing of The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New-York is such as entitles it to the confidence of the public and the high position it has so long occupied; that it has acquired this leading and magnificent position, is most unquestionably in a great measure due to the efficiency, ability and fidelity of those intrusted with its management. It was organized by special act in 1842, and was the first mutual life insurance company of this State. The present chief executive officer, Mr. Frederick S. Winston, became its President in 1853, at which time the assets of the Company amounted to $2,016,776. The number of policies then in force was 5,773, insuring the amount of $17,556,123. On the 1st of January, 1870, the assets of the Company had increased to the enormous sum of $37,579,169. The number of policies then in force was 68,072, insuring $226,943,902. The income of the Company for the year 1869 was about $15,000,000. Of the assets over $27,000,000 is invested in bonds and mortgages upon real estate, all, except about $2,000,000, in New-Jersey, being upon real estate situate in this State. The assets of the Company were found to correspond with its annual statement thereof made to the Insurance Department. They are of the highest order of securities, and have been safely kept. It is a fact worthy of remark, that the strictest scrutiny into the management of this Company during the past sixteen or seventeen years, during which such a vast amount of business has been done and such immense sums of money have been received and invested, not one dollar is discovered to have been lost by the embezzlement, defalcation or breach of trust of any officer or trustee. It is perhaps not strange that such success should excite, not only generous rivalry in this great field of business enterprise, but also some jealousy as well as personal animosities and criticisms. It is to be regretted that in any case the officers or agents of one company should resort to a vilification of another company or its officers, with a view to advancing the interests of their own company or themselves. If there are charges affecting the standing of a company, or the legality of its management, seriously made upon *prima facie*, reasonable grounds, to the Superintendent, he will, as in this case, deem it his duty as soon as practicable to investigate them. In making these remarks, no reference is had to any company or person in particular. They are merely aimed generally at what I have conceived to be a pernicious practice. In concluding this report, I would say that I entered upon this examination, certainly not predisposed to extend any special favor to the Company, but fully determined to probe to the bottom all complaints, and, so far as I was able, to mete out equal and exact justice. This to the best of my ability I have done. Personal examination of the affairs of companies will be more frequent under the present than they were under the late administration of the Insurance Department.

"It will be gratifying if those examinations disclose no greater irregularities, nor cause more serious apprehensions for the future of the companies examined than this has done. If any of our life insurance companies are sound and reliable the Mutual Life must be one of them.

"I cannot close this report without expressing my appreciation of the indefatigable energy and research and the valuable assistance of Mr. J. W. McCulloh throughout the investigation, and my acknowledgments to the various officers and trustees of the Company for their ready compliance with all requirements and their general courtesy.

"In language which I have before used, I will only add, 'my examination has satisfied me that the Company has been managed with peculiar ability and integrity, and that its condition is eminently sound.'"

GEORGE W. MILLER, Superintendent.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
(INSURANCE DEPARTMENT,)
ALBANY, May 28, 1870.

AUCTION GOODS AT A BARGAIN.—Having bought out a part of the stock of the late firm of E. V. Haughwout & Co., I am now selling SILVER-PLATED WARE, CUTLERY, REFRIGERATORS, COOKING UTENSILS, CHINA and GLASS, and other House-furnishing Goods, at prices that will astonish the Danes. Come one. Come all. EDWARD D. BASSFORD, Cooper Institute.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

THIS STORE

WILL BE OPEN ON

THURSDAY EVENING,

FOR EXHIBITION AND FOR BUSINESS.

A. T. STEWART & CO.,

BROADWAY AND 4TH-AV., 9TH AND 10TH STS

UNUSUAL ATTRACTION.

EXTRAORDINARY COMBINATION OF PROFESSIONAL CELEBRITIES,

Next TUESDAY, June 7,

at the Matinee, WALLACK'S THEATER, for the complimentary benefit to be given

EDMUND FALCONER,

the dramatist and Irish comedian.